"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain, followed by clearing; colder to-day; fair Sunday; brisk west and northwest winds.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,362. * * * NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York. | Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark. | TWO CENTS.

STORM OF PROTEST OVER RECIPROCITY

Republican Regulars and Insurgents Join in Opposition to Concessions to Canada.

TALK OF SPECIAL SESSION

President to Insist on the Plan—Favorable Impression in Canada—Some Fear in Britain.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The indifference with which Senators and House members yesterday received the President's message carrying the terms of the proposed reciprocity agreement with Canada changed entirely to-day when the terms of the agreement became known. From both ends of the Capitol a storm of indignation has broken loose, and even at the White House, though Secretary Norton spoke optimistically of prompt affirmative action at this session, enough talk on the other side was heard to make it plain that with a Congress as at present constituted favorable legislation in the remaining five weeks of the session is out of the question.

Republicans of every shade of opinion, from the conservatives of New England to the radicals of the Middle West and the more or less regular brand of the Pacific Coast, are represented among the critics of the diplomatic efforts of the Administration. The strange thing about it is this very criticism in its sharpest form carries with it the most complete vindication of the Administration. The proposed agreement lowers or removes the duty on food products. Still more strangely the cries come loudest from the insurgents. They have spoke much against the high cost of living engendered under the extortionate tariffs of the past, but now that the tariff is materially lowered on food products which happen to be raised in their States, they raise the cry that the Administration is trying to "put them in the hole" by depriving their constituents of their just profits.

The threat of free wood pulp and print paper has set Maine by the ears, dairy products have frightened the rest of New England, fruit concessions have alarmed certain of the Far Western States, while a fall in duties on the farm products have frightened the insurgents of the Middle West out of all reason. The regulars, it must be said, in the general section represented by the insurgents, are for once joined with them in opposition to the Administration.

The Republican Senators are very outspoken in their opinion of the proposed changes. The Democrats, on the other hand, while admitting the merits of the agreement, are in general refusing to commit themselves in praise of the particular instrument sent them by the Republican President. A dozen or so of them, however, including such a conservative as Mr. Percy of Mississippi, strongly declare that the President has done a fine thing, and that legislative enactment should be pushed as much as possible.

Taft May Yet Gain a Triumph.

In the face of the Republican outburst, however, there is an undercurrent of comment to the effect that on second thought many of the Republicans will modify their views. It seems scarcely possible that such a change could come about in time to do good at this session, but with a new Congress and the retirement of many of the leaders in both houses it is possible that the argument for the lower cost of living will prevail and the President will gain a triumph politically as great as the present triumph is admitted to be diplomatically. The farmers of the South are not interested in protection, as cotton is their only staple, so that they will leave the middle Westerners alone to hold up that part of the fight.

The President's critics to-day join first in a chorus that the only good of the proposed changes will go to Canada, and then the chorus breaks up into discord and each section of the country holds that the proposed agreement is in favor of some other section. It is interesting to note, however, that as one gets further away from the Canadian boundary in New England the criticism weakens and Senators express a hesitancy at declaring themselves.

The criticisms of to-day make it apparent that while the mutual reductions of duties on food products are expected to cause the flooding of the American market with Canadian grain and meats to the detriment of the American farmer in the insurgent Middle Western States—the similar lowering of the rates of manufactured articles is expected simply to give to Americans an easier market for wire, automobiles and typesetting machines, say the Canadians. Going and coming, say the insurgents, the agreement is in favor of the manufacturers and to the detriment of the farmers.

Undoubtedly the agreement does remove the duty of most foodstuffs, along the lines the insurgents and Democrats together clamored for until it seemed possible that the demand might be granted, but the removal of duties on certain forms of manufactures simply removes artificial restrictions between the two countries, it is said, in the manufacture of certain agricultural implements, can fairly compete with the United States, so that the throwing down of the bars is not an unmixed blessing to he American manufacturer. It seems really to amount to the President's ideal in the removal simply of a "barrier for which there is no real justification, as the customs, manners, and institutions on both sides of the frontier are nearly identical.

Republicans Show Opposition.

The interests of Maine are affected in many directions. The agreement places most forms of lumber on the free list, threatens the free listing of wood pulp and print paper, and puts potatoes on the free list along with many garden products.

Senator Hale, the retiring Republican leader of the Senate, thus expressed himself on the subject: "The agreement is a declaration of war against every industry in my State. It undoes the work of protection for fifty years past. Of course I am against it."

Senator Heyburn of Idaho, the most reactionary member of the Senate, said:

"The agreement embodies the worst-known form of free trade."

Senator Borah, a prominent insurgent: "It seems hardly fair to place on the free list all the products of the farms and to continue protection only on manufactured articles."

Senator Root, who as Secretary of State took part in negotiations with Canada for some kind of reciprocity, said that he favored the general idea. Mr. Depew said he always favored the Administration unless he had strong reasons to the contrary, and that in this case he stood with the President.

"I am not let myself think about it," said Mr. Smith of Michigan, a regular, "I cannot let myself talk."

Senator Cullom of Illinois said that he did not propose to make up his mind one way or the other until the House had

Continued on Page 2.

HOMERIC ALTARS IN CYPRUS.

Germans Agree That Remains at Rantidi Are Earliest.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—The conclusions drawn from the archaeological discoveries recently made at Rantidi in Cyprus by Dr. Max Ohnefalsch-Richter, some account of which appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES some months ago, are supported by the decipherer of the Rantidi inscriptions, Prof. Meister of Leipsic, who has recently returned from a study of the di Cesnola collection in the Metropolitan Museum in New York.

As the result of his exhaustive research on the Island of Cyprus, Dr. Ohnefalsch-Richter has unearthed what he regards as the most ancient pure Greek Mount of Divinities at Rantidi. He has discovered remains of incense altars and sanctuaries dedicated in archaic syllabaric inscriptions to Aphrodite, Zeus, Apollo, and other Greek divinities.

The discoveries occurred in the course of excavations undertaken for the Royal Academy of Sciences of Berlin at a point three miles from the present day village of Kukliа, the site of old Paphos. It was here in 1888 that British excavations established the existence of two temples of Aphrodite-Astarte, but no remains older than the fourth century before Christ. Ohnefalsch-Richter thinks, therefore, that he has found at Rantidi the oldest purely Grecian or Graeco-Phoenician town of Paphos and the Homeric altar of Aphrodite Inaphia.

KILLED BY ESCAPING STEAM.

Foreman Dies and His Helpers Barely Escape When, Valve Blows Out.

Something went wrong with one of the pipes connected with a boiler in the Brooklyn Rapid Transit power house, at Kent Avenue and Division Street, Williamsburg, last night, and Foreman Charles Johnson, with three helpers, descended into the cellar to repair the damage. He found that there was a leak in a pipe which ran along the cellar ceiling, and getting a ladder, climbed up to make a closer investigation.

There was the report of an explosion which was heard by employes at work on the floor above. By the time they reached the stairway leading into the cellar clouds of scalding steam were floating up and into the engine room above.

From below came groans, and then one of the helpers, half senseless from the heat and the steam which he had inhaled, crept out of the white cloud that obscured the stairway and dropped exhausted on the floor.

"There's two more down there," he whispered, "and I guess Johnson's killed. A valve blew out and hit him in the face."

The other men started down the stairs at his words, and presently dragged two other helpers up out of the steam-filled cellar. Neither was burned, but both were overcome by the steam and would have been parboiled had they been left in the cellar, through which the hot steam continued to pour from the vent in the pipe.

The steam was shut off at the boiler and from the outside, the windows giving into the cellar were opened or smashed in. When the steam had filtered out of the place and it was possible once more to enter it in safety, a dozen men descended the stairs. They found Johnson lying dead beneath the break in the pipe. Beside him lay the valve which had burst from the pipe and struck him in the chest with the force of a bullet.

Doctors were called, but they said that Johnson had been scalded to death. There was a strong probability, they said, that he had been made unconscious by the blow and had not suffered.

SIR ALGERNON WEST APPEALS

Daughter-in-Law Won Damage Suit in Which Mrs. Asquith Testified.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Sir Algernon West has appealed against the judgment for $6,000 for damages obtained by his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Horace West. Mrs. West brought suit against her father-in-law, claiming damages on the ground that he had circulated a report that the true reason for her separation from her husband was because of her "hopeless extravagance." After a trial by jury, before Justice Darling, Mrs. West was awarded damages to the amount of $6,000.

Among those called by Mrs. West to prove that by reason of the story told by Sir Algernon social invitations had been withheld from her were Mrs. Asquith, wife of the Prime Minister, and Earl Spencer.

Mrs. Asquith said she remembered Sir Algernon had told her Mrs. West was extravagant, but she did not believe Mrs. West's name had been removed from her social list on that account.

"Have you ever heard of a lady being excluded from society because she was extravagant?" Mrs. Asquith was asked.

"I should say it was usually the passport to society," was her reply, one which amused all England.

TENOR PINNED UNDER HORSE.

Constantino's Leg Wrenched When Horse in "Girl of Golden West" Falls

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 27.—Florencio Constantino, tenor of the Boston Opera Company, was pinned beneath a fallen horse in "The Girl of the Golden West" at the Boston Opera House to-night, and though his leg was badly wrenched he returned to the stage and continued his part of the performance. The accident happened in the last act when Constantino, as Dick Johnson, the road agent, captured and bound, was being brought, horseback, to his execution. Constantino, his arms bound, sat astride a horse in front of Fred Stone, the cowboy actor.

As the two men were riding over a four-foot-high bridge leading on to the stage the horse slipped and fell headlong. In its fall it carried both men to the floor.

Stone attempted to save the tenor and in trying to throw him clear of the horse neglected himself, and was pinned to the stage, the horse falling heavily upon him.

Constantino's leg was caught at the ankle. Stage hands and some of the performers went to the fallen men's assistance, and quickly extricated them.

Meanwhile the orchestra, unaware of the accident in the wings, was thundering rhythmically along in the movement leading up to the execution scene. Constantino, surrounded by solicitous members of the company, was bravely bearing his pain. Suddenly the introduction to the execution song broke upon his ears, and, breaking through the crowd, he ran on the stage just in time to catch the orchestra on the first note of the aria.

Immediately after the performance Dr. D'Ammanage attended Constantino, who will be well in a few days.

ONE ESCAPED CONVICT TAKEN AFTER FIGHT

Wandered Cold and Hungry in a Circle in the Fog, Getting Nowhere.

COMPANIONS STILL FREE

They Got Separated, Says Taylor, the "Silk Hat" Burglar, After Failing to Cross the Hudson on the Ice.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, N. Y., Jan. 27.—After an all-night struggle in a thick fog across ice-bound streams and through a strange countryside infested with armed guards and police who were tracking him, Ralph Taylor, alias the "silk hat burglar," one of the three convicts who escaped from Sing Sing Prison last night, was discovered this afternoon, wild-eyed and worn out, in a ditch beside the Church Road, a mile and a half north of Bedford Hills by Chief of Police Eugene Fee of that village. After a struggle, in which Taylor defended himself with two stilettos he had concealed under his shirt, he was overcome and made a prisoner once more. He spent to-night in a dark cell in Sing Sing, with an added term of four years and three months to serve for his attempt at escape.

Taylor refused to tell anything about his pals, other than that he had lost sight of them in the fog soon after they climbed over the prison fence. He did give a harrowing account of his own struggles through the blinding fog and the bewildering hills around Ossining. Amid these he lost his way several times and struggled back toward the village and prison he had fled from, until finally, exhausted by hunger and cold and mastered by superior force, he was brought to bay fourteen miles from the start of his difficult escape.

All day to-day and to-night armed guards of the prison and police of every town, village, and hamlet in Westchester County, together with ticket agents, station hands, and trackmen of the Putnam, Harlem, and Hudson River Divisions of the New York Central and the New York, New Haven & Hartford Road, kept up a tireless search for the two other convicts. Rumors that they had been seen came from a dozen different points, but none could be substantiated. The two convicts were still at large to-night, with the chances of their permanent freedom in their favor, as the fog thickened again and no clue to their whereabouts was discovered. It is feared by the prison authorities that the two convicts still at large, one of whom, William Busch, is under life sentence for homicide, may have had money surreptitiously conveyed to them in the prison and that they may be able to buy civilian clothing and make their way to some populous centre where they have friends.

Fight With Convict at Bay.

As soon as the first alarm of the convicts' escape was sent through the countryside by Warden Frost, Chief of Police Eugene Fee of the village of Bedford Hills, about fourteen miles northeast of Ossining, like many another Westchester Village Police Chief, got his force of fair men scouring the roads around his village on horseback in search of the prison-breakers. The fog baffled them, however, as it baffled all the others, and they returned empty handed at daybreak.

This afternoon at 2 o'clock Chief Fee himself, with R. F. Brigge, a railroad man, set out in the hope of finding a trace of the convicts. The two drove about a mile and a half north of the village on the old Church Road, when suddenly, in a depression beside the road, Fee saw through the now lifting fog the figure of middle-sized man, coatless and hatless despite the chilling mist.

In a glance Fee understood the significance of the man's closely cropped light hair and gray uniform of trousers and waistcoat, spattered with mud to the waist and torn by briars and stones. The Chief leaped with a shout from his buggy, closely followed by Brigge. The coatless figure beside the road saw them, and darted swiftly north on the road, bending low as he ran. But the stride was short and the two gained on him. They saw him dart from the road, and followed him into a narrow gully. A little further on the gully came to blind stop. With a cry, the fugitive turned on them, and then they saw the flash of a short stiletto in his hand. Fee rushed upon him and bore him to the ground. Then, as he still thrust at them with his dagger, Fee drew his revolver, and, putting it close to the convict's head, brought him to terms.

Had Weapons, Rope, and Map.

Thereafter the prisoner admitted readily enough that he was Taylor, and that he was wanted at Sing Sing. He begged eagerly for food, saying that he was faint and dizzy with long wandering through the hills. Even in his weakened state, however, he refused to tell about his two pals when Fee questioned him as to their whereabouts.

Besides the stiletto in Taylor's hand they found a second hidden inside his vest. He said he had made both, but refused to tell how or where. Beneath the waistcoat, too, they found, wrapped around his waist, a coil of rope, about fifteen feet long, and in one of his pockets he carried a prescription calling for a mixture of some acid, chloral, and morphine. This, he explained faintly, was designed to make him sleep, as soon as he reached a place of safety where he dared rest. In another pocket they found a road map showing the country between Ossining and the Connecticut boundary line, toward which, he said, he was struggling when they caught him.

Revived a bit at the village with a cup of coffee and some sandwiches, the first food he had tasted, he said, since his escape, twenty-four hours before, Taylor told, reluctantly enough, of his escape and wanderings.

He, Bush, and McGinn, he said in the brief moments while they were being led together to the cell house to the band room, where they practised with the prison orchestra, had planned to escape on the first foggy night. Last night the fog seemed best for their purpose, and it was agreed to make the salty. Taylor would not tell how his pals had equipped themselves, but said he had taken his stilettos, road map, and rope. McGinn, it was agreed, was to "stick by" Taylor throughout and to hold in his hand one end of the rope, which was tied around Taylor's waist. Thus Taylor would lead the way through the fog over the ice of the river. McGinn agreeing to pull him back if the ice broke under him in his pathseeking.

Tried the River First.

After the rush from the band room, leaving the two dazed guards behind them, the three convicts scampered, despite the shots fired to stay them, to the iron fence toward the river. They clambered over it and rushed out to the stream. Behind them they could hear the gathering pursuit. Taylor said he led his comrades cautiously out over the ice that bound the river near shore. McGinn holding the rope. They crept down until half-way between the prison and Ossining station. There they sought the mainland.

Just here, however, in the blinding fog, Taylor said, they became separated and could not find each other, as they groped along the steep and muddy bank. Taylor said he heard the alarm whistle at inter-

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The Times Review of Books to Be Issued on Sundays

In transferring to the Sunday issue THE REVIEW OF BOOKS, which has for fourteen years formed a part of the Saturday morning issue of THE TIMES, a change is made of which the necessity, long ago foreseen, has become so urgent that it can no longer be deferred. The REVIEW OF BOOKS will to-morrow, and henceforth, be issued with THE SUNDAY TIMES.

The reasons which make this change imperative concern both THE TIMES and its readers. Owing to the increased number of pages required for the volume of news and advertisements printed in the daily edition on Saturday, it has of late frequently become necessary to reduce the size of THE REVIEW OF BOOKS. We are unwilling to adopt permanently that way out of the difficulty. There is but one other way. It is by making THE REVIEW OF BOOKS a part of the Sunday edition. This change, by avoiding the necessity of haste, makes it possible to improve the printing and the appearance of THE REVIEW; it will thus be more acceptable to its readers and better suited to binding or laying away for reference.

While this change has been long in contemplation, it has been deferred, out of regard to the interests both of readers and of advertisers, until the circulation of THE SUNDAY TIMES should approximate that of the daily issue, thus continuing to give THE REVIEW OF BOOKS a circulation much larger than that of any other publication in the world devoted to the news of books and the discussion of their contents. Of this great circulation, pre-eminently a home circulation, THE REVIEW OF BOOKS, forming a part of the Sunday issue, will have the full benefit.

Moreover, it is believed that, issued on Sunday, THE REVIEW OF BOOKS will have an enhanced value for pleasure and instruction. It will be read with more thoughtful attention on a day when release from the cares and demands of week-day vocations leaves the reader free to enjoy its pages. As a part of the Sunday edition it will give new interest and value to that issue of THE TIMES, and will itself, we are confident, be read with profit and satisfaction.

SANCHEZ-AZCONA FREED.

Court Refuses to Hold Mexican Envoy's Insurgent Brother-in-Law.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Señor Sanchez-Azcona, the Mexican revolutionary agitator, who has been held in jail here for the statutory period at the request of the exican Government, that he might be extradited on a charge of embezzlement, was to-day set at liberty by Chief Justice Clabaugh of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. Señor Sanches is the brother-in-law of Señor Cassasus, who is now in Washington as special ambassador to convey the thanks of Mexico to the United States for ur embassy to the recent centennial.

Mexico has sought extension of time for Sanches's detention by changing the charge against him. In setting forth his reasons for refusing the further delays asked by the Mexican representatives, Chief Justice Clabaugh said that five years ago Azcond was charged with not accounting for money collected for charitable purposes. Two years later Azcona explained his connections in a deposition executed in Mexico, nothing more being done until the Fall of 1910, when he was ordered arrested in this country under the terms of the Mexican treaty with the United States, placed in jail and held there for forty days, the full limit of time under the terms of the treaty, before specific charges were filed against him.

"He has been in prison for fifty-three days," the Judge went on, "and now, after all these years, a request is made for more time, I consider it an unreasonable request and therefore shall not grant an additional delay."

To-night Señor Sanchez-Ascona was a guest at a dinner at which several members of the Latin-American diplomatic corps were present. He admitted later that his brother-in-law, Señor Cassasus, had not called on him or sent his congratulations on his release.

Señor Sanchez-Ascona will remain in Washington indefinitely.

TAFT MAKES BARRY RESIGN.

Admiral Accused by Brother Officers Not Allowed to Retire.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—By direction of the President, Rear Admiral Edward B. Barry, former Commander in Chief of the Pacific fleet, to-day submitted his resignation "for the good of the service," as Secretary of the Navy Meyer expressed it. It was immediately accepted. The enforced resignation is the outgrowth of charges affecting the moral character of the naval officer.

Secretary Meyer announced to-day that, on instructions from the President, he telegraphed last night to Admiral Barry asking him to resign. The resignation severing the officer's connection with the American Navy was received to-day, and his name was at once stricken from the list of naval officers. This act naturally terminated his salary from the Government.

In response to a telegraphic request Admiral Barry was placed on the retired list of the navy on Jan. 14. The officers of the cruiser West Virginia, Admiral Barry's flagship, were not satisfied with retirement, however, and insisted upon his resignation. The Secretary of the Navy called on Capt. Orchard of the West Virginia for a formal statement, meanwhile ordering Admiral Barry to remain in San Francisco until further orders.

Capt. Orchard's report was received by the Navy Department several days ago, when it was submitted to President Taft, and the enforced resignation of the officer followed.

Admiral Barry was born in New York and was graduated from the United States Naval Academy in the class of 1869. In the Spanish war he took part in the blockade of Havana, the attack on Matanzas, and in the search for the Spanish fleet in Bahama Channel. He cornered the Maria Teresa around the eastern end of Cuba and was at Havana when the United States flag was raised there in January, 1899. He was promoted to the grade of Rear Admiral in 1900.

CAPTURES TRAIN ROBBER.

Railway Agent Wings Young Man Who Holds Up Passengers and Jumps.

PUEBLO, Col., Jan. 27.—A bandit held up the passengers of the Colorado & Southern passenger train No. 20, northbound, a few minutes after it had left the Union Station here at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. After securing $117 and some jewelry he leaped from the train.

Special Agent McCafferty of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway happened to be aboard, and when informed that the bandit was at work in the rear coach started back and reached the platform just in time to see the robber jump and run.

McCafferty followed and opened fire on the man, who returned the shots. The thief was shot through the right wrist, and when his gun dropped from his hand he surrendered. All the money and valuables were recovered.

The bandit is a well-dressed young man about 25 years old. He said his name was Al Bane and gave his home as Athol, Kan.

MUST TELL SECRETS OF CATLIN CAMPAIGN

Congressman-Elect's Sister Subpoenaed in Contest Over Political Seat in St. Louis.

BRICKLAYERS HER GUESTS

Had Them to Dinner, but Authorities Want to Know If That's All They Got for Their Influence.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 27.—Miss Irene Catlin, the wealthy girl who will become the bride on Feb. 4 of Frederick W. Allen of New York City, has been subpoenaed to appear on Tuesday before Commissioner Harrett and describe a dinner which she gave at the Catlin residence in Vendeventer Place to sixteen bricklayers who worked under her direction in the interest of her brother, Theron E. Catlin, Republican Congressman-elect. She will be asked to tell who were there, what the menu was, and how this form of entertainment happened to be arranged. She will be requested to tell anything else she may have done to further her brother's political ambitions and success, and what part she personally took in his campaign.

This request, according to information in the possession of Congressman Patrick F. Gill, who is contesting Mr. Catlin's seat, followed one given at the Catlin home to ward workers, as testified to by Daniel N. Kirby, an attorney, who disbursed $10,400 in Theron Catlin's interest in the campaign. That the bricklayers' dinner party was not of political import will be testified to to-morrow by one of the guests on that occasion, Florence McAuliffe. He has been summonsed to appear before Felix Poston sitting as a Commissioner in the office of George H. Moore in the Commonwealth Trust Building.

If it becomes necessary, in order to bring out the facts, counsel will subpoena others who were at the dinner party, which is said to have been given on the day after the election.

Miss Catlin is said to have personally negotiated with one member of the party for the services of the bricklayers a week or one day prior to the election, their work to consist of visiting their fellow-workers and extol the good qualities of the Republican candidate.

Miss Catlin is a member of one of the richest and most aristocratic families of St. Louis. When Nicholas Longworth, then Miss Alice Roosevelt, visited the St. Louis World's Fair she was the house guest of Miss Catlin.

Whether the Catlin dinner was their only remuneration for their services remains for Mr. McAuliffe or some of the other guests to say, though Miss Catlin also will be asked about this phase of the arrangements. In addition to a press agent Theron Catlin placed himself under the protecting wing of a former policeman, whose duty it was to pilot him to club gatherings, dances, bazaars, festivals, and other popular entertainments among the lowly during the campaign.

The social mentor is Mrs. E. Fowler, whose deposition was taken before Commissioner Poston yesterday. Among the places he mentioned as having escorted the candidate to were dances given by the Clinging Ivy Club, the Social Economis Club, and National Goistein Pleasure Club.

DUPED IN FARO GAMES HERE.

One St. Louis Man Said to Have Lost $17,000—Two Arrests There.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 27.—Men said to be gamblers, posing as magazine writers and reformers, planned for eight months to get $15,000 from Martin Feilhauer, proprietor of a string of saloons, in a faro game. Two suspects were captured when they attempted to get $3,000 from Dr. Orion S. Miller at the Jefferson Hotel late last night. He previously had notified the police and detectives were waiting for the men when they attempted to leave the hotel.

Developments following the arrests indicate that there was a plot to induce St. Louis men to go to New York and play faro with the promised certainty that they would win through secret signals given by the dealer. Feilhauer was picked as a likely victim, and two men, said by the police to be the smoothest of confidence operators, were sent here.

The prisoners said they were August Diehr of 1,153 North Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, and Charles A. Denton, Jr., of West Ninety-eighth Street, New York. Diehr says that Denton is his son, and has been using the name Denton only since he came to St. Louis. Both deny they know anything of the reported loss of $17,000 in a New York faro game by Sam H. Thompson, one of the late William H. Thompson, Treasurer of the St. Louis World's Fair.

It has been a matter of gossip among St. Louis handbook men and gamblers for several months that St. Louis men were being systematically robbed in New York gambling games. The name most frequently mentioned in that connection was Martin Feilhauer. After keeping silent for three months Feilhauer told his story to James Allen, a friend of Dr. Miller.

Deerfoot Farm Sausages.

With increasing knowledge of the danger to health through carelessly prepared food, consumers grow more fastidious. DEERFOOT means purity, daintiness, cleanliness.—Adv.

VESSELS CRASH IN FOG.

Danish Ship, Jammed by Schooner Off Cape Henry, Tows It to Port.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Jan. 27.—The Danish steamer Nord Amerika, en route from Charleston, S. C., for this port, and the coal-laden schooner Eagle Wing from Norfolk for Savannah, Ga., were in collision this morning 54 miles south by east of Cape Henry in a heavy fog. The steamer arrived at Cape Henry this afternoon with the schooner in tow, and both vessels later came to this port.

The vessels sustained considerable damage. The schooner struck the steamer on the starboard quarter, smashing in the shell plates and carrying away all the rigging from the mainmast. The schooner lost all her head gear. The steamer stood by the schooner until daylight, and then took her in tow.

BIG LONDON DOCK PLAN.

Projected Port Improvements to Cost $75,000,000.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—With a view to restoring London's lost importance as a shipping port the recently constituted "Port of London authority" is considering a vast scheme for improvements in the River Thames. Docking facilities involving an expenditure of nearly $75,000,000 are contemplated, the work to occupy twenty years.

The plan includes the dredging of the river mouth to 1,000 feet wide and over 30 feet in depth at Tilbury in the stretch used by the big liners, narrowing gradually to 450 feet wide and 14 feet in depth at London Bridge, the construction of a riverside pontoon at Tilbury for embarking and disembarking passengers, building dry docks to accommodate the largest vessels, and improving railway facilities.

NEED CATHOLIC STATESMEN.

Archbishop Ireland Says They Are Too Few in America.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 27.—"I wish the number of Catholic laymen holding positions of trust in our Government and occupying seats in Congress and in the Legislatures of the States were far greater than it is," said Archbishop Ireland in an address to the students of the University of Detroit to-day.

"If I were to ask how many Catholics are in the State Senate the reply would not be very gratifying. If I go to Washington, I find but three or four Catholic Senators and fifteen or sixteen Catholics in the House of Representatives.

"There should be more engaged in building up the Nation in its ideals," he declared. "The Church can never have its own until this comes to pass."

BAPTISM IN DIX'S OFFICE.

Governor's Namesake May be the First Baby Thus Honored.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 27.—Unless plans miscarry, John A. Dix Grosse, son of Louis Grosse of Marlborough, Ulster County, will be the first child to be baptised in the Executive Chamber in the State Capitol at Albany. Mr. Grosse plans to take the baby to Albany next Monday and there have the baptismal ceremony performed in the Governor's private office.

John A. Dix Grosse was born on election day. That's how he came to be named after the Governor. Grosse was employed in one of Gov. Dix's paper mills several years ago. He is now a successful lumber dealer. He went to Albany to take the news of his son's birth to Mr. Dix. He was denied admittance at first because of his roughness, but when his name was taken to the then Governor-elect he was quickly admitted. Mr. Dix is said to have told him he would place a substantial sum to the credit of his namesake in an Albany bank.

HAITIAN MUTINEERS TO DIE.

Twenty-three Survivors of Gunboat Liberte Explosion Condemned.

PORT AU PRINCE, Haiti, Jan. 27.—Twenty-three officers, non-commissioned officers, and sailors, survivors of the Haitian gunboat Liberté, which sank off Port de Paix last October, following an explosion, were tried to-day by a military tribunal, charged with mutiny. They were found guilty of connection with the massacre of the Admiral of the Liberté and several Haitian Generals who were abroad and of burning the boat. All were condemned to death.

Reports of the disaster to the Liberté estimated that seventy persons either were killed or drowned when the vessel was blown up. No mention was made in the dispatches of a mutiny. When the Liberté sailed from Port au Prince she had on board ninety persons, only twenty-odd of whom were said to have escaped. Ten Haitian Generals, on their way to take command of the several divisions of troops in the Department of the North, perished. The Liberté was formerly the American steam yacht Erl King.

REPORTERS IN BRIBE INQUIRY

Chicago Men in Danville Are Summoned Regarding Stories Published.

DANVILLEAN, Ill., Jan. 27.—The investigation of traffic in votes in Vermilion County to-day took the form of summonses for all the Chicago newspaper men who are here to report the inquiry to appear before the Grand Jury, supposedly to tell from what source they gained the information on which their stories have been based.

Judge Kimbrough said there seemed to be a decided leak somewhere, as the stories published had given what purported to be the happenings before the Grand Jury. He thought the newspapers "had done a great deal of harm trying to do good," by publication of the testimony.

GIRL SPRINTER MAKES ARREST

Catches Boy Who, She Says, Stole Her Bag, After a Two-Block Chase.

Lawrence Rooney, 14, of 208 West Sixty-sixth Street, was sent to the Children's Society last night charged with snatching a silver mesh bag containing $2 from Miss Marion Cryill of 135 West Seventy-third Street. Miss Cryill stated that as she was leaving her home last night Rooney and several small lads surrounded her and Rooney snatched her bag and ran off.

Miss Cryill is athletic, and her unexpected sprinting powers brought her up with the alleged culprit after a chase of about two blocks. At Seventy-fourth Street and Columbus Avenue she turned Rooney over to Patrolman Landers of the West Sixty-seventh Street Station.

Rooney did not have the bag when Miss Cryill caught him. According to Miss Cryill, he must have thrown it away when the chase became hot, and one of the other boys picked it up. No trace of the bag could be found. The Rooney boy is held on a charge of juvenile delinquency.

"FLORIDA AND WEST INDIAN LIMITED" via Penn. and Atlantic Coast Line, 10:15 A. M. Only train carrying through sleeper to Orlando and Tampa, Fla., with one night out service. 4 other fld. trains daily. 1310 Broadway.—Adv.

DOROTHY ARNOLD MAY BE HOME TO-DAY

Missing Girl Has Been Seen in this City Within a Fortnight and Is Ready to Return.

IS QUITE SAFE, IT IS SAID

Police Sure All Along That Nothing Serious Had Happened to Justice Peckham's Niece.—Many False Clues

It was learned last night, on authority that in all probability Miss Dorothy Arnold, daughter of Francis R. Arnold, the wealthy importer of 108 East Seventy-ninth Street, missing since Dec. 12, will return to her home to-day, or at the most in a very few days. From the same authoritative source it was learned that Miss Arnold has been seen in this city within the last fifteen days, though she has been missing from her home forty-seven days.

Further information is to the effect that at least one other person was aware of her plans when she disappeared. This information was conveyed to the family late last night, and for the first time in many weeks they were convinced that she was not dead. Up to last night her father and his counsel, John S. Keith, and Garvan & Armstrong had steadily maintained that her death either by design or accident was the only theory by which her continued absence could be explained.

It was also stated last night that the whereabouts of Miss Arnold's confidante is known to the police and that the police maintain, as they have all along believed, that there has been no crime committed that calls for investigation by them. They contend that it is the case of a missing person, which does not mean that she has been kidnapped or abducted or taken from her home against her will.

THE TIMES's informant is a man who has from the first been at work on the case. He could not permit his name to be used, but said Miss Arnold had been seen in this city by persons who knew her well. He would not tell last night just where she is at present, and said he did not personally know the name of her confidante, but that he did know where this person was. He left the impression that this person had been in communication with searchers for the girl, and had given assurance that she would return in a few hours.

A Philadelphia Clue.

One clue that was worked on yesterday was the story of Edward N. Lege, Philadelphia. Mr. Lege rang the bell at the Arnold home, 108 East Seventy-ninth Street, late on Thursday [illegible] Mr. Arnold himself. [illegible] address was the Drury [illegible] and Sansom Streets.

In effect, is the story he told [illegible] of the missing girl:

"I was in front of the Hotel Bellevue-Stratford, Philadelphia, one night in December (he didn't remember the exact date or Mr. Arnold failed to get it) when two chauffeurs ran their cars together by accident almost at my side. The cars were not much damaged, and the chauffeurs turned out to be old acquaintances. One said to the other:

"'I brought a girl over from New York last night.'

"'How did you do that?' the other asked.

"'Why, I pretended that a woman had fainted in my car and asked the girl if she would step in and see if she could do anything for her. Then I sped away.'

"'What are you going to do with her?' queried the second chauffeur.

"'I'm going to keep her a while and see if I can't make some one pay me for the trouble!'"

The man who told of overhearing this gave Mr. Arnold as an evidence of good faith an envelope which he had addressed to another person, with his own name and address printed in its upper left hand corner. Whatever Mr. Arnold thought of the value of the new clue, he called John S. Keith of Garvan & Armstrong, his personal counsel, to his house and communicated it to him. Mr. Keith did not give it out until yesterday afternoon, and rather discredited it, though his senior partner, Mr. Armstrong, had said earlier that detectives in Philadelphia were investigating.

Lawyers Believed Girl Dead.

In addition to this narrative the day's developments included letters offering to produce the girl for ransoms ranging from $3,000 up, but these were denounced by the family lawyers as mere clumsy attempts at blackmail; and it was charged that detectives detailed to the case had not been told by the family all the facts which would be likely to help them find the girl. As to this Mr. Keith said in his statement early in the day:

"I am not only the counsel for Mr. Arnold, but for a long time have been a personal friend of the family. I think Mr. Arnold has told me everything he knows, and I have told the police and the reporters what he has told me. Of course, it sometimes happens that a man will not tell even his lawyer all, but I do not think that has occurred in this instance."

Mr. Keith expressed his firm conviction that the girl was dead; that she had been murdered, but how, where, or when he could not suggest. He said that so far he had not been able to construct a theory which would fit the case at all points, but thought the failure of Commissioner Flynn and his detectives to take the statements emanating from the family regarding foul play more seriously than they do wholly unjustifiable.

Deputy Commissioner Flynn believes the girl will reappear almost as suddenly as she went away. Mr. Armstrong said yesterday afternoon that Mr. Flynn and his men had practically retired from the case, and that letters had been written to the detectives most active in the early investigations thanking them for their work.

"Has Commissioner Flynn given up?" Mr. Armstrong was asked.

"I think he has," was the reply.

"Why should he give up when the girl has not been found, and might have been murdered in the city or kidnapped?" was the next question.

"He probably thinks there is nothing more to do, and throws up his hands," replied Mr. Armstrong.

Asked to state his theory of the case, Mr. Armstrong said:

"I think she is dead. I first thought she had run away, but we are forced to the conclusion that she has met with foul play."

Later Mr. Keith denied that Flynn was manifesting a diminishing interest in the case. He thought all the stories to that effect, and even the information of the partner on this score, were at fault. He stated that reporters bearing the girl's picture and a description of her would be sent out by the police to-day.

Mr. Keith was informed of the report that Commissioner Flynn in the past and a half the case has been in his hands had not been able to see Mr. Arnold, except in the presence of counsel, and inclined to resent this. He replied that it is true that he has always been present when Commissioner Flynn or Mr. Arnold, but I am not aware that I objected to it, or has felt in that way.

that he hadn't been able to get all the family had to tell."

Blackmail or Ill-Timed Jests.

The disappearance of Miss Arnold reached the stage yesterday where either blackmailing attempts to get money from her parents or ill-timed practical jokes were being made. Late on Thursday evening a soiled letter, without postmark and written in German, was slipped in at the East Seventy-ninth Street house. Mr. Arnold read it and turned it over to his counsel, who gave it out yesterday afternoon. After a consultation at the lawyers' offices, at which were present Mr. Arnold, Mr. Armstrong, and Mr. Keith, it was announced that the letter would be disregarded. The letter, translated, reads:

Dear Sir: If you would like to know where your daughter Dorothy can now be found, I will readily help you and tell you where and how you can find her, but only on the payment of $5,000 without which no information and lastly I must take care of myself as I do not wish to be visited by the devil. But I want to get rest so that I am now ready to tell you where you can find your daughter, but as I said before on a payment of $5,000 and if you are willing to send this money all right, if not you can hunt for your daughter. But if you want your daughter, so send me the gold to-morrow and about 6 o'clock in the evening in the house No. 415 East Sixty-fourth Street and stick the gold in post office box number three and you will get an answer by Friday the 27th of January, 1911. But be careful that you send no detectives to the house to catch me because it will not help matters at all as I will be very careful that no one gets me and lastly you would not get your daughter. Also if you will promise me that you will put no hindrance in my way and are willing to send me the sum wanted, then you will have your daughter on Sunday the 29th of January 1911 in your hands, so if you want to pay the sum ask for it is good, if not all right too and you can wait for your daughter and please, do not forget that we certainly have your daughter and lastly she will be worth $2,000,000. I warn you to send the money right away and to tell no one and send no detectives to get me because first no one will get and second you will not get your daughter then so don't forget in number 415 East 64th street, post office box number three, in put the money in between four and six o'clock in the afternoon to-morrow, Friday 27th of January 1911. No matter what you do if you want it will hurt you.

(Signed) ! ! !

Jan. 25, 1911.

The house 415 East Sixty-fourth Street is only one block from where the kidnapped Longo boy was detained until rescued by Deputy Commissioner Flynn's men. Fifty-nine families live in it, and Mrs. Sophia Harrik, the caretaker of the tenement, uses Letter Box 3. She said about one was trying to play a mean trick on her.

Two instances of persons being seen in the last few days who resembled Miss Arnold were reported yesterday, one in Newark, N. J., the other in Newburg, N. Y.

A Newark business man reported to his lawyer, Jacob L. Newman, of that city, that he saw a girl closely resembling Miss Arnold step into a telephone booth at the Broad Street station of the Lackawanna Railroad, Newark, on last Tuesday afternoon. He did not know then that the girl was missing, but when he saw her pictures in the papers he was struck with the resemblance.

From Newburg comes the report that a man and a girl, the latter resembling Miss Arnold, were seen at Highland Falls on Tuesday, Jan. 17. They were strangers in the village, and after walking about for a while watching the children skating the couple left. Nothing was thought about them until the pictures of Miss Arnold were printed.

Theories of Girl Friends.

Several girl friends of Miss Arnold came forward yesterday with statements bearing on her tastes and inclinations, in the hope that they might lead to finding the missing girl. Her particular chum, Miss Elsie Henry of 47 East Forty-ninth Street, whose name appears oftenest in Miss Arnold's social engagement book, said yesterday she was confident Miss Arnold had not planned to leave her home when she did.

"Miss Arnold had an engagement with me on the day she disappeared," said Miss Henry yesterday. "But on the day before she telephoned me that she could not go, as planned, because she had to go hunting for a bargain in evening dresses. She wanted one for a party to which she was going soon afterward. She told me her mother was going shopping with her.

"At 2 o'clock of the day she disappeared she met another friend near Brentano's and talked with her for a long time about the party and about the presents she expected at Christmas. If Miss Arnold had planned her disappearance, she could easily have avoided this friend. Instead, however, she hailed her. I am therefore certain she did not contemplate going away.

"Something has happened, I don't know what—whether accident or foul play. She always dreaded to do anything that would attract public attention. She would be the last person in the world to think of disguising herself as a man, as some clue has it. Though she was my intimate friend, she never spoke to me about trouble at home, nor did she seem to regard herself as 'misunderstood.' If she had any romances, I never knew of them."

Another close girl friend of Miss Arnold had this to say about the theory of kidnapping or of attack:

"It seems almost impossible that a girl of her age could be decoyed or abducted. We are all hoping and praying that it is only a case of aphasia, with loss of identity, for physicians say that such a thing is quite possible with any one. But again, Miss Arnold seemed so entirely normal in every way that it is hard to believe that anything went wrong with her mind."

To this young woman friend the idea that Miss Arnold had voluntarily gone away under any circumstances seemed preposterous.

"There are so many little things that she would have done," declared Miss Arnold's friend, "such as getting money, clothes, and making the intimate little arrangements which mean so much to a refined girl in traveling, and these she did not attend to at all. And not a single one of her closest friends has a word from her. I cannot say too strongly that in my opinion she must either have been abducted or else have lost her memory. Her friends are still working on the latter theory, and daily searching the hospitals in the hope of finding her."

FELL INTO REBEL TRAP.

Mexican Government Force at Ojinaga Lost 115 Men.

SAN JOSE, Mexico, Jan. 27, (via Marfa, Texas.)—Details of the massacre of federal troops under Col. Dorante received here to-day show that he lost 115 men when his soldiers were led into an insurrecto trap, near Ojinaga. The revolutionary loss was two. Several captured Government soldiers give substantially the same account of their losses.

The federal soldiers were entrapped in the mountains, and for nearly three days were under fire of the insurrectos. The insurgents captured 92 Mauser carbines and 10 wounded men. The beaten Government troops retreated in disorder to Coyama and entrenched themselves. They made no attempt to cross the mountains to their headquarters at Ojinaga. Only 150 soldiers remain in Ojinaga, and an attack is hourly expected.

After the battle the insurgents retired to the Rio Grande near Reodosa, where they replenished their supply of ammunition. To-day they returned to the mountains, passing within sight of the federal garrison at Ojinaga. Their announced intention was to go to Coyama and attack the remaining federals there.

For two weeks a chain guard has been maintained at Ojinaga and no one has been allowed to leave the town. Several American citizens are held unwilling prisoners within the lines.

E. S. McCombs, a Seattle (Wash.) man, was in battle with the insurrectos. He says he killed four federal soldiers during the engagement.

The massacre took place near Cuchillo. José de la Cruz Sanchez and Torilelo Ortego, Mexican ranch owners, commanded the insurgents.

Suicide at 90; Tired of Life.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., Jan. 27.—Tired of life and believing he had lived long enough, Chauncey M. Fox, aged 90, hanged himself at the home of his daughter in New Britain last evening by means of a clothesline thrown over a door in the next room by his aged wife bedridden.

James Stillman Back from Paris.

James Stillman, Chairman of the Directors of the National City Bank, was among those arriving yesterday on the Cunard liner Mauretania. He was met at the pier by Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the bank. Mr. Stillman has a home in Paris. He declared he was out of touch with financial affairs and would not discuss the financial situation either here or abroad.

OPEN DOOR PROVIDED FOR PULP AND PAPER

Will Come in Free from Canada as Soon as Reciprocity Agreement Is Ratified.

BAR ON THE CROWN LANDS

Their Product Will Be Dutiable While Restrictions Exist—Both Countries Will Be Benefited.

By JOHN NORRIS.

Chairman of the Committee on Paper of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association.

The clause of the proposed reciprocity agreement with Canada relating to wood pulp and paper reads as follows:

Pulp of wood mechanically ground; pulp of wood, chemical, bleached, or unbleached; news print paper, and other paper and paper board, manufactured from mechanical wood pulp or from chemical wood pulp, or of which such pulp is a component material of chief value, colored in the pulp, or not colored, and valued at not more than 4 cents per pound, not including printed or decorated wall paper, free.

Provided, that such paper and board, valued at 4 cents per pound or less, and wood pulp, being the products of Canada when imported therefrom, directly into the United States, shall be admitted free of duty on the condition precedent that no export duty, export license fee, or other export charge of any kind whatsoever, (whether in the form of additional charge or license fee or otherwise,) or any prohibition or restriction in any way of the exportation, (whether by law, order, regulation, contractual relation, or otherwise, directly or indirectly,) shall have been imposed upon such paper, board, or wood pulp, or the wood used in the manufacture of such paper, board, or wood pulp, or the wood pulp used in the manufacture of such paper or board.

Provided, also that such wood pulp, paper, or board, being the product of the United States, shall only be admitted free of duty into Canada from the United States when such wood pulp, paper, or board, being the products of Canada, are admitted from all parts of Canada, free of duty into the United States.

This draft is entirely satisfactory to publishers. It will provide for the immediate entry of print paper and wood pulp from Canada. The snarl with the provinces of Canada has been completely avoided by an entirely new turn to the stipulations which now follow the wood—not the province. If wood is free from restriction, such as wood from private lands, the products of that wood will come into the United States free of duty. A province owning land holds the same relation to the Dominion Government that an ordinary land owner maintains. The province has no power to stop the exportation of wood from private lands in that province.

Recent tariff legislation in the United States aimed to coerce provinces of Canada to part with crown land wood, and those provinces resented such coercion. In the reciprocity arrangement, each province can do with its own land as it pleases, and can do this without affecting the immediate and free entry of paper and pulp made from wood cut on private lands in that province. The distinction between wood free from restriction of exportation and wood that is not free will show itself in various ways. Print paper made from wood cut on lands subject to restriction will be subject to a duty of $5.75 per ton of paper. That duty will be prohibitory in competition with paper made from wood cut on private lands.

The Provinces of Quebec and Ontario have been offering premiums and inducements for the transfer of American paper industries to Canada. Brown Brothers of Berlin Mills, N. H., recently installed a plant at La Tuque, Quebec, and proposed to expand it materially. That plant depends on crown lands for its timber supply. The International Paper Company has been flirting with the Quebec Government for similar concessions. The reciprocity clause will give no encouragement to such diversion of industry from the United States to Canada. A barrier of $5.75 per ton on print paper will confront such products until the Quebec Government removes the prohibition. The revenues which the province now obtains on wood cut from its crown lands and shipped in manufactured form to the United States will be diverted from the Quebec Treasury to the owners of private lands.

The pressure from holders of crown land limits upon the provincial authorities for an opportunity to reach the greatest market in the world—that of the United States—will be irresistible and a diplomatic victory in the removal of restrictions will have been achieved without harshness, or coercion, or ill feeling of any sort. Each side will obtain an advantage, and that is the element of a good trade.

Care should be exercised to note that the last proviso of the paper and pulp clause relates to products of the United States admitted into Canada. It does not affect the immediate free entry of paper and pulp from Canada to the United States when made from wood cut on private lands. It means that after all the provinces shall have removed all their restrictions upon crown land woods and the United States shall no longer impose any duties upon any pulp or any paper from Canada, then Canada will reduce its duties upon the admission of United States paper and pulp into Canada.

The present output of paper in the United States is approximately 15,000 tons per day, divided as follows:

	Tons.
News	4,315
Book	1,900
Paper boards	3,300
Wrapping paper	1,680
Writing paper	1,400
Roofing and sheathing	610
Tissue	290
Hanging	275
Blotting	30
Total	15,000

The various kinds of paper will be affected by the proposed legislation as follows, on the basis of tons per day:

	Affected.	Not Affected.
News	4,315	...
Book	1,200	700
Paper boards	3,300	...
Wrapping paper	1,680	850
Writing paper	200	1,200
Roofing and sheathing	610	...
Tissue	190	100
Hanging	275	...
Blotting	30	...
Total	12,120	2,850

All the provinces of Canada produce less than 1,000 tons per day of all kinds of paper, as compared with 15,000 tons per day produced in the United States. In other words, Canada's output, if all of it were shipped to the United States, would not equal 7 per cent. of the United States' consumption. The paper shipments from Canada to the United States have been almost negligible. For years they averaged less than seventeen tons per day of all kinds of paper. In 1908 the American papermakers arbitrarily advanced prices to a figure which permitted the profitable importation of Canadian paper, and the importation rose in 1910 to 180 tons per day of print paper, valued in a year at $2,120,000. But the paper shipments from the United States to Canada covering high grades of paper were valued at $2,500,000. Canada buys more paper from the United States than it sells to it. Canada has kept American mills going by shipping 1,000,000 cords of pulp wood, valued at $5,000,000, and pulps valued at $4,000,000, without which supplies our mills could not have continued the production of paper. Canada bought from the United States a total of almost $3,500,000 worth of paper products and supplies in the year ended March 31, 1910, as follows:

Books	$3,540,332
Sizing	14,457
Alum	14,960
Brimstone	181,183
Caustic soda	67,552
Rubber belting	90,681
Printing presses	315,584
Machinery for printing	81,728
Types and stereotypes	91,541
Total	$3,311,047
Paper and manufactures of	2,499,962
Total	$5,810,009

Importations from Canada of paper of all kinds in the same period were only $900,156.

Under the new arrangement American paper makers will gain a large market for their products in Canada, especially in the higher grades of paper.

The ultimate outcome of the proposed reciprocity arrangement, if ratified, will be a tendency toward the concentration of the pulp business in Canada and the conversion on this side of those pulps into paper, with great growth and advantages for each side.

STOPS LABOR BOYCOTT CASE

Supreme Court Says Agreement Ended Bucks Stove Co. Suit—Contempt Charge Stands.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Reaching the conclusion that the Bucks Stove and Range Company of St. Louis, Mo., and the American Federation of Labor had settled their disputes out of court, the Supreme Court of the United States stopped the oral arguments of the so-called boycott case of the company against the federation, on the theory that no issue in it remained for the court to pass upon.

Following that action the court listened to oral argument on the contempt case embracing the charges of the company that Samuel Gompers, President of the federation; John Mitchell, Vice President, and Frank Morrison, its Secretary, had violated the injunction of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia in the boycott case. Each was held to be guilty and sentenced to jail. To-day they sat side by side within the bar of the court listening to the arguments as to whether or not they should serve their sentences.

"It is commonly stated that this case is dead," said Justice Lurton, interrupting argument of the boycott case. "I wish you would tell us if we are trying a moot case?"

Daniel Davenport, addressing the court on behalf of the company, said that his client had informed him that neither the controversies at the base of the case nor the case itself had been settled, although a friendly relation existed between the company and the federation. He then produced a copy of an agreement to this effect.

Chief Justice White asked Alton B. Parker of the counsel for the federation what he had to say. Mr. Parker responded that there was no doubt but that it was moot. Thereupon the Chief Justice announced that the court would not continue to hear the arguments when the only question possible was to determine who should pay the costs.

Ex-Judge Parker then began his argument of the contempt case. He declared that a part of the injunction decree being void, the entire decree was void, and that the court could not punish his clients for violating a void decree. The argument will be concluded on Monday.

SHORT TOUR FOR TAFT.

Will Swing Through the South After Congress Adjourns.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Immediately after Congress adjourns on March 4 President Taft will make a short swing through the South, winding up at his home city, Cincinnati, where he will spend several days before returning to the National capital.

While the exact itinerary has not been arranged, the President expects to be away from Washington about a week, and the places at which he expects to stop are Anderson, S. C.; Atlanta, Nashville, Chattanooga, and Cleveland. He will be in Atlanta on March 10, where he will address the Southern Commercial Congress. In Cincinnati he will speak to the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick on March 17.

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The Seaboard Florida Limited

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SEABOARD AIR LINE RY.

STORM OF PROTEST OVER RECIPROCITY

Continued from Page 1.

taken action, and indicated that he expected the House to give him plenty of time for thought.

Talk of an Extra Session.

Many direful prophecies as to the fate of the agreement were carried to the White House to-day, but instead of creating a pessimistic feeling there, Mr. Taft is said to have received them with a smile. One man in the confidence of the President, who has been the Administration mouthpiece on more than one occasion, came from the White House to-night with this declaration:

"The President was never more in earnest in his life. He intends to stay with it through this session and to carry it to the next if necessary. He would not hesitate to call an extra session if he thought such a course would do the business."

President Taft believes that the mutual concessions arranged by the United States and Canada, especially the large number of articles of foodstuffs which would be put on the free list, promises a great humanitarian movement that ultimately would mean a material reduction in the cost of living. He believes that even if the promised reductions are not at once apparent, the very presence of this document in Congress will prove a deterrent force against continued advancement in the prices of food.

It is well known that Mr. Taft was greatly disappointed that the tariff board had not completed its investigation of Schedule K, the wool tariff, so that it could recommend at the same time a reduction in the duties on clothing. He believes that this combination would have appealed so forcibly to the great army of wage workers who have felt the pinch of constantly advancing prices that there would have been manifested at once an overwhelming demand throughout the country for the adoption of his programme.

The commercial relations of the United States and Canada, according to the view held by the President, should be placed above partisan political considerations, and there is the best possible reason to declare that he will take his stand on this belief and hold it until some action is taken by Congress.

GLOUCESTER IN REVOLT.

Officials, Board of Trade, and Fishers Make Ready to Fight.

GLOUCESTER, Jan. 27.—Special sessions of the City Council, the Board of Trade, and the Master Mariners' Association, the last two meeting jointly, were held to-day, at which the first steps were taken toward a united opposition to that part of the proposed Canadian reciprocity treaty which deals with fish.

The meeting of the City Council was called by Mayor Isaac Patch, who presided, and after some discussion resolutions of protest prepared by the Mayor himself were adopted. Copies of these resolutions, which declare that the proposed treaty is inimical to the welfare of the City of Gloucester and to other ports on the New England coast which depend upon the fisheries, were forwarded at once to President Taft and to Senators Lodge and Crane, and Massachusetts Congressmen.

At the joint meeting of the Board of Trade and the Master Mariners' Association a committee of seven was named to consider the situation and devise a plan of procedure. The committee consists of Edward R. Burnham, Capt. George Peeples, James A. Lanhart, Nathaniel J. Gorton, Joseph O. Proctor, Alderman C. Stonom, Barney and Arthur L. Millett, the last named being the expert who advised The Hague tribunal on questions regarding the fish industry at its recent session. This committee met to-night and voted to take no action until the return of President Thomas J. Carroll of the Board of Trade, who is at present in Washington.

FINDS FAVOR IN CANADA.

Even the Opposition Is Broken by Our Concessions.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Jan. 27.—Reciprocity looms large in Canada to-day. The Canadian press and Canadian politicians are astonished by the achievements of the Canadian envoys at Washington, and some papers classed as supporters of the opposition in Parliament are advocating the ratification of the agreement. There is little doubt of favorable action by Parliament, and the bill to be introduced will be a Government measure. Opposition members of Parliament from the maritime provinces and from agricultural districts openly express their approval of the measure.

Col. Samuel Hughes, an opposition member of Parliament, expressed the extreme pro-British and imperialistic view when he said on the floor this afternoon that reciprocity meant "the hauling down of the old flag, continental free trade, trade between the north and south instead of between the east and west, the destruction of the British Empire, annexation to the United States, and the Yankee flag flying from the north pole to Mount Popocatapel."

The best information available from the Governments of the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario indicates that they will not change their regulations respecting the export of pulp wood. A large number of pulp and paper companies have recently been financed in them, however, and they may bring pressure to bear to have the restrictions removed in order to get the advantage of free entry of their product to the United States market. This is a troublesome question and will be considered fully by the Provincial Governments.

While some members of Parliament have declared that free wheat meant a blow to Canadian millers, C. R. Hosmer, President of the Gilvie Flour Mills Company, the largest millers in Canada, said that looking at the matter from a purely selfish standpoint free American wheat would be an immense advantage to their Montreal mills, which are the largest the company has. They could draw American wheat from the Northwest by the all-water Canadian route and export flour in competition with the American millers. He added that there were no other mills on this continent so well situated as these.

Most of the hostile criticism comes from a minority which believes that the development of trade with the United States would be detrimental to the British Empire. The preference given to Great Britain has done much, it is argued, to create an Imperial feeling throughout the Empire whereas the commercial understanding just announced will have a tendency to lead Canada away from Britain. This is the opinion of George E. Foster, former Minister of Finance, who has conducted tariff negotiations in the past. R. L. Borden, opposition leader, shares this view, and in addition considers the agreement so extensive as to be most unlikely to succeed in Congress.

One feature of the situation that is causing remark is that any privileges Canada extends to the United States in the way of trade must be conceded to twelve other nations besides Great Britain. They will also apply to every country with which Canada has the most favored Nation treaty. Old treaties which were made by Great Britain years ago bind the whole Empire. These countries are the Argentine Republic, Austria-Hungary, Bolivia, Colombia, Denmark, Japan, Norway, Russia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Venezuela. By virtue of special trade arrangements Canada must also extend these concessions to France and Germany.

SURPRISE IN BRITAIN.

Such Concessions Not Expected—Liberals Uphold Canada's Action.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The scope of the reciprocity agreement between the United States and Canada came as a surprise to the British public. No one had expected so many changes to the free list or such important tariff reductions as the details of the proposed measure revealed. The tariff reform newspapers from their commencement had made light of the negotiations between the American and Canadian Commissioners, and predicted practical failure for their efforts to reach a mutual understanding. The general opinion was that the United States was so strongly wedded to high protection that it would not offer Canada much.

The reception of the agreement here, however, was generally favorable. Most of the high officials are on vacations, which will continue until Parliament meets, and those remaining in town would not be interviewed on the subject of the agreement. The Liberal Government, however, is distinctly favorable to the proposed measure. Several officials pointed out to-day that under the agreement the United Kingdom loses some of the advantages hitherto enjoyed by it under the American tariff, but that nevertheless the Government is gratified that the Liberal Party in Canada is achieving some measures of its policy of give and take.

At the offices of the Canadian Commission here satisfaction was expressed at the outcome of the negotiations. The tariff reformers and strong imperialists, however, are not enthusiastic over the agreement. The tariff reformers consider that the proposed measure demonstrates that while the United Kingdom remains a free-trade country Great Britain cannot compete with foreigners for the trade of its colonies. While they do not wish to antagonize the Canadian Government by severe criticism, they would have been better suited had the agreement been postponed until after the Imperial conference in May, from which they anticipate considerable grist from their tariff reform mill.

Apparently with the purpose of waiting to hear from the political leaders the London afternoon papers did not treat editorially with the subject of the agreement.

The editorials in the morning newspapers dealing with the treaty will be concerned more with its effect on the policy of imperial preference than the merits of the agreement itself. The protectionist journals consider that the agreement if ratified will deal a serious blow to British trade, and increase the cost of food in Great Britain through the diversion of Canadian supplies to the United States.

The Standard will urge that the preference propaganda be pushed with renewed energy lest Great Britain's place be indefinitely taken by America.

The Morning Post will say the free traders have sold the soul of the nation, but that the world they were to gain is slipping away.

WILL KEEP UP BAR AGAINST JAPANESE

Taft Assures Pacific Senators That Treaty Change Will Not Harm Exclusion Policy.

WARNING TO GOV. JOHNSON

Outbursts Against the Japanese Would Cost San Francisco the Panama Fair, He Was Told.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—It developed to-day that before going ahead with its negotiations for a new treaty with Japan from which would be omitted the provisions expressly reserving the right of the United States to restrict Japanese immigration the Administration had taken careful steps to placate public sentiment along the Pacific Coast, should alarm be felt there that the signing of the new treaty would be the signal for an influx of Orientals. The Coast Senators have been led to understand that what restrictions are now actually in force under the present treaty will be tacitly continued under the new treaty, so that the practical working will be the same, while Japan's pride will be saved the humiliation of any treaty declaration on the subject.

The truth of the matter is—as has long been recognized in certain quarters—that Japan is as anxious to keep her laboring men at home as we are to exclude them from the United States. With this object in view Japan, several years ago, gladly fell in with our wishes in regard to a system of passports as the best check on Japanese emigration to this country. Besides, even under the present treaty, about the only legislation we have enacted against Japanese immigration is a statute declaring that Japanese passports to our insular possessions are not good for admission to the mainland.

In addition to the soothing assurance received by Coast Senators, members of the House are convinced that the Administration will insist on acquiescence in the proposed new treaty by Coast legislators in return for Administration influence in favor of having the Panama Exposition at San Francisco. Senators would not admit that any such argument had been used with them, but members of the House seemed to think it a natural bargain, and one that would keep them quiet about Japan, at least until after the site for the exposition had definitely been chosen.

The President last November, just before Congress met, invited Hiram Johnson, the Governor-elect of California, to the White House, and there laid bare to him the programme with regard to the treaty. He impressed Gov. Johnson with his view that the time had come to satisfy Japan that our feeling toward her was wholly friendly, and that we could play a magnanimous part in the controversy over immigration, which was continually breeding rumors of war and drawing the minds of both peoples so habitually to the thought of war that sooner or later the talk of war would probably bring upon us the real thing.

Mr. Taft put the Governor under a promise to go home and keep his State quiet until the treaty could be ratified. He said that if the newspapers and mass meetings broke out against Japan in any way it would cause such opposition that San Francisco would never get the exposition. Gov. Johnson gave the promise, and has kept it thus far.

Members of the California delegation to-day discussed the situation dubiously. They see clearly the danger there is in the proposition, and have been counseling patience and quiet—at least until after next Tuesday, when the vote is to be taken in the House on the exposition resolution.

"I do not believe our folks will say a word," said Julius Kahn, the San Francisco member. "The exposition matter will be settled next week, and it will be some time before the treaty will be ready for action in the Senate. I do not deny that there will be a widespread feeling of disappointment on the Pacific Coast if all that our people have been contending for in the policy of exclusion is to be given away at one stroke. There has been a well-understood determination out there this Winter not to permit any action in the Legislature or elsewhere that would bring on a Japanese war scare. I imagine that the news of the proposed treaty will stir things up after a while, but not now—not now—not now."

"I assure you my people will protest in time," said Congressman Hayes of California. "We will never yield an inch from the view that our country is not to be run over by a horde of Orientals poured in on us without let or hindrance. I have heard that quiet had been induced among Pacific Coast people by the threat to give the exposition to New Orleans and it has worked thus far, and I think it will continue to be effective at least until next Tuesday night. After that you may hear a yell of protest all along the coast."

I have hoped that the present status would be continued," said Oscar Needham, a member from California and of Ways and Means. "Under the old treaty and the agreement made by Mr. Roosevelt, Japan was doing the fair thing by withholding passports from her people and the Pacific Coast has been content, apparently, with the situation. I very much fear that the news of a new treaty of the character stated will not tend to preserve the silence that has been enjoyed from our section of late."

The House will vote on the exposition next Tuesday, each member when his name is called on the choice of site answering either "New Orleans" or "San Francisco."

FAVOR SAN FRANCISCO.

Massachusetts and Rhode Island Want the Panama Fair Held There.

BOSTON, Jan. 27.—A resolution favoring San Francisco for the site of the Panama Exposition was passed in the lower branch of the Massachusetts Legislature to-day by the vote of 60 to 32.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 27.—San Francisco was indorsed as the place in which to hold the Panama Exposition in 1915, in a resolution which was passed in the lower branch of the Rhode Island Legislature to-day.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 27.—A memorial to Congress, adopted by the Senate yesterday favoring San Francisco for the Panama Canal Exposition in 1915, was indefinitely postponed in the House to-day.

A resolution was introduced by Representative Hogan (Dem.) of Portland to the effect that "We request our Senators and Representatives in Congress to use their influence for the adoption of such measures as will bring about fair reciprocity trade relations between Canada and the United States."

GUNBOAT WHEELING ASTRAY.

Said to Have Been In an Accident—Naval Men Not Worrying.

MOBILE, Ala., Jan. 27.—The wireless telegraph station here reports that the naval stations along the coast have been making efforts all day to locate the United States gunboat Wheeling, reported to have met with an accident.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—While no word has been received by the Navy Department from the gunboat Wheeling, which is rumored to have met with an accident at sea, it was officially announced by the department to-day that no anxiety is entertained in regard to her. The department does not expect the Wheeling to arrive at Guantanamo until Saturday evening. The vessel's wireless set is of short range, as has been pointed out at the department, and it would not be strange if she were not reported until shortly before her arrival at the Cuban port.

CAIMANERA, Cuba, Jan. 27.—The gunboat Wheeling has not yet arrived here, nor has there been any wireless communication with the ship.

LEAK IN BIG AQUEDUCT.

Washington's Water Supply Impaired —Cabin John Bridge in Danger.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The aqueduct of historic Cabin John Bridge has sprung a leak and the City of Washington is losing 2,000,000 gallons of water a day. The supply of the city has been seriously impaired.

Lieut. W. C. Langfitt of the corps of engineers, U. S. A., has estimated that $35,000 must be procured to make the bridge and conduit safe. Congress will be asked for an immediate appropriation.

If style appeals to you a Young Hat will win your favor, at the first "try on."

Derbies and Soft Hats $3 & $4.
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HOLD POLICEMAN AS GRAFTER

William Meyers Under Arrest on Charge Made by Fur Vendor.

William Meyers, a policeman in the Hamburg Avenue Station in Williamsburg, and living at 370 Chauncey Street, Brooklyn, was arrested yesterday on a charge of extortion preferred by Alter Seigel, a vendor of furs, who lives at 240 East Fourteenth Street, Manhattan, but who has a fur stand at Broadway and Fayette Street, Williamsburg.

Seigel says that he has been annoyed for three months by Meyers, on whose beat his stand is located. He says that not only has he been arrested three times, but that before each arrest he was told by Meyers that if he wished to continue doing business at the old stand he would have to "come across" with something. Seigel says he gave Meyers two sets of furs, one fur neckpiece and $1, but that Meyers was not satisfied.

Meyers was arrested in the station house by Police Capt. Becker on a warrant issued by Magistrate Kempner of the Adams Street Court. When arraigned later in the day Meyers was paroled in the custody of Inspector Sweeney for a hearing on Monday next.

J. J. Carton Dies at Sea.

James J. Carton, the Chicago merchant, who was carried on board the Mauretania at Queenstown, hoping to reach his home before death came, died from internal hemorrhages on the voyage. He crossed to Ireland on the last trip of the Mauretania. While in Dublin he was taken ill and determined, against the advice of his physician, to return to America.

Keep the Kaiser's Birthday Here.

In celebration of the birthday of the German Emperor, Herr Frankxen, the German Consul General, gave a banquet at the Deutsche Verein in Fifty-ninth Street last night, which was attended by all German Consuls, Vice Consuls, and Secretaries of the Consulate General. Among others present was Carl Schurz, son of the late Carl Schurz.

ONE ESCAPED CONVICT TAKEN AFTER FIGHT

Continued from Page 1.

vals of two or three minutes from the prison to warn the surrounding countryside of the escape, and fearing that the near-by bank was already infested with pursuers, he did not dare raise his voice to locate his two pals.

He climbed a steep cliff near the river, made his way fearfully up the steep side of Breakneck Hill, often sinking to his knees in puddles of thinly frozen mud and slipping many times on the steep hillside. He reached the village, and, avoiding the foggy and dimly lighted streets, skirted the eastern boundary, intending to strike across country toward the Harlem Division of the New York Central, and thence toward the Connecticut line.

For hours he could hear the prison whistle sounding the alarm. He managed to keep the sound of the whistle behind him, and stumbled blindly through the dense fog and the bewildering hills. At last he struck the Mount Kisco road, and, without knowing for certain whither it led, followed it. The fog was growing colder and colder, and he shivered in his thin gray clothing without coat or hat.

Walked in a Circle in the Fog.

Several times, he said, lights blurred suddenly out of the thick fog. Then he always shrank fearfully away from them. The prison whistle ceased finally, depriving him of his chief guide in the mist. Several times he lost the road itself in the deep mud, and wandered into pathless fields. But he fought his way to the road again, and shortly after midnight straggled into Mount Kisco. He avoided the village, skirting the eastern fringe, and making his way, he thought, thence northward. After about three hours of blind straggling through the darkness, growing fainter and colder and more discouraged each moment, he struck a village again. To his dismay, he found that he had merely circled around and around Mount Kisco, and was back near the railroad station once more. Then, he said, he almost gave himself up.

He decided, however, to follow the railroad track from that point, and was soon on his way along that. He managed to make pretty good time from there on, losing only in frequent detours to avoid track hands or possible pursuers, whenever he saw a light swinging toward him through the fog. At daybreak the fog lifted, and he abandoned the railroad tracks again, cutting across the country. He suffered keenly from hunger and cold, but knew that to ask shelter or food meant certain capture.

He was dizzy with faintness and cold when he neared the village of Bedford Hills, and circled around it. When, a little further north, he was discovered by the Chief of Police and his companion, he knew the end had come, but decided to fight as long as he could. After his capture, and after a warming at the station stove and a breakfast, he took his misfortune resignedly and waited for Warden Frost to drive over in his auto, as soon as Fee telephoned the news of the capture to the prison. Handcuffed, Taylor was taken back, refusing to make any further statement.

Glimpse of the Other Two.

Despite Taylor's assertion that he had become separated from the two other convicts, Chief Fee was inclined to think they might have parted near Bedford Hills, and sent his policemen scouring the surrounding country for them this afternoon and to-night. They could find no trace of Bush or McGinn, however.

Warden Frost and his men were no more successful. After tracking to its source every rumor, however slight, that the convicts had been seen in various parts of the county, the Warden was inclined to believe Taylor's statement that he had lost track of his comrades near the prison.

Early this morning two women reported to one of the prison guards that they had seen two men, coatless and hatless, dart across the road that leads from the village to the prison, and disappear in the fog to the east, going apparently toward the village. Guards sent after them were unable to overtake them, however. Warden Frost said to-night that he was following several clues, but could not divulge their nature or offer any definite theory as to the whereabouts of the missing men.

Imitated a Jersey Escape.

That the escape was planned carefully in advance seems assured. Bush, as a prisoner of more than five years' standing, with never a single reprimand to his discredit, was allowed to act as assistant librarian at the prison and to read the newspapers. In these, it is thought, he may have read of a New Jersey escape similar to that of Thursday night. This occurred about a week ago. The convict became lost to his keepers in the fog in less than fifteen seconds. It is Bush, the life termer, probably, who led the plot and instructed his comrades in the details.

Being a life prisoner, he had least to lose, even in case of recapture. The law provides that a life prisoner may apply for a parole after twenty years. Bush had served nine years. For his escape, or attempt to escape, he would, if captured, have 1,200 days, or nearly four years, added to this term of twenty years, before he could apply for parole.

By the same rule of "five days' added imprisonment for each month of the prisoner's minimum sentence," Taylor, sentenced to nearly twenty-three years, will have to serve four years and three months more than his regular minimum term of eight years and six months. McGinn, if recaptured, will have an added term of 150 days before application can be made for a parole. He would have been eligible for parole in October next had he not joined the plot to escape.

Warden Frost would not say to-day whether the escape of Thursday night would lead to the establishment of any material changes in the rules or system of the prison. The custom of having the band rehearse has been in force for twenty years, and it would prove disadvantageous in many ways to interfere with it. It is likely, however, that hereafter two guards will be kept in the bandroom, to make impossible the occurrence of an attempt at escape such as that of yesterday. The prisoners have always shown a marked pride in their band, especially on such occasions as they are permitted to attend concerts in the prison yard, on the Fourth of July and other National holidays.

Overcrowding to Blame.

While not trying to account fully for the escape on Thursday night, Warden Frost, as well as other officials at the prison and at Ossining, pointed out to-day that the prison authorities have long been hampered by insufficient facilities. The prison was built with 1,200 cells to house a prisoner in each cell, but its present population is more than 1,700 and the number has reached as high as 2,047. For the last two or three years various makeshifts have perforce been made to accommodate the large surplus of prisoners. The old Protestant chapel has been utilized as a dormitory for 200 prisoners, the former hospital as a dormitory for 65, and the upper floor of one of the shops as sleeping quarters for 300.

"Overcrowding, such as these makeshifts, which tend to loosen up the established order," said one official at the prison, "tends to increase the activity of the prisoners in their attempts to escape. No prisoner has ever been lost from the cells proper. The conditions in the last two years have been so cramped and irregular in this respect as to invite outbreaks from the men. The force at the prison has done the best it could under such difficulties."

How Taylor managed to obtain the stilettos found in his possession, the authorities at the prison confess, puzzles them. He worked in the knitting shop, and it is possible that he fashioned the weapons from some of the tools used there. McGinn wor

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PROMISE TO PUT PINS IN SEATS AT ALBANY

Suffragists Applaud Suggestion to Wake Up a Somnolent Legislature.

A CHAMPION FROM COLORADO

Horrid Things Said About Women Voters There Untrue, a Man Tells Broadway Theatre Audience.

Senator Josiah Newcomb was too busy in Albany yesterday to get to New York to speak to the Woman Suffrage Party at the Broadway Theatre in the afternoon. He was absolved by one of the speakers, Beatrice Forbes Robertson Hale, as having that tendency to somnolence which seems to exist in those leather-covered seats in Albany. She advised all good suffragists to fill those seats with metaphorical pins. The large audience assented to the pin policy with applause.

"Charm the ants over so wisely," said Mrs. Hale, "they cannot prevent us from getting the Suffrage Bill through in England."

J. N. Stevens of Colorado told the audience that not one of the horrid things said about the women voters of his State was true. He implied that an anti-suffragist winning money at bridge whist wouldn't be any worse than a woman suffragist selling her vote, though the suffragist women wouldn't do such a thing under any circumstances. Why, out in Colorado they would vote against their own husbands in a crisis, and the husbands loved 'em for it.

The suffrage baby in the gallery, who is getting to be a feature of suffrage meetings, cooed gleefully.

Mr. Stevens wandered back into history to tell where women started in with a reputation for not being worth while. In Judea the men gave thanks that they had not been made heathen, slaves, or women.

"Ba-ba-ba-ba-ba-ba-ba," cried the baby in the gallery in distressed tones.

Mrs. Pearce Bailey, who is looked upon as a mirth-producer by the suffragists, began her address very seriously yesterday. She said she did not think the suffragists really understood in what a great movement they were engaged, what a wonderful thing it was, this woman crusade, in which the women were holding hands across the sea. She told the women how necessary it was to have the mother in the Government, though it was the men who had done such wonderful things for women in putting forward the labor-producing machinery which gave even working women a chance to think of bigger, broader things.

"Some one told me once," she said, "that I should never make a suffrage speech without an attack on men, but you see I think we could hardly do without men, and then I rather think we are going to have them with us to the end of the chapter. Still I wouldn't trust any man to look after children. I wouldn't even trust Mr. Roosevelt. Think how Sarah must have felt that morning way back in early history when Abraham and Isaac and the battleaxe went off together. And then there was John Calvin. He was one of the best men of his time and yet he condemned all unbaptised children to everlasting fire. I wouldn't have trusted John Calvin with my children."

Mrs. Jessica C. Finch told the women to come out and live in their own senturies. "There is a larger class of dependent women right here in New York than anywhere else in the world," she said. "Women always have been accustomed to work. The most interesting point of view of suffrage is the way work has been taken out of the home and the way women have followed it. It is perfectly natural that a girl should earn her own living except where she is very wealthy—any excuse for the little group of dependent women. They are the only women we are afraid to have handle the ballot."

A resolution was passed asking the legislators to put the question of the vote for women before the people at an early date.

Equal rights for all, fair play and no squabbles over the prizes is promised for a suffrage bridge and five hundred party to be given at Duryea Hall this afternoon. The party is under the direction of Mrs. Dr. C. Balch, 585 West 140th Street, leader of the Twenty-third Assembly District Division of the Woman Suffrage Party. Mrs. Balch says that she will sell tickets to suffragists and anti-suffragists alike and that the antis will have as good a chance of winning prizes as any one else.

TESTIFIES ON A STRETCHER.

Girl Tells the Grand Jury of Employer's Attack—He Is Held.

Chiarina Alcolina, a seventeen-year-old girl, was brought before the Grand Jury on a stretcher yesterday to testify against Alexander Rudini, a wine dealer, who, she alleges, attacked her last February. The girl jumped from a window in the Rudini home, at 145 West Tenth Street, on May 3, and has been in St. Vincent's Hospital with a broken spine most of the time since.

After giving her testimony a bench warrant was issued, and Rudini was locked up in Police Headquarters. He said he lived at 503 Lexington Avenue. Recently the girl brought a suit against Rudini in the Supreme Court, but it was dismissed on a technicality.

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Write your advertisement fully; just what you can do. Our expert will aid you if you wish.

Telephone Bryant 1000 and insert your advertisement in The New York Times.

LOOK FOR SHEEHAN TO WITHDRAW SOON

Murphy Already Consulting the Insurgents as to Their Choice of a Candidate.

STRAUS'S BOOM GROWING

His Brother Confers with Dix—Insurgents Guarding Against Tammany Trickery—No Quorum Yesterday.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 27.—Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy and his lieutenants at the Capitol are utilizing the period of armed truce that now obtains in the Senatorial contest to sound insurgent members of the Legislature with regard to their preference as a candidate when William F. Sheehan withdraws from the race.

The withdrawal of Mr. Sheehan is looked for on Monday or Tuesday. He has been losing strength steadily, and is not overhopeful, though tenacious.

The deadlock at Albany has become almost a scandal, and the Tammany chieftain is chafing under the censure of himself and his organization. By Monday it is understood that Mr. Murphy will ask Mr. Sheehan to make a definite showing of his strength, and if this, as is expected, should prove insufficient for his election, Mr. Sheehan will be asked if he does not think the time has come for him to withdraw. It may be stated on good authority that should Mr. Sheehan decline Mr. Murphy will remain loyal to him.

The Tammany leader has told his friends that his word is as good as his bond, and that if Mr. Sheehan should decide to stay in the fight he will be willing to let the entire legislative programme of this first Democratic administration in two decades go by the board in order to wear out the opposition and show the independents, who have preferred to heed the desires of their constituents rather than the commands of Mr. Murphy in this Senatorial contest, that he is the real Democratic State boss. Should Murphy assume this attitude it might tie up legislative business indefinitely.

Norman E. Mack, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, whose allegiance to Mr. Sheehan has been attested by numerous public statements, has been seeking light on who the candidate for United States Senate, in the case of Mr. Sheehan's withdrawal, ought to be. The insurgents have given him non-committal answers. They feel confident of their strength. They know that of those who signed the anti-Sheehan pledge not one can be budged by inducements of any kind.

They know, too, that at least twenty-five up-State Democrats are ready to break away from their caucus pledge and that Mr. Murphy has gone it a little too strong to please even his rubber stamp following of the Tammany delegation to the Legislature.

Murphy's Tactics a Scandal.

The tactics employed by Mr. Murphy have created a scandal at the Capitol. There was some public airing to-day on the floor of the Legislature of grievances against the Tammany boss for using legislative patronage to intimidate the insurgents and whip them back into line for Mr. Sheehan.

Assemblymen Charles W. Cosad of Schenectady to-day both openly charged Mr. Murphy with preventing them from organizing the legislative committees of which they are Chairman by filibustering to appoint their nominees for clerks, thus holding up the business of these committees.

Mr. Cosad is Chairman of the Assembly Committee on Agriculture and Senator White is Chairman of the Senate Committee on Internal Affairs. Both of these committees are concerned with the affairs of the farmers. Murphy and his Tammany following, who maintain that Democratic victories are won in New York City and not up-State, feel that they need take little heed of the rural Democrats.

Gov. Dix had Daniel F. Cohalan as his guest at luncheon at the Executive Mansion to-day. It has not been denied that they discussed the Senatorial situation, and the prospect of a compromise candidate. Later Mr. Murphy called at the Executive Chamber and had a conference with the Governor.

Both Murphy and Mr. Sheehan are still at the Hotel Ten Eyck, but the Tammany chieftain will leave for New York tomorrow morning. Mr. Cohalan left this afternoon. A great majority of the legislators have been paired and have returned to their homes over Sunday. They will return on Monday, for what it is expected will be the final week of the contest.

The agents of Mr. Sheehan throughout the State, aided by Mr. Murphy's lieutenants, have been at work stirring up politicians in the home localities of insurgent Senators and Assemblymen, and as a result county organizations have adopted resolutions favoring the election of Mr. Sheehan. Mr. Sheehan and his friends are relying on pressure brought from such sources to win him some new recruits while the opponents of Mr. Sheehan declare that pressure much stronger against Mr. Sheehan will come from the constituents of such Senators not actively interested in politics.

There has been some talk about candidates to-day. Many supporters of Mr. Sheehan in the Tammany ranks were speaking well of the boom for Isidor Straus, which was sprung at the Capitol yesterday. Nathan Straus, a brother, received the privileges of the floor in the Senate and Assembly to-day, and afterward paid a visit to Gov. Dix in the Executive Chamber.

There was a rumor this afternoon that some of the leaders had discussed the possibility of combining on Mayor Gaynor as a compromise candidate, but confirmation of this could be obtained in authoritative sources, but the report was persistent.

Supreme Court Justice James A. O'Gorman was also mentioned as a likely candidate.

A movement that is regarded as a direct challenge to Murphy's control of Democratic politics in New York was the incorporation here to-day of the Democratic League of the County of New York "to foster, disseminate, and give effect to Democratic principles." There are thirty-five Directors, and the principal office is to be located in New York City. Among the Directors are William Temple Emmet, who is Chairman of the Executive Committee; Lee Kohns, A. Stanwood Menken, Frederick R. Coudert, Jane A. O'Brien, Robert Grier Monroe, Henry De Forest Baldwin, Senator John Godfrey Saxe, Montgomery Hare, and Assemblyman Harold Friedman.

Senator Saxe and Assemblyman Friedman are from Mr. Murphy's bailiwick and have steadfastly resisted all efforts to induce them to desert the insurgents.

Insurgents On Their Guard.

The insurgent Democrats are determined not to be caught off their guard. All were present except Assemblyman Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler at the joint session to-day, and they cast 29 of the 60 votes. Mr. Sheehan lost no votes, but most of his men were absent, having been paired with Republicans. The insurgents drafted Isidor Straus, the nephew of Curtis N. Douglas and D. Cady Herrick having been dropped.

Senator White of Schenectady changed from Douglas to Van Santvoord, Assemblyman Cosad from Shepard to Kernan, and Assemblyman Brace from Herrick to Kernan. The insurgents said there was no significance in the change, except that it showed they were not confining their support to any particular candidate. One hundred and thirty-four members of the joint Assembly were paired and seven others were excused, leaving the joint Assembly without a quorum.

Senator Wagner, leader of the majority in the Senate, presided in the absence of Lieut. Gov. Conway. For the first time in the contest Senator Grady, the progressive party, as he styles himself, was noted. Although he was present, he made an agreement not to vote, to offset the absence of Senator Brackett.

This is how the ballots stood at the first joint session yesterday and to-day:

Candidates.	First Day.	Yesterday.	To-day.
Sheehan	31	32	31
Shepard	14	10	9
Herrick	2	1	..
Gerard	2	2	2
Littleton	2	2	2
Parker	6	1	1
Kerhan	..	1	1
Glynn	..	1	1
O'Brien	..	2	2
Dix	..	1	1
Douglas	..	1	..
Van Santvoord	..	1	1
Taylor	..	1	1
Depew	76	77	15
Total	166	166	60

Attorney General Carmody held out no hope to those who believed a ballot on Saturday was unnecessary. In reply to the Grady resolution requesting interpretation of the Federal statute which outlines the procedure for the election of United States Senators, as to time for taking ballots, Mr. Carmody held that the law required the Legislature to take at least one ballot every day of the week except Sunday during the session of the Legislature or until a Senator is chosen.

PLACE FOR ROOSEVELT MAN.

But Not the One the Democratic Insurgent Leader Wanted Him to Have.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 27.—The appointments of attachés of the two houses of the Legislature were announced to-day by Clerks Patrick E. McCabe and Luke McHenry. Reports that these appointments had been delayed because of the Senatorship contest have been denied by the Democratic legislative leaders.

The question of appointments in the Senate was the subject of acrimonious discussion in the Senate on Thursday, when Senator Roosevelt, the young leader of the insurgents, offered a resolution directing Clerk McCabe to appoint Morgan Hoyt, a brother of Assemblyman Hoyt, Clerk of the Forest, Fish, and Game Committee, of which Mr. Roosevelt is Chairman. Senator Roosevelt intimated that Hoyt was not appointed because he (Roosevelt) had refused to support William F. Sheehan for the Senatorship.

Oakley Wigg, Clerk of the town of Hyde Park, the home of Senator Roosevelt, was named to-day as clerk of the committee. It appears that Senator Roosevelt recommended Hoyt for the clerkship of the committee and Wigg for a general clerkship. Senator Roosevelt refused to comment on Wigg's appointment.

Other appointments announced included these clerks of Senate committees: Finance, Joseph Gaudon; Judiciary, Alfred G. Neills; Cities, Christopher McCarthy; Codes, William Conkling; Insurance, Garrett Farrell; Taxation and Retrenchment, William A. Woodhill; Internal Affairs, Henry O'Rourke.

A. C. Stafford has been appointed Senate Postmaster.

BISHOP LUDDEN RETORTS.

Has a Right, He Says, to Take Part in the Senatorial Fight.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 27.—Replying to the criticism evoked by his recent declaration that religious bigotry and racial prejudice figured in the Senatorial controversy at Albany, Bishop Patrick Ludden of the Catholic Diocese of Syracuse said to-day:

"I don't know who this Hon. Mr. O'Connor is, and don't care to inquire, who calls me to severe account for my remark on the quarrel over the election of a United States Senator. He tells me that I ought to mind my own business and not interfere in politics.

"I beg to inform the honorable gentleman and others who feel as he does that, apart from being a clergyman, I am considerable of a taxpayer, I am an American citizen and a voter for half a century. As such I claim all rights of a citizen and don't recognize the powers of any self-constituted political dictator to place a chalk line to the limits of my political and civic rights.

"I have stated elsewhere that it is the wounded bird that flutters. I don't know what Mr. Sheehan is or who Mr. Murphy is. I have never met or seen either, and from my point of view I don't care a snap of my finger for either. The object of my public expression was not to inject religion into politics, but rather to eject and drive out thoroughly from politics and from church and religious rancor and animosities."

The O'Connor to whom the Bishop refers is Assemblyman O'Connor, himself a Catholic, who resented the Bishop's statement that William F. Sheehan was being opposed for Senator because he is a Catholic.

DIX TO SEE LEADERS HERE.

Governor to Discuss Appointment of Commissioner Bassett's Successor.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 27.—Gov. Dix will go to New York on Tuesday to attend the dinner to be given to Nathan Straus, and the Charity Ball. At that time, he said to-night, he will consult with leaders in reference to the appointment of a Public Service Commissioner to succeed Edward M. Bassett of the first district. The Governor said he had not made up his mind as to whether or not he would make an appointment. The fate of the first district Commissioner is still in doubt. If it is decided to abolish the board as a State department the Governor probably will not make an appointment when Mr. Bassett's term expires on Dec. 31.

It is expected the Governor will name Winfield A. Ruppuch, Democratic State Chairman, next week for Commissioner in the Public Service Commission of the second district, in place of John N. Carlisle, whose term will expire on Wednesday.

The latter part of next week the Governor expects to name a new State Civil Service Commissioner. W. Barry Murphy, Democratic leader of Orleans County, who was the secretary of Gov. Dix during the campaign, is talked of as the probable Democratic nominee, while ex-Senator Alexander Thompson of New York, a Republican, is being mentioned for the minority place on the Civil Service Commission.

KANSANS APPEAL TO DIX.

Democratic Senators Urge the Election of a Progressive in This State.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 27.—The Democratic members of the Kansas Senate to-day sent a message to Gov. Dix of New York urging the election of a progressive as United States Senator. The message declared:

"We, the Democrats of the Kansas State Senate, deprecate the conditions that make your Senatorial deadlock possible, and hope you will elect a progressive Democrat, to the end that Kansas may be safely considered Democratic at the next Presidential election. Please communicate to your Democratic members in House and Senate."

FIGHT FOR HIGHWAYS BOARD.

Republicans Fear Tammany Hopes to Profit by Abolishing It.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 27.—Protests from all parts of the State are coming into the Legislature against Gov. Dix's proposal to abolish the State Highway Commission, established during the second term of Gov. Hughes, and place the construction and care of the State roads under the State Engineer, who formerly had charge of the work. The commission consists of three men, one appointed by each succeeding Governor for a three year term.

The Republican minority in the Legislature has been quick to take a stand against the proposed change, which, it is asserted, would turn contracts aggregating $10,000,000 a year into the hands of Tammany Hall.

Edwin A. Merritt, Jr., minority leader of the Assembly, said to-day that "the State Engineer has all he can do to build the Barge Canal," while Senator Brackett, Republican leader of the upper house, says:

"Road building is too important to be intrusted to a short-term elective officer such as the State Engineer. That plan has proven an expensive and disastrous failure. I cannot think that the majority in the Legislature will dare to abolish the efficient Highway Commission and return to the old methods."

The moneys authorized by the last Legislature to be expended by the commission this year are as follows:

Bonds and county highways	$10,000,000
Completing New York-Buffalo trunk road	1,000,000
Repairs and maintenance	1,000,000
Total	$12,000,000

In addition there is $1,500,000 appropriated by the Legislature for town roads, the work on which is done under the rules and regulations of the commission, which will not, however, handle the money.

CHAMP CLARK SPEAKS IN WILSON'S CAPITAL

Speaker-Elect's Trip to Trenton Said to Have Been Taken with an Eye to 1912.

MEETS GOVERNOR AT DINNER

Church Delegates Hear New Jersey Executive Define the True Spirit of Democracy.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 27.—In what is generally regarded as part of a plan to counteract the growing popularity of Gov. Woodrow Wilson of this State as a possible Presidential nominee in 1912, Champ Clark, Speaker-elect of the next Congress, appeared here this evening to address the graduating class of a local business school.

While he confined his address to the value of commercial education, Mr. Clark's presence here is believed to have been to give the people of New Jersey an opportunity to become better acquainted with his personality. Mr. Clark was well received.

Mr. Clark was accompanied to Trenton by Congressman Ira W. Wood, Republican, of this city. He was the guest of honor at a dinner given by Prof. John E. Gill, head of the school. Gov. Wilson, former Gov. Stokes, Congressman Wood, Gen. C. Edward Murray and other notables were among the guests.

In the first Methodist Episcopal Church here to-day Gov. Wilson delivered an address before the delegates from all sections of the State, who came to Trenton to organize the Inter-Church Federation of New Jersey.

The new association was a development of the true spirit of democracy, he said. It was a spirit, the motive of which was deeper down than the mere plans of a political party; a spirit which says the life of one man is just as valuable as that of another, and therefore was opposed to special privilege. The spirit of Democracy, the Governor declared, was like the spirit of Christianity.

The church delegates planned to organize permanently to-day as a part of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, but the Methodist and Baptist delegates attended without power to act and nothing could be done definitely. A constitution was adopted, but not until after considerable discussion as to the use of the capital letter C in the word "Catholic." It was finally agreed to use "Catholic" with a small letter.

MARTINE GETS CERTIFICATE.

Gov. Wilson Sends a Delegation to Notify the Senator-Elect.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Jan. 27.—United States Senator-elect James E. Martine received his certificate of election at his home late this afternoon. It was presented by a committee appointed by Gov. Wilson, consisting of Brig. Gen. D. F. Collins of the National Guard, Judge Mark A. Sullivan of the Court of Appeals, W. W. St. John, a newspaper man, who was responsible for Martine's candidacy, and former Assemblyman Joseph Tumulty, Secretary to the Governor.

A committee of citizens headed by Mayor May of Plainfield and Mayor Bradley of North Plainfield escorted the Governor's committee to the Martine home.

Mr. Martine is still confined to his bed, and will not be able to be around for a fortnight. As many Republicans as Democrats have sent him congratulations.

WEST VIRGINIA SENATE TRUCE.

Republicans Willing to Let Democrats Choose President from Opposition.

CHARLESTON, West Va., Jan. 27.—Overtures from the Republican members of the State Senate renewing the efforts at compromise in the fight for control of that body, were made this evening simultaneously with the expiration of the armistice which had been entered into with the Democrats last Tuesday and under which the Republican Senators returned from Cincinnati.

The proposal, submitted to-night by the Republican leaders to the Democrat Steering Committee is a modification of former demands and offers to permit the Democrats to name the President of the Senate, provided that office is given to one of the Republican members. The other proposed terms are the same as those rejected by the Democrats last night.

The Democrats are expected to give answer to the proposal to-morrow. Meanwhile a "sentiment's agreement" holds that until this is disposed of no attempt will be made to arrest the Republican absentees.

NO RESULTS IN THE WEST.

Balloting for Senator Going On in Iowa, Montana, and Colorado.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 27.—To-day's ballot in the Iowa Legislature stood as follows: Kenyon, 37; Young, 33; Funk, 31; Garst, 1; Porter, (Dem.) 43. Absent, 7. Necessary to elect, 76.

DENVER, Jan. 27.—No choice resulted from to-day's joint ballot for United States Senator by the Colorado Legislature. The vote: Democrats—Adams 10; Martin, 1; Maupin, 18; O'Donnell, 8. Shafroth, 1; Waldo, 29; Thomas, 5; Thomas, 5; Ward, 1. Republicans—Dawson, 1; Gowdy, 1; Northcutt, 7; McCreary, 4; Vaile, 20.

HELENA, Mon., Jan. 27.—The ballot on United States Senator in the Montana Legislature to-day followed: Carter, (Rep.) 34; Walsh, (Dem.) 25; Conrad, (Dem.) 17; scattered, 14. Necessary to elect, 45.

Loving Cup for Ex-Gov. Fort.

ORANGE, N. J., Jan. 27.—Ex-Gov. John Franklin Fort of New Jersey, who will sail to-morrow on the steamship Cleveland with Mrs. Fort, their daughter Margaret, and Miss Florence Osborne of East Orange, received a loving cup from members of his military staff at a dinner at the Essex County Country Club to-night. The cup, which bears the coat of arms of the State, was presented by Adjt. Gen. Wilbur F. Sadler.

He is a happy man who has found a cigar to his taste.

Benefactor (Superior size) cigars are at the end of many a long search. The nickel price per piece is the rate by the box—can't be sold a cent less.

UNITED CIGAR STORES

NATIONAL GUARD DETAILS.

List of Officers and Their Assignments in the Metropolitan District.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 27.—In general orders issued to-day from Headquarters Division, N. G. N. Y., the examining boards for officers, then existing, were dissolved and new details for the boards were made. The details for the Metropolitan district are:

For Officers of the Corps of Engineers—Lieut. Col. George W. Bunnell, Chief Engineer; Major George H. Clark, Corps of Engineers; Capt. William A. Kenney, Corps of Engineers; Capt. William H. Hapgé, Medical Corps, (Twenty-second Engineers.)

For Officers of the Signal Corps—Lieut. Col. Frederick T. Leigh, Chief Signal Officer; Major Oscar Schaeffer, Signal Corps, (First Brigade); Major Sanford L. Cluett, Signal Corps, (Third Brigade); Capt. Hugh A. Mantork, Medical Corps, Second Company, Signal Corps.

For officers of Cavalry—Capt. James C. McLeer, Squadron C; Capt. Arthur F. Townsend, Squadron A; Capt. William R. Wright, Squadron A; Capt. Charles A. Bryon, Medical Corps, Squadron C.

For officers of Artillery and Ordnance officers serving with organizations attached directly to division headquarters—Lieut. Col. W. S. Thurston, Chief Ordnance Officer; Major Franklin W. Ward, Coast Artillery Corps, Ninth Artillery District; Major David Wilson, First Battalion, Field Artillery; Major Bryer H. Pendry, Coast Artillery Corps, Thirteenth Artillery District; Capt. Clinton Stevenson, Medical Corps, Thirteenth Artillery District.

For officers of the Medical Corps—Lieut. Col. William G. Le Boutillier, Chief Surgeon; Major John F. Macumber, Medical Corps, Fourteenth Infantry; Major William S. Terriberry, Medical Corps, Field Hospital; Capt. Joseph A. Cox, Medical Corps, First Ambulance Company.

For officers of Infantry of the First Brigade and officers of the Adjutant General's, Inspector General's, Judge Advocate General's, Quartermaster's, Subsistence, and Ordnance Departments serving with the First Brigade—Lieut. Col. Thomas W. Huston, Twelfth Infantry; Major Alfred E. Abel, Adjutant General, First Brigade; Major Robert McLean, Seventh Infantry; Major William Bachman, Seventy-first Infantry; Capt. Thomas F. Maguire, Medical Corps, Sixty-ninth Infantry.

For officers of Infantry of the Second Brigade and officers of the Adjutant General's, Judge Advocate General's, Inspector General's, Quartermaster's, Subsistence, and Ordnance Departments serving with the Second Brigade—Col. Frank H. Norton, Twenty-third Infantry; Lieut. Col. Ernest M. Jannicky, Forty-seventh Infantry; Major Walter Cornell, Judge Advocate (General, Second Brigade; Capt. William F. Kovner, Medical Corps, Fourteenth Infantry.

MORE JOBS FOR DEMOCRATS.

A. H. Morey and B. D. Haight Appointed State Bank Examiners.

ALBANY, Jan. 27.—These appointments in the State service were announced to-day:

Henry P. Keith of New York transfer tax attorney for the State Controller in Nassau County, compensation in fees.

Allison H. Morey of Buffalo and Benjamin D. Haight of New Berlin, examiners in the State Banking Department.

IN A TRANCE TO GAIN SIGHT.

Hundreds View Unconscious Blind Girl, Who Has Employed Self-Hypnotism.

Special to The New York Times.

McKEESPORT, Pa., Jan. 27.—Promptly at the hour she had designated, Miss Margaret Shipley, aged 25 years, and blind from her birth, this morning passed into a state of unconsciousness from which she has promised she will not awake until next Monday night, when she declared she will have her eyesight like others.

The city is much interested in her case, as she is well known and comes of an intelligent family. She has been fasting since Saturday night. She was promised through a child evangelist that her sight would be restored should she fast eight days.

To-night the house where the girl is lying unconscious was thrown open, and hundreds viewed the young woman lying apparently cold in death. Before passing into the state of coma Miss Shipley said:

"Last night there came to me Final and complete directions as to how and when I will receive my sight. I had been fasting since Sunday night and was told from Heaven that I must prepare myself for the manifestation by dressing in spotless white throughout. I was to recline on a white couch, and Mrs. Halderman, who has been my friend and who will wait on me in the trance, must also be dressed in uncompromising white. It was made plain, also, that I part my hair exactly in the middle. I am to get into a state of suspended animation this morning and will be unconscious of all events thence to Monday, when I am to return to realms of light. This trip will be repeated Saturday, Sunday, and Monday and then my sight will come. If any one should lay a hand on me while I am unconscious, he will fall dead and everything will be spoiled."

TROLLEY COMPANY INDICTED.

Grand Jury Also Wants the New York & Queens County Charter Canceled.

Forty indictments charging minor offenses and a resolution demanding that the Public Service Commission take steps to have the charter of the New York & Queens County Electric Railway canceled, were handed up to Justice Garretson in Long Island City yesterday by the Grand Jury.

The jury declares that the company operates its cars in total disregard of the provisions of its franchise; that cars are run at long and infrequent intervals; that open cars are run at times prohibited by law; that closed cars are improperly heated, and that efforts on the part of the residents and officials of that borough to compel the company to give an efficient service have been treated with contempt. The company pays a monopoly of the traffic from the Long Island City end of the Thirty-fourth Street Ferry and from the new Queensboro Bridge out to Flushing, College Point, and Jamaica, and the angry patrons say the road is run on a "go-as-you-please" plan.

The Grand Jury did not take up the Queens grand fraud owing to the change in Justice Counsel. The cases will come up before the February Grand Jury.

FIRST BLIND PUPIL GRADUATES

Young Schenck Did Four Years' Public School Work in One.

Dr. William H. Maxwell announced at the Board of Education yesterday afternoon the graduation of the first blind pupil of the public school system in this city from School 20, Rivington and Forsyth Street, next week.

He is William Schenck, 18 years old, of Bayside, L. I. He passed the recent examinations with a percentage of 90%, the highest of 430 scholars. He also received yesterday the Davis character medal, which was presented him by his Principal, I. Edwards Goldweaser.

Dr. Maxwell said the boy has made the greatest progress that he has ever heard of. During the last year School 20 has done four years' work. Young Schenck was admitted as a pupil at School 20 in October, 1909.

He mastered the Braille system in three weeks, and in three more weeks he stood at the head of his class. In his examinations questions were read to him by his teacher, Miss Loretta Burns, and he gave typewritten answers.

Public Meeting by Ethical Society.

The Society for Ethical Culture will hold a public meeting at its headquarters, 2d Central Park West, to-night to discuss the Public Service Commission law with the object of arousing sentiment against revision of the act by the Legislature this year. There have been suggestions that the new Legislature would possibly pass measures to curtail the jurisdiction of the commission.

150 Water Board Employes Dropped.

The reorganization of the Board of Water Supply began yesterday with the removal of nearly 100 assistant engineers and other minor employes by John F. Galvin, who was recently appointed to the board by Mayor Gaynor. The contracting department will be completely reorganized in the same future. J. Waldo Smith, the chief engineer of the board, receives a salary of $10,000 a year, heading the city's pay roll.

ART BOARD NEEDED FOR STATE BUILDINGS

Demand at Architectural League Dinner for Reform in Capital Structures.

CITY IS DOING BETTER

Borough President McAneny Hopes to Have Future Planning Commission Named—Praise for Present Board.

Sentiment in favor of the establishment of a State Art Commission, with functions and powers similar to those of the Municipal Art Commission in this city, was voiced at the Twenty-sixth annual dinner of the Architectural League at the Fine Arts Building last night. Two years ago Senator Wainwright introduced a bill having this object in view, but it was never reported. In opening the discussion last night, William A. Boring, President of the league, said:

"If the cultivated citizens of this State were to pass daily through the Capitol at Albany and see the crimes there perpetrated in the name of art, there would go up a mighty shout for a Commission to stop the purchase and acceptance by the State of inferior paintings, sculpture, and architectural designs."

President McAneny of the Borough of Manhattan assured the architects that the present city administration would join in the effort to have the bill enacted. He declared also in favor of a city planning commission to regulate the future physical aspects of New York.

"Inattention to considerations of beauty in this city," said Mr. McAneny, "led to many sad results before the Municipal Art Commission was established. In the future the things for which you stand will receive greater recognition. We are going to be civilized in the matter of buildings and city planning. I have proposed, informally, and shall soon propose formally, to the Board of Estimate the creation of a permanent city planning commission to govern the development of the city with a view to beauty.

"I am willing to protest that this is the greatest city in the world in material wealth, in its remarkable position and in the promise of its future. Even as it is in its youth and the glow of twenty, thirty, or forty years hence staggers the imagination. The time is ripe for regulating future city construction. Men of understanding and taste ought to be consulted in one place, where, under the city authorities, should control the development.

"This means not only planning the development of unoccupied tracts in the outskirts, but it means some corrections of errors in our old city map. It means the reconstruction of some of the old thoroughfares, opening up new ways and taking care of the congested districts while there is yet time. There is still hope that around the City Hall we may secure a civic centre that will be worthy of the greatest city in the world. Sometimes it is proposed to encroach with additional buildings on the ground belonging to the city around the City Hall, in order to save the expense for new sites, but the city can well afford to tear down the things that deface or impede the development of such a civic centre rather than to deface or impede it further."

Congressman James Luther Slayden of Texas told of the establishment of the Art Commission in Washington, and of the kind of opposition the bill encountered. He praised the work of the Municipal Art Commission, and said:

"If it continues its good work and you will only abolish the subway tracks on make the rules of that right tree and rule for all, your country cousins will fairly revel in a visit to the metropolis."

A special prize of $300 was awarded by the league to Lawrence M. Loeb, architect; Henry Kruger, Jr., painter, and George Lober, sculptor, for their work in collaboration on a mural fountain designed for the intersection of two streets. The Henry Avery prize of $50 for sculpture went to Leo Lentelli. Medals were awarded to E. H. Blashfield for his pendentives in the dome of the Court House at Youngstown, Ohio, and to A. Phimister Proctor for the tigers placed in front of Nassau Hall, Princeton University.

There will be a private view of the annual exhibition of the league to-day, and it will be open to the public from Jan. 29 to Feb. 18.

GIRLS STRIKE FOR MORE PAY.

Trow Co. Fills Many Places of Strikers, but Will Take Some Back.

Sixty girls employed as folders in the bookbinding department of the Trow Directory and Binding Company, East Twelfth Street, near Third Avenue, struck yesterday for higher wages. The demands, according to the strike leaders, were first made on Jan. 3 and repeated on Jan. 9, when they were refused. The strikers belong to a branch of Local No. 1 of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, of which Mary E. Murphy is President and Annie E. McNally is Secretary-Treasurer.

According to the strike leaders, the wages paid by the company in the busy season are fair, but are reduced when trade gets slack.

R. W. Smith, President of the Trow Company, said last night that the girls who went on strike were paid $14 a day. The place was also a union concern, he said.

"The fact is," he continued, "that this strike is a delegates' strike. The girls were ordered out by the union delegates and quit without questioning. We have forty girls in the places of strikers now and the sooner the rest return the better chance they will have of getting their jobs back."

Attacks Bank Case Indictments.

James W. Osborne argued a motion before Judge Swann in General Sessions yesterday to have the minutes of the Grand Jury, which investigated the affairs of the Washington Savings Bank, on which Joseph G. Robin, the indicted financier, was the head, examined. He asserted that the indictments found against three of the Trustees of the institution were found on the testimony of accomplices. The Trustees are Thomas F. Murphy, Harry A. James, and William D. Youngs, all charged with making false statements as to the assets of the bank. The motion was opposed by Assistant District Attorney Clark, and the court reserved decision until Monday.

Filtered Through The Ages

From the famous White Rock Spring at Waukesha, Wis.

Still Rock

A natural, uncharged Water.

A refreshing remedy for Stomach, Kidney, and Gouty Disorders.

OURANG OUTANG MADE PALS.

Big Fellow Came in Aboard Freighter Hudson from the Far East.

"Tom almost cried when he found he had to leave the ship," said Campbell Culliford, the mate of the big freighter Hudson, now at a South Brooklyn pier, after a voyage from the Far East. Tom, he explained to the searcher for news, is an ourang outang. He was bought from an animal dealer in Singapore, and before the Hudson reached port he was friendly with every one on board. Tom is 6 months old, and is described by the mate as "big-framed, long-armed, red-headed, and very affectionate."

When Capt. Robinson brought his vessel to her pier he sent for a Zoological Garden man. This man conceded that Tom was a fine specimen and asked the price. He was told he could have him for $100. He promptly paid the money. After the sale the discovery was made that the price current of an ourang outang is $200. The skipper bought another animal in Singapore. This was a long-legged hairy creature which the mate called "a wah-wah." This specimen could not stand the change in climate, and died while the vessel was crossing the Atlantic.

Culliford knows something about the Simian family. On a recent voyage they had an ape on board. He was so friendly that he had the run of the ship. One day the mate, returning to his room, saw the ape smoking down the stovepipe. He entered his room and found the ape had been amusing himself by tearing up his private papers. Culliford was so angry that he got his revolver and hurried on deck. He found that the ape had taken to the rigging. He fired and the ape fell into the sea.

"It's just like murder," objected the skipper, who had hurried on deck at the sound of the shot.

"Well," replied Mr. Culliford, "if he had torn up your papers you would be ready to do murder, too."

GIRL SAVES S. P. C. A. OFFICE.

Sees the Mayor and Gets the Aldermen to Act to Prevent Its Closing.

Because she learned that the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals proposed abandoning its branch in Jamaica, Miss Mary Bruce Stanton, the 18-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stanton of Pulsa Street, that place, drew up a petition, went to Mayor Gaynor for his signature, and finally got the Aldermen to take action. Going to City Hall, she obtained an audience with Mayor Gaynor, to whom she explained the case. He would not sign the paper at once, but said he would think it over, sign it, and mail it back to her.

Miss Stanton got Alderman W. Augustus Shipley of Jamaica to promise to introduce a resolution before the board requesting the meeting of the decree for the prevention of Cruelty to Animals continue its Jamaica branch.

"But the resolution may not pass, even if I introduce it," said Alderman Shipley.

"I'll see that it does," she replied.

On Wednesday she went to the Aldermanic Chamber and "buttonholed" Alderman White in true lobbyist's style, asking him to help her.

"I will," said he, "and I'll get my friends to do so."

The resolution was adopted unanimously, and yesterday the news was received in Jamaica that the society would not discontinue its office.

TWO SHIPS AGROUND IN FOG.

H. M. Whitney and Mohegan Strike Near Throgg's Neck—Off Unhurt.

The dense fog of the early morning be

PERUVIAN TROOPS INVADE ECUADOR

Border Village Attacked and Three of Defenders Killed, Guayaquil Reports Say.

LIMA ADMITS A CLASH

But Peruvian Minister Says Ecuador Troops Attacked—Reinforcements Sent on a Warship.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, Jan. 27.—Two hundred Peruvian soldiers attacked the village of Chacras, Ecuador, near the boundary. Three Ecuadoreans were killed and eight others wounded.

Meagre accounts of the fighting were contained in a telegram received here to-day from Santa Rosa, near the Peruvian frontier. According to this message, a misunderstanding between the authorities of Ecuador and those of Peru culminated in an assault upon Chacras by a body of Peruvian infantry.

LIMA, Peru, Jan. 27.—Rumors of another encounter between Peruvians and Ecuadoreans on the frontier near Zaruma, Ecuador, were confirmed to-day. At midnight yesterday the Peruvian cruiser Almirante Grau sailed from Callao for Payta, on the northwest coast, carrying 300 infantry to reinforce the frontier guard.

Yesterday Señor Aparicio, Minister from Ecuador, called upon Foreign Minister Mastines, and subsequently the representatives of the mediating powers, the United States, Brazil, and Argentina, were received by President Leguia. The results of these conferences were held secret. There is much uneasiness here.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The Peruvian Minister here has received advices from his own Government by cable regarding the clash between Peruvian and Ecuadorean forces on the border, from which he extracts the following information:

"The Ecuadorean troops raided Pocitas and committed acts of violence against the Peruvian inhabitants. When the Peruvian police went to the border to investigate the facts they were attacked by the Ecuadorean garrison from the other side of the river. There were dead and wounded on both sides as the result of the collision.

"The Peruvian Government has informed the representatives at Lima of the mediating powers—Argentina, Brazil, and the United States—and advised them at the same time that in consideration of the massing of Ecuadorean troops on the frontier Peru also will send troops to the points menaced.

"It appears that the efforts of the mediators, which were successful in securing the withdrawal from the boundary line of the Peruvian and Ecuadorean troops opposed to each other a few weeks ago, have come to naught and that actual war is imminent."

The advices from Lima, Peru, and Guayaquil, Ecuador, regarding a clash between Ecuadoreans and Peruvians near the northern shores of Peru, follow upon the strained situation in the long-pending boundary dispute between the two republics, created by refusal of Ecuador to accede to the suggestion made jointly by Brazil, Argentina, and the United States that the difference be submitted to The Hague Tribunal. Peru had already agreed to accept the suggestion made by the three powers after King Alfonso of Spain, first selected as arbitrator, had refused to act.

President Alfaro of Ecuador is now at Guayaquil.

KAISER'S BIRTHDAY HONORS.

Emperor Is 52 Years Old—Admiral von Tirpitz Promoted.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—To-day is Emperor William's fifty-second birthday.

Among the honors announced in connection with the anniversary, Admiral von Tirpitz was promoted to be an Admiral of the fleet. Vice Admiral Baron von Seckendorff was decorated with the Red Eagle of the first class, Ludwig Goldberger received the Red Eagle of the second class, and Dr. Gustav von Krupp von Bohlen und Halbach the Crown Order of the second class.

MUTINY UNDER OUR FLAG.

Turkish Soldiers on American Vessel in Levant Mishandle Consular Agent.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 27.—According to newspaper reports here, there has been a serious incident on board a coasting steamer named "New Jersey," which flies the American flag, but the officers and crew of which are Greeks.

Some fifty time-expired Turkish soldiers accompanied by a Lieutenant, so the story goes, embarked on the vessel at Beirut, Syria, destined for Mersina, Asia Minor. Accounts of the affair differ in details, but one version is that the soldiers mutinied at Alexandretta at the instigation of the Lieutenant in order to compel the Captain of the vessel to proceed on the voyage without calling at any other ports.

The American Consular Agent at Alexandretta, John T. Peristiany, on boarding the steamer was set upon and roughly handled by the soldiers. Finally the local Governor, aided by the police, intervened and arrested the mutineers, but the Captain of the steamer refused to surrender the Lieutenant. It was mutually agreed to hand him over for court-martial at Constantinople when the ship arrived there.

On the arrival of the steamer at Smyrna, however, there was a fresh incident. The second mate of the vessel on landing was seized and haled to Government house. The American Consul General at Smyrna, Ernst L. Harris, intervened and procured the mate's release, but on the other hand surrendered the Lieutenant to the local authorities.

Another version of the affair places the blame on the hastiness of the Greek crew, especially the mate, who is alleged to have used a revolver and wounded six men.

The American Embassy here has not yet received a full report of the mutiny.

Available shipping registers contain the name of no American steamer New Jersey which should be in Turkish waters. The three New Jerseys laid down in the records are a ferryboat, a pilot boat, and a small gas screw boat, all belonging in the vicinity of New York City.

HOOT GALAPAGOS LEASE.

Troops Disperse Crowds of Ecuadoreans Gathered at Guayaquil to Protest

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, Jan. 27.—Troops were called out to disperse immense crowds which paraded through the streets last night in protest against the proposal to lease the Galapagos Islands to the United States.

The police attempted to keep the paraders away from the vicinity of the Presidential residence but were unsuccessful. The demonstrators gathered in front of the house occupied by President Alfaro, who is stopping here, and hooted the Government and Archer Harman, President of the Guayaquil & Quito Railway Company, who is popularly regarded as responsible for the project of leasing the islands.

Eventually troops summoned to guard the palace scattered the crowd.

MENACE KAISER'S PALACE.

Unemployed Driven Away by Police, Then Parade Berlin Streets.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—A large crowd of the unemployed attempted a hostile demonstration in the vicinity of the palace today at a time when Emperor William was transmitting the password to the castle watch.

The manifestants were driven away by the police and marched through the central district of the city hurling insulting epithets at the officers and shouting "We want work!"

TO AID OF SERVIA'S WOMEN.

They Do Farm Work, Says Former Miss Dunlap, While Men Talk Politics.

Mme. Slavko Grouitch, who was formerly Miss Mabel Gordon Dunlap of Virginia, and is now the wife of the Servian Charge d'Affaires in London, arrived yesterday on the Mauretania. She is interested in the work of uplifting the Servian women and hopes to establish a school in domestic arts and sciences in Belgrave.

"The women of Servia do all the agricultural work," she said. "The men? Oh, they talk politics." Hearing that the New York School of Applied Design for Women is considered the best of its kind, Mme. Grouitch has come here to learn its methods. She will then go to Chicago and other cities.

HONDURAN REBELS FLEE TO SALVADOR

General and Eighty Soldiers Surrender to Neutral State—Ceiba Battle Hard Fought.

BLUE JACKETS WATCHED IT

British and American Sailors Guarded Neutral Zone—Davila Leader Killed and One American.

SAN SALVADOR, Jan. 27.—Gen. Ramon Soto and other officers and eighty soldiers of the Honduran revolutionary army have taken refuge in Salvadorean territory, delivering themselves to-day to the commandant at La Union.

Soto and his companions presented themselves to the authorities and then telegraphed President Figueroa, declaring that they had taken refuge in Salvador because arms and munitions of war had failed them in the rebellion against the present Government of Honduras.

President Figueroa informed the American Minister that the Honduranas would be brought to the capital immediately, where it is assumed they will be kept under strict surveillance.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, Jan. 27.—Advices received here from Tegucigalpa say that the Honduran Government forces have defeated the revolutionists at Portillo del Ocotillo, San Marcos de Colon, and San Antonio del Norte, killing or capturing many of them. The dispatch adds that these defeats, together with the detention of the revolutionary gunboat Hortut by the American cruiser Tacoma, is believed at Tegucigalpa to mean the collapse of the revolution.

CEIBA, Honduras, Jan. 27.—The insurgents to-day captured Yoro, a city of 3,000 inhabitants and the most important place between this city and Tegucigalpa. A concerted attack upon the capital from three sides is expected within the next few days.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 27.—Wireless dispatches received here early to-day giving an account of the capture of Ceiba, Honduras, by the Bonilla revolutionaries on Wednesday say the battle was a fierce one while it lasted, casualties including twenty dead and seventy wounded. The insurrectos left twelve in dead and about fifty in wounded, while the Government losses were eight dead and about twenty wounded.

The dead include Gen. Francisco Guerrero, Governor of Ceiba and commander of the defending garrison, and one American, Louis Bolt, of New Orleans. The Governor was shot in the back as he turned from one street to another in which the firing was going on with vigor. He kept at the head of his command, however, until he was overcome by loss of blood and fell from his horse.

American bluejackets, assisted by British seamen, played an important part during the battle in preserving the neutrality zone, and their work in this connection probably saved the lives of several noncombatants.

The commander of the Government troops was prevented from placing the choice guns on the neutral grounds at the point of bayonets in the hands of the sailors.

Gen. Christmas, who had carefully planned the battle some time in advance, was ably assisted by two Americans, Guy Maloney of New Orleans and Joe Reed of Charleston, Mass. Christmas and his two American aids are credited with valiant work during the fighting, which lasted for three hours.

The Government forces were well disciplined and fought to the last, the fighting dwindling down, however, after having been continued by the retreating Government forces from the last of the hastily constructed trenches and breastworks.

Finally they sought refuge in the neutral zone, and after the battle were turned over to the revolutionary leaders.

Gen. Manuel Bonilla, head of the revolutionary movement, has not left the vicinity of Truxillo, the first seaport to fall into his hands.

Louis Beir, the only American killed in the battle, is well-known in New Orleans. He lived here several years ago. He leaves a wife and two children. Beir was 45 years old, and was at one time connected with the Consular service in Honduras. He was a non-combatant. A stray bullet killed him while he slept.

The Honduran revolutionists have complete control of the Mosquitia department, the extreme northeastern division of Honduras, according to advices received here to-day by the steamer Hiram Ironis. Near-by towns were captured on Jan. 20 while the steamer was at Ironis, and a band of several hundred revolutionists that day started on a march to San Carlo, in the department of Colon, where they planned to effect a juncture with Manuel Bonilla's main army.

HAWKES FOR LONGER PIERS.

Former Dock Commissioner, Back from Europe, Says Extensions Are Needed.

The extension of the North River piers is advocated by McDougall Hawkes, former Dock Commissioner, who returned yesterday on the Cunard liner Mauretania. Mr. Hawkes went abroad on Oct. 12. He has been studying international law in Paris.

"The granting of the petition to extend the Chelsea piers 100 feet should in my opinion be granted. Such an extension is needed to meet the demands of commerce, and would not be detrimental to navigation. I went to Europe and investigated docking facilities before I laid out the present Chelsea piers. Even at that time there was talk, perhaps vague, of the coming of vessels greater in length than the Mauretania and Lusitania.

"It would be impossible to extend the piers by excavating inshore. Such excavation would interfere with the north and south lines of city traffic. Besides, such a plan is too costly to be considered, while to extend the present piers the cost would be comparatively small."

Mr. Hawkes is in favor of considering the lengthening of city piers and those across the river separately. One request should not conflict with the interests of the other, and both should be considered separately and upon their merits.

Mauretania Brings in Her Record.

The Cunard liner Mauretania reached her pier yesterday afternoon after having been delayed in the fog outside Sandy Hook since Thursday night. The vessel has two new propellers of the same type as the pair they replaced. The Mauretania made the trip in 4 days 10 hours and 41 minutes. Thursday, when she made her record run of 676 knots, her average hourly speed was 27.04 knots an hour.

Approve Women as Jurors.

OLMPIA, Wash., Jan. 27.—The lower house of the Legislature passed a bill yesterday making women eligible for jury duty by striking the word "male" from the present statute.

UPS AND DOWNS

The ups and downs of life will never be quite smoothed out till we grow a little less human, and a little more divine.

But the ups and downs of a building investment can be turned to good account by merely reversing their order.

A building investment has a tendency to go up, and the income to go down.

Our method is, to keep the investment down and the income up.

We accomplish this with a fair cost, proper quality and speed of completion.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction
Fifty-One Wall Street

CHOLERA IN ARABIA.

Appears Among Turkish Troops Fighting Rebels in Yemen District.

HODEIDA, Arabia, Jan. 27.—Cholera has appeared among the recruits recently sent from Constantinople to reinforce the troops who are fighting the rebellious Arabs in the Yemen district. A few cases among the inhabitants of this place are also reported.

As Hodeida is the base for the Turkish operations and the station for supplies and munitions, the outbreak of the disease is likely to add seriously to the difficulties of quelling the insurrection.

ARTIST BURNS OLD MASTERS.

Examples of Rubens and Van Dyke Lost When Menke Drops Match.

ANTWERP, Jan. 27.—M. Menke, a well-known art collector, to-day dropped a lighted match in his studio, which set fire to and burned several paintings by old masters, including Rubens, Vandyke, and Teniers.

The destroyed paintings were valued at $40,000.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Jan. 27.—The newly appointed German and Ecuadorian Ministers, Adolph von Prollius and Gen. Julio Andrade, presented their letters of credence to President Gomez at an audience given at the Yellow House yesterday.

RIO JANEIRO, Jan. 27.—The Department of Agriculture announces the following rebates on imported American pedigreed live stock brought here for breeding purposes, the allowances to go toward the expenses of importation: Cattle, $150 gold per head; horses, $190; asses, $123; proportionate rebates on sheep, goats, dogs, and poultry.

PANAMA, Jan. 27.—The special session of the National Assembly closed to-day. The legislation adopted included a measure increasing duties on imports, with the exception of corn, rice, lard, and flour. The duties on luxuries were raised 5 per cent. and on other imports, except those mentioned, 2½ per cent. The new tariff schedules will become effective on May 1.

Frederick Loeser & Co.

In every detail the Leading Retail Establishment of Brooklyn.

The Subway to Hoyt Street Brings the Loeser Store Within 17 Minutes of Forty-second Street.

Girls and Young Women Have an Important Share in This Dispersal of Outer Apparel

EVERY PART of the Apparel Sections now have their story of reduced prices to tell. Women find Coats and Suits and Dresses of the most attractive sorts marked below their earlier prices—often to half price.

Misses and younger girls find opportunity to replenish wardrobes with new Clothes, so correct and conservative in style that they will be admirable wear another season—and to do it at a small fraction of the fair worth of the garments.

It is a part of the business policy of the Store to send all winter wear into usefulness NOW—and these price adjustments are one method to achieve that end. Lots are limited and sizes broken, of course.

$1.59 to $4 Dresses at 80c. to $2.

These are children's one-piece Dresses of plaids and plain serges in popular shades and combinations. Some show yoke effects, others plaited waists and skirts. All are plaited in one fashion or another. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

$2.98 to $10 Coats at $1 to $5.

These are girls' full length Coats of fancy cloths, diagonal cheviots and a few chinchillas. Some are lined throughout and others unlined. Some have combination collar and cuffs. Most of them button close to the throat and are made with semi-fitted backs.

Half Prices in Apparel for Misses.

Dresses, Suits and Long Coats of the most approved styles in considerable variety.

Second Floor. None C. O. D., Credited or on Approval.

Women's 85c Silk Hose at 39c

THINK OF PAYING THIRTY-NINE CENTS for imported black spun silk Stockings of a fine sheer quality with "Dub-L-Tops" and lisle soles, which render them more durable than the ordinary kinds.

Eighty-five cents is the usual price, and at eighty-five cents a pair they would be good value. It is one of the best values of the season in Silk Hosiery of equal quality, at.....39c

Women's $1.50 and $2.00 Silk Hosiery at $1.19.

Black and colored pure thread silk Stockings of very fine quality, some have "Dub-L-Tops" and cotton soles.

Main Floor.

Clearance of Veils & Veilings Brings Wonderful Values.

Veilings at 10c. a Yard, Values to 49c.

WIDE VARIETY for choice. Fancy and plain meshes, chenille dot and composition dots, hairline and octagon effects in all colors, including black.

Veilings at 19c. a Yard, Values to 98c.

Here, too, is exceptionally broad renge. Plain and fancy meshes, hairline, octagon, chenille and composition dots, patterns of various size dots. In a splendid assortment of all the best shades.

Chiffon Veils at 59c., Values to $1.29.

Unquestionably the best Chiffon Veil values we ever had for the money. They are of fine qualities in all of the best shades; 1¼ yards square, 2x3 yards long and 20 inches wide.

59c. to 98c. Hat Veils at 25c. Each.

The price is absurd, as you will agree after you see these Parisian Veils, which are made of silk mohair with a lustrous finish and which are displayed in a variety of the most desirable light shades. They are all finished with border patterns in attractive Persian, floral and other attractive designs. Some are finished with fringe; others are finished with the hemstitched ends. A value never before equalled at 25c. each

Main Floor, Fulton Street.

In This Glove Clearance Are Glove Values to $1.50 for 59c.

LAST CALL for this clearance sale. And women who would like to have an odd pair or two of fine kid Gloves for a little price must be prompt to avail themselves of this opportunity.

There are many styles and nearly every size in the collection, but not every size in each style.

Priced now at 59c. a pair.

Main Floor. None Sent C. O. D.

Ribbons at 29c, Values to $1.50

A MISCELLANEOUS ASSORTMENT of wide Ribbons, ombre effects, spots and stripes, some ottomans, many fine moires, changeable taffetas, etc., in widths from five to eight inches. Many especially desirable for millinery and fancy work.

At 15c., value 23c. A handsome smooth taffeta Ribbon, five and a quarter inches, in all the popular colorings; Ribbon of the kind that is eagerly bought for hair bows at the regular price.

At 19c. Exquisite Dresden Ribbons, in a full range of the delicate pastel colorings, with narrow satin edge. This is a five-inch Ribbon and a remarkable value at its present pricing.

Main Floor, Bond Street.

Much Furniture in the Sale Will Especially Interest MEN.

THIS FURNITURE SALE has also particular interest for men because it is rich in the sort of Furniture that men particularly like—deep, soft, roomy leather Chairs and Couches; many pieces appropriate for the furnishing of library and den; even a considerable disposal of Office Furniture at lowered prices.

And another point is this: We should like men to examine the QUALITY of all this Furniture on which prices have been lowered. See how the pieces are put together. Look at the inside finish of drawers; look at the backs of chiffoniers and other pieces that are to stand against the wall. It is GOOD Furniture—as good as the best woods and the best designing and the best craftsmanship could make it.

Leather Chairs and Davenports—20% Off.

Easy Chairs and Rockers.

$28.50, regularly $36. Arm Rockers, upholstered seat and back; mahogany frame.

$30.50, regularly $38. Arm Rocker, tufted seat and upholstered back; mahogany frame.

$32, regularly $40. Arm Rocker, all upholstered, cushion seat.

$36, regularly $45. Arm Chair, upholstered seat and tufted back, mahogany frame.

$37, regularly $46. Arm Rocker, tufted seat and back, mahogany frame.

$38, regularly $46. Arm Chair, loose cushion seat and upholstered back, mahogany frame.

$44, regularly $57. Arm Chair, upholstered seat and tufted back, mahogany frame.

$47, regularly $59. Arm Chair, upholstered seat and tufted back, mahogany frame.

$51, regularly $64. Arm Chair, loose cushion seat and tufted back, mahogany frame.

$56, regularly $70. Arm Chair, upholstered seat and tufted back, mahogany frame.

$57, regularly $72. Arm Chair, loose cushion seat and tufted back, mahogany frame.

$59, regularly $74. Arm Chair, loose cushion seat, and tufted back, mahogany frame.

Davenports.

$44, regularly $55. Mahogany frame, upholstered seat and back.

$49.50, regularly $62. Mahogany frame, upholstered seat and back.

$59, regularly $74. Golden oak frame, tufted seat and upholstered back.

$68, regularly $85. Mahogany frame, tufted seat and upholstered back.

Third Floor.

O'NEILL-ADAMS Co

1868 Established 43 Years 1911

6th Ave., 20th to 22d St.

Men's Furnishings

Important Clearance Before Stock-Taking

Adams Building—
Just inside the 21st St. door.

Men's $1 Shirts at 49c

800 from our own stock, consisting of plain and pleated bosoms; also a small lot of stiff bosoms—all perfect, but have been handled. If relaundered these shirts would be as good as new. All sizes, from 14 to 17½.

Men's $4 Blanket Robes at $2.65

Made of woolen blankets; piped seams, satin yokes with girdles to match. All sizes, but not all colors.

Men's $5 Blanket Robes at $3.50

Made of fine quality woolen blankets, coat or regular styles. All sizes and all colors.

Men's $5 House Coats at $3.65

Made of double faced cloths, well tailored, strap seams, all colors. Sizes 34 to 46.

Men's $2 Pajamas at $1.15

Made of good, strong woven madras, full cut coat and pants; military models. Small, medium, large and extra sizes.

We give Surety Stamps and redeem them in merchandise.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

Every Fine Clothes and Tremendous Value Requisite Is To Be Found in This Sale

The tailoring is the accepted high standard of fine tailoring, the product of a unified custom tailoring organization 66 years old.

The styles give that assurance of correctness which naturally accompanies the choice of three generations of the more discriminatingly dressed men of New York.

The assortment is as wide and as comprehensive as you would ordinarily expect to find at the season's beginning, because the demand for Smith Gray & Co. clothes has kept our custom shops at capacity until a few days since, and so more than half of these garments have left the tailors' hands within the last week or ten days.

The prices set a new high value mark in clothing history—here where values are standard—where under ordinary conditions the price means the ultimate in possibility of purchase—the reductions now mean a saving of all the way from $5.50 to $12.50 per garment.

There are sizes and models for men, young men and boys, of every correct style idea.

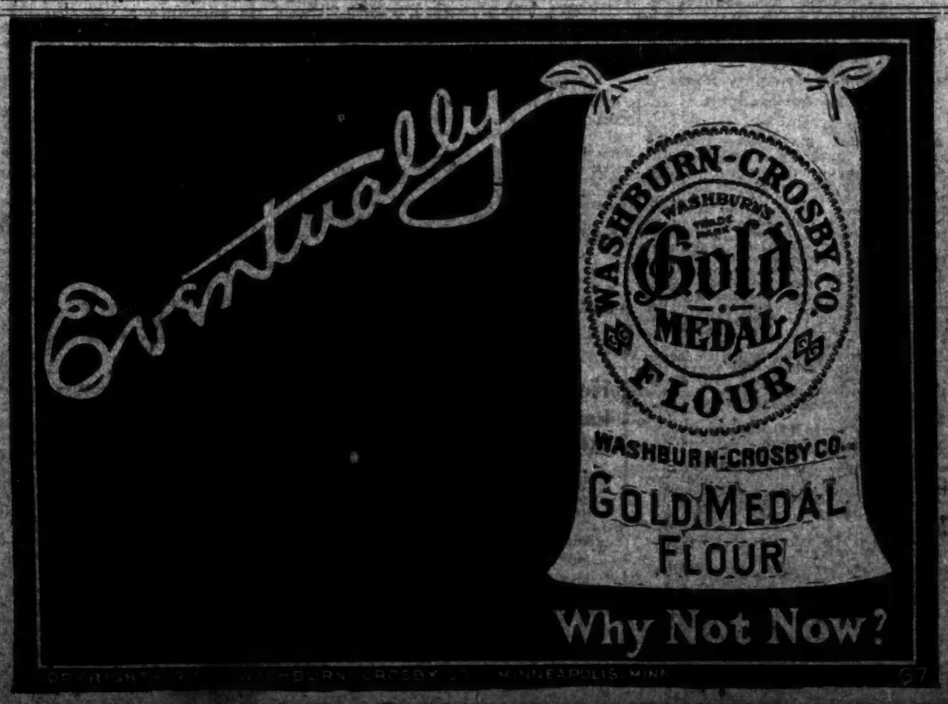
$18.00 and $20.00 Suits and Overcoats..... Broken sizes	12.50
$20.00, $22.50 and $25.00 Suits and Overcoats.....	15.00
$25.00, $27.00, $30.00 and $32.50 Suits and Overcoats.....	17.00
$30.00, $32.50 and $35.00 Suits and Overcoats.....	21.00
$40.00 to $50.00 Overcoats.....	27.50

Fur and Fur Lined Coats, regularly $75.00 to $200.00, are now 52.50 to 120.00

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren Street
Across from City Hall.
5th Av. Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.



STANDARD OIL STARTS $350,000 LIBEL SUITS

Falsely Accused in Hampton's, It Says, of Selling Impure Glucose to Candy Makers.

FIRST TIME TO HIT BACK

Policy of Silence Under Attack Abandoned—Moffett, Author of the Article, Admits Only Technical Error.

The Standard Oil Company, for the first time in its existance, has struck back at its accusers by means of a civil suit for damages, charging libel. A complaint and summons in such an action demanding $350,000 damages was served yesterday on Benjamin B. Hampton, President of both The Broadway Magazine, Incorporated, and Hampton's Magazine, Incorporated. Similar papers were served on Cleveland Moffett, a writer, demanding damages to the extent of $100,000.

The civil suit is based upon an article written by Mr. Moffett and appearing in the current issue of Hampton's Magazine, entitled "Cassidy and the Food Poisoners," in which Mr. Moffett says that the Standard Oil Company has been poisoning candy by the use of sulphites in glucose. This charge is denied emphatically in the Standard Oil Company's complaint, and it is asserted that the publication and circulation of the libel has affected the company's credit as well as its business. The company denies that it is engaged in the manufacture or sale of glucose, and in a statement supplementary to the complaint officials of the company said yesterday that the Corn Products Company, which is engaged in the manufacture of glucose, is not connected with the Standard Oil Company.

The announcement of the suit for libel marks the second important change in the policy of Standard Oil within recent years. The first was in 1907, when John D. Archbold, the present active head of the company, announced that in future the company would abandon its policy of secrecy and would adopt one of publicity instead. But those who are familiar with the history of Standard Oil expressed even greater surprise yesterday at the announcement that the company had struck back with a libel suit club.

First word of the action came yesterday from the Standard's lawyers, Shearman & Sterling, who announced that the defendants had been summoned to appear in the United States Circuit Court of the Southern District of New York, twenty days after the papers were served. Both complaints were signed by Henry C. Folger, Secretary of the Standard Oil Company. The one against The Broadway Magazine was sworn to before A. T. Doremouse, a notary public in Richmond County, and the one against Mr. Moffett before Nicholas C. Teddy, a notary of Kings County.

The complaints set up that the company "is engaged in the sale of a large number of useful products of commerce in various places in the United States and foreign countries and has gained a wide reputation for the sale of good, merchantable and commercially pure products, free from any form of poisonous or unlawful adulteration, and the value of its property and good will, and the extent of its sales depend upon this reputation, and that "the said false and defamatory statements and allegations directly affected the credit and property of the plaintiff," and are "causing its customers and the public to withdraw their relations with it as purchasers of its commodities and otherwise interfere with its business and injure its property and reputation."

What Moffett Charged.

Mr. Moffett's article was woven around an investigation of impure foods made by Harry P. Cassidy, a food inspector in Philadelphia. After telling what Cassidy found in several of his investigations, Mr. Moffett goes on to say:

"Next came Cassidy's famous investigation of the Standard Oil glucose frauds, the first clue to this piece of sensational crookedness coming through the trifling accident that Cassidy is inordinately fond of candy."

Mr. Moffett then told how Cassidy, while in a grocery store, chewed some salt water taffy and encountered something that seemed to stick in his throat with an unpleasant sensation. Then he had this to say:

> Step by step the investigation led back from the retailer to the wholesaler, to the manufacturer. And there, to his unbounded surprise, Cassidy ran straight into the Standard Oil Company, which formidable concern, as now came to light, had some time before quietly bought up glucose factories all over the country, until it had added this important industry to its list of monopolies. So here was the situation: All the glucose that came into Philadelphia was manufactured by the Standard Oil Company, and this glucose was tainted with sulphites!
>
> Before acting what Cassidy did in this emergency let us consider what reasons could make this greatest trust in the world descend to the petty deceit of poisoning candy. We have seen these plundering men, but the little children— How was that possible? It was possible because it paid. There is the answer. Anything that pays is possible.
>
> The Standard Oil people had discovered that the yellow color of glucose syrup, which is commercially undesirable, could be changed to the whiteness of pure sprine water by the use of sulphites. No eye could then tell it from genuine sugar syrup worth four times as much.
>
> It is true that shining white glucose syrup contained a harmful and poisonous substance that might work awfully if he introduced into any food product, but was this really important in view of largely increased sales and profits? Candy makers could now use two-thirds glucose to one-third sugar—an enormous saving. Sugar cost them 6 cents a pound, while this beautiful poisoned glucose from the Standard Oil Company cost only 1½ cents a pound. A wonderful saving for the candy makers! Twenty-two dollars saved on a ton of candy! And candy sells by the tons of thousands of tons!
>
> Standard Oil glucose factories had been working at full pressure to satisfy this new demand. Standard Oil receipts from its glucose monopoly were steadily increasing, dividends were fattening, every one concerned was making money, nor was any protest heard until the historic and dramatic moment when Cassidy with his strong white teeth bit into that piece of tainted taffy.

Mr. Moffett then declared that when four members of the firm of J. H. Huston & Co., agents of the Standard Oil in Eastern Pennsylvania and lower New Jersey, were arrested, convicted and fined for selling impure products, the Standard Oil Company "found out it must pay." He added:

> And pay it did, surrender it did, most humbly pleading to settle all fines imposed upon all parties in Philadelphia and Pennsylvania found guilty of using glucose illegally supplied them by the Standard Oil Company. There were some seventy such fines to be paid in Philadelphia alone, the total amount of fines paid by the Standard Oil Company amounting to $30,000.

A final word adds a touch of grim humor to this story. What the Standard Oil did after this misadventure was to raise the price of glucose a fraction of a cent! And note that so small an increase as an eighth of a cent on a pound applied to its annual output of 500,000 tons would bring it an extra $700,000, enough to repay fines and leave a handsome sum for a library or a playground.

At the office of Hampton's Magazine Benjamin B. Hampton had this to say:

> Mr. Carey, attorney, and Mr. J. L. C. Clarke, press representative of the Standard Oil Company, visited us on Tuesday and again on Wednesday, and stated formally that the article was in error in attributing to the Standard Oil Company the sale of glucose in Philadelphia.
>
> Mr. Carey and Mr. Clarke demanded a retraction. We stated that it is the desire of this magazine to be fair as well as accurate in all things, and that if per had done the Standard Oil Company even a technical injustice we would do all in our power to correct it. We pointed out that the Corn Products Corporation, which manufactures glucose and glucose products, has on its Board of Directors several of the prominent Directors of the Standard Oil Company; that [illegible] newspapers in dealing with [illegible] cases had repeatedly referred to [illegible] Oil as being the "inner circle of the industry"; that Philadelphians refer [illegible] matter as a Standard Oil affair.
>
> [illegible] the Standard Oil Company representatives were not satisfied with our attitude [illegible] to bring a suit [illegible] as we knew," added Mr. Hamp-

ton, "this is the first libel suit ever brought by the Standard Oil Company."

Mr. Moffett said last night that the things he wrote about the Standard Oil Company should really have been written about the Corn Products Company.

"I went to Philadelphia on that story for Hampton's just as a reporter for a newspaper goes out on an assignment," said Mr. Moffett. "That which is contained in the article was written from information which I considered to be authentic. When I was sent to Philadelphia by Hampton's to study the pure foods question there I had no idea that I would have anything to say about Standard Oil. I told the facts as I found them, that is all.

"This action by the Standard Oil is not only significant of changed conditions, but is a very serious one. We are up against the powers of darkness. The right of free speech in America is in jeopardy. They are trying to muzzle the magazines. Several magazines have changed hands recently. They have come under the control of the interests, and in each of them the muck-raking feature will cease. Muck-raking, in spite of its name, is a power for good in this country, standing as it does to promote good citizenship.

"Now, as far as the technical error is concerned it is just this: All the things we said about the Standard Oil Company should technically have been said about the Corn Products Company. Without being unkind, we all know what all alike is. It has been understood in Philadelphia and elsewhere that the Corn Products Company is one of the Standard Oil interests. So it is a technicality, and perhaps we should have put those things on the Corn Products Company. The President of the Corn Products Company is a Director of Standard Oil. The New York offices of the Corn Products Company are in the Standard Oil Building, at 25 Broadway.

"The first I ever heard of the Corn Products Company was after my article was for sale. I wrote that article from information which I deemed to be trustworthy in every respect. Inspector Cassidy always referred to the Standard Oil Company as the seller of the glucose. The editor of The North American in Philadelphia did the same."

SAYS HUSBAND USED DRUGS.

Mrs. Barker Also Alleges Abusive Treatment in a Suit for Maintenance.

Mrs. Annie L. Barker, wife of William J. Barker, a member of the New York bar, has filed a petition in Newark for separate maintenance from her husband, alleging abusive treatment throughout the thirty years of their married life.

Barker lives at 312 Elwood Avenue, Newark, and Mrs. Barker, since her final separation from her husband, which took place Jan. 9, 1900, has been living with her married daughter, Mrs. William Illingworth, on Mount Prospect Avenue. She was with her her youngest son, Arthur B. Barker, 13 years old.

Mrs. Barker charges in her petition that her husband has been addicted to use of drugs and intoxicants from the time of their marriage. About 1900, the petition states, the drink habit became so strong that on various occasions threats were made to destroy the petitioner's clothing, and attempts were made to choke her. At times the petitioner was forced to seek shelter with neighbors or her married daughter.

During the last five years that Mrs. Barker lived with her husband, the petition states, she was forced to leave him five times, but his promises to reform led her to return. It is stated in the paper that the defendant owns property in Brooklyn besides the Elwood Avenue residence, said to be valued at about $15,000, also an automobile.

Mr. and Mrs. Barker were married in Brooklyn in 1890. They went to Newark in 1904. Of the seven children born to them five are living.

Increase in Fatal Car Accidents.

An increase in casualties resulting from accidents on the railroads and street car lines of this city was shown in the Public Service Commission's monthly report, which was made public yesterday. During the last year 58 people were killed in accidents against 25 in 1909, while 3,310 persons were injured against 2,765 in 1909. Of these injured in wrecks or collisions 1,562 were passengers and 568 were employes. There were 5,624 accidents in 1910 against 4,500 in 1909.

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READY TO ATTACK THE PICTURE SHOWS

Board of Censorship Has a Plan of Action to Follow a Report from Mr. Fosdick.

SECRETARY COLLIER SAYS SO

Woman at Child Welfare Meeting Suggests That Ibsen Instead of Buffalo Bill Should Be Hero of the Films.

Public amusements of New York, especially those which cater to the patronage of the young, were overhauled in a general discussion before a large audience at the child's welfare exhibit in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory last night.

When the speakers had concluded their arraignment of the Legislature, the Board of Aldermen, and the Health Department for allowing moving picture shows in small, foully ventilated, and unkempt buildings, it was announced that questions would be permitted from the audience.

A woman school teacher wanted to know why a law could not be passed making Ibsen rather than Buffalo Bill a standard moving picture hero. Another immediately arose to dissent on the ground that it would be infinitely cheaper for Ibsen to have his immortal dramas "canned" into moving picture films, just as it cheapens the great heroes of the opera to sing into the phonograph.

John Collier, Secretary of the National Board of Censorship of Motion Pictures, who acted as interlocutor for those with questions to ask, explained that such famous tenors as Caruso did a public service when they sang for the rubber disks of the phonograph, as it carried the inspiration of their voices to thousands that otherwise they never could reach. He also explained that a rebel hero type for moving pictures lay somewhere between the wild Western bravado and Ibsen characters, and that a little of both elements he thought would go best as a mixture for young people's entertainment.

Mr. Collier took his audience into his confidence concerning a campaign which has not yet made itself felt publicly, but which, he said, would burst in a few weeks simultaneously from all the larger churches, the office of Commissioner Fosdick, and the larger associations having to do with social problems.

"The moving picture men," said Mr. Collier, "have played a pretty trick upon the public and the law. We said something about it over a year ago, but we found the Aldermen very loath to act.

"Now we are going about it in another way. We placed our data in the hands Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick, and what he outlines for now is his report. The instant it is made public the rest of our programme will come into action, and we do not think the Aldermen will be as slow to consider the matter as they were before when they could have acted with credit to themselves rather than under the goading of public sentiment that is sure to force them along as soon as the facts become known.

"After the Iroquois fire in Chicago the law makers at Albany framed up a law really intended to make theatres safe and sanitary. But they hadn't taken the moving picture theatre into special consideration, so they made a definition of a theatre which barred those having a seating capacity of less than 300.

"If you were to go through the moving-picture theatres of this town you would find that in almost every case they have managed to keep just within that legal limit. To keep within the limit, in fact, is why there is a moving-picture show house to every block, in some sections, rather than one big show house.

"At Albany, at the City Hall, and throughout the churches of the State, our campaign for more restrictions will open very shortly and will be conducted publicly until things are all that they should be. There are 760 motion picture shows furnishing amusement to 250,000 people a day in New York City."

Elizabeth Williams, head worker of the College Settlement, protested against allowing the "further unscrupulous exploitation by private individuals of the perfectly natural desire of young boys and girls to indulge in dancing." She said that the lack of control over dance halls by any city department was responsible for the sale of liquor in the halls and the frequent presence among the dancers of women of the streets.

$50 GIVES YOU A CHILD.

Pleasant Way in Which Bachelors and Childless May Provide for Waifs.

If you are a bachelor, or if you are married and childless, there is no reason why you should not support a child, provided you have $50. Miss Mary Vida Clark explained at the annual meeting of the State Charities Aid Association yesterday afternoon.

Miss Clark has charge of the Department of Dependent Children, which, she said, sent letters to bachelors and childless married couples pointing out that by a contribution of $50 a person could take a child out of an institution, have it placed in a family that had been investigated by the association, receive a photograph of the child and periodical reports on its progress. Some bachelors, she said, were now taking care of from one to ten children, and childless couples were supporting families of various sizes under this plan. She said that in three years homes had been found for 1,408 children.

Joseph H. Choate, President of the Association, said that the scheme had worked like a charm and bachelors would follow up the contribution of $50 with another and another. He was afraid that the only drawback to the plan was that it might check matrimony.

Homer Folks, Secretary of the association, speaking of the work of the Probation Commission, said that out of 116,000 persons committed to the State prisons and other penal institutions, 9,006 had been released in care of probation officers.

The Board of Managers was re-elected for a term of three years.

POLICE PAY WILL BE LATE.

Rolls Won't Be Certified Hereafter Until the First Day of Each Month.

Commissioner Cropsey announced yesterday that hereafter he would not certify the police pay roll until the end of the month, and the members of the force are downcast in consequence. The Commissioner's decision is designed to prevent policemen from "beating the pay roll."

Heretofore the roll has been certified on the 21st of the month, and policemen have received their pay on the first of the following month. Under the new régime the roll will not be certified until each man has completed an actual month's work. Consequently pay checks cannot be made out until probably the 10th of the following month.

Cruiser Baltimore to Replace Texas.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27.—The old cruiser Baltimore left the Philadelphia Navy Yard to-day for Charleston, S. C., to become a receiving ship at the navy yard at that place. The Baltimore will take the place of the Texas, which is to be made the target for warships at practice.

BRAVE SEA IN A FOG TO FIND SICK MOTHER

Daughters of Mrs. McCurdy Spend Night in a Tug Off the Hook Seeking German Liner.

REACH HER SIDE IN TIME

Their Presence Aids in Improvement of Stricken Chicago Woman's Condition —Sad News for Another Passenger.

Among the passengers who sailed from Southampton for this port on the North German Lloyd liner Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm on Wednesday, Jan. 18, were Mr. and Mrs. George L. McCurdy of Chicago and their seventeen-year-old daughter, Alice. Mr. McCurdy is the Western representative of several insurance companies, and had been abroad since Jan. 5.

Mrs. McCurdy, who is 50 years old, was apparently in good health when she embarked at Southampton. Suddenly on Friday morning she was stricken with paralysis. Dr. Tannenberg and Dr. Wentzel, the two ship's surgeons, declared her condition serious and warned Mr. McCurdy that his wife might not live until the ship reached port.

Directly the sick woman recovered consciousness she asked for her two daughters, Helen and Marjory, who had been left behind in their home in Hinsdale, a Chicago suburb.

"Where are my girls? Bring them to me before I die," was her continual cry day and night.

Mr. McCurdy sent a wireless message on Wednesday to his daughter Helen, instructing her to come to New York with her sister and bring with them Miss Edna Turgion, a trained nurse, who is known to the family. He instructed his daughter to go to the Waldorf-Astoria, where he was well known, and get the management to charter a steam yacht, not a tug boat, so that they could go out to see and meet the Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm and take their mother off.

The two young women arrived here on Thursday morning. H. L. Stewart, the assistant manager of the Waldorf, found that it was impossible to hire yachts in these waters, as they were all out of commission and laid up for the winter. Eventually, on the advice of Mr. Stewart, and two of the harbor pilots he consulted, Miss McCurdy decided to charter the Merritt-Chapman towboat Chancellow and go outside Sandy Hook to wait for the arrival of the liner.

Permits were obtained from Collector Loeb to board the vessel, Dr. Doty, the Health Officer of the Port, sent Dr. Daniel Evart, the resident surgeon of the Smith Infirmary, on Staten Island, to accompany the party. The tug started from the Battery at 10 o'clock Thursday night to feel her way down the Sandy Hook to a dense fog that had tied up harbor traffic. The three women were wrapped up in great coats borrowed for them by Mr. Stewart, and made themselves as comfortable as their anxiety would permit in the pilot house of the Chancellow.

The tug cruised about outside the harbor all night. In the early morning the German liner was discovered crawling up about eight miles east of Sandy Hook. The Chancellor stunk alongside until the Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm anchored at 7:30 A. M., and took the Misses McCurdy on board with the doctor and the trained nurse.

During the last few days the condition of Mrs. McCurdy had improved a little, and she brightened up when her two daughters reached her side. It was decided that it would be better for the patient to remain on board until the liner arrived at her pier in Hoboken in the afternoon. As soon as the vessel was made fast Mrs. McCurdy was carried down the gangway on a stretcher and placed in an auto-ambulance, which took her to the New York Hospital, where it was said later by the surgeons that her condition was serious, but not critical.

Mr. McCurdy went to the Waldorf with his daughters and engaged rooms to await developments in his wife's condition.

John M. Switzer, another passenger on the Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, had ordered by wireless a tug and a special train to convey him to the bedside of his dying father, in St. Louis. Early yesterday morning he received a wireless message stating that his father had died. The orders for the tug and the train were canceled.

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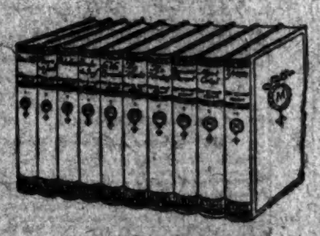

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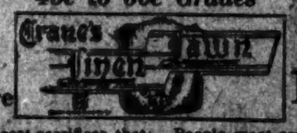

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DENOUNCE ATTACKS ON TRACTION LINES

Railroad Men Reply to Criticisms by Legislators and Magazine Writers.

DENY PROFITS ARE HIGH

Corporation Selling Safer Than Hunting Lions in Africa, One Speaker Says at Dinner in the Astor.

Three hundred and sixty members of the American Electric Railways Association were guests last night at a dinner at the Hotel Astor given in their honor by the two hundred members of the American Electric Railway Manufacturers' Association.

The railway officials have been holding their annual three-day meeting in the city. One of the principal subjects of discussion at the meeting has been what the speakers last night described as the "attacks" which legislators and magazine writers have been making in recent years against the Public Service Corporations.

The speakers at last night's dinner, all of whom were heads of big electric traction companies all over the country, took turns in denouncing these attacks. Some of the railway men said that the public service corporations were beginning to do educational publicity work, and that for this and for other reasons, the attacks would gradually stop.

The speakers were C. C. Castle, President of the American Electric Railway Manufacturers' Association; A. W. Brady, President of the American Electric Railway Association; William B. McKinley, President of the Illinois Traction System; Henry G. Prout, Vice President of the Union Switch and Signal Company, and Patrick Calhoun, President of the United Railroads of San Francisco. Mr. Brady, the first speaker, said that, because of the attacks on public service corporations, the public had come to believe that every public service company is not merely a mine of wealth for its owners, but that this wealth has been filched or otherwise taken from the public.

"The losses borne by the public service corporations in their efforts to give the general public the benefit of the latest improvements are a legitimate part of our capitalization, and should be recognized by the public as such," said Mr. Brady. "The public, as well as the investor, should pay its fair share of the losses of the companies through efforts for improvements."

Mr. Brady said that the net capitalization of the electric railways of this country was now $8,400,000,000 and that their gross annual income was $450,000,000. He added:

"The public service industry is no different from any other. Its profits should not be limited by law to a low rate of interest. Account should be taken of the hazards."

"The sport of jumping on corporations is nowadays safer than hunting lions in Africa," said Vice President Prout of the Union Switch and Signal Company. "Exaggerated interest in it has been aroused by socialism on the one hand, and by vote-seekers on the other. We are letting a spectre called 'Government' oppress us. Some 14,000 laws were passed by Congress and the State Legislatures in 1909.

"Socialism doesn't frighten me much, because as soon as a Socialist becomes competent enough to do anything practical for himself—let alone for other people—he becomes an individualist and forgets his Socialism. All these laws are the result chiefly of young men who write for 25-cent magazines. The Association of the Steam Railroad Officials of this country, however, are beginning to get in touch with the various public service commissions and with the saner newspaper editors, and I think a reaction is soon due."

President McKinley of the Illinois Traction System, who is also a member of Congress, said that if the public service corporations had gone in for publicity twenty years ago they would have been able to get freight rebates. President Calhoun of the San Francisco United Railways spoke on the subject of "Intelligent Popular Government and Public Utilities." Gov. Dix had been expected to be present and speak on "The Empire State," but he telephoned at the last moment that he had been detained in Albany.

Among the 600 diners were Frank Hedley, Vice President of the Interborough; Wilbur C. Fisk, Vice President of the McAdoo Tunnel system; A. J. Hemphill, President of the Guarantee and Trust Company; H. H. Vreeland, Oren Root, Thomas N. McCarter, President of the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey; Hinsdill Parsons, Vice President of the General Electric Company; Calvert Townley, Vice President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, and Charles O. Kruger, Vice President of the Philadelphia Traction Company.

PROHIBITIONISTS IN A ROW.

Charges of Treason and an Unholy Alliance at Chicago Meeting.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—Charges of treason to the prohibition cause, countercharges of "machine politics," and an "unholy alliance" were made yesterday at the second day's session of the Prohibition National Committee.

The storm broke with the presenting of a resolution calling upon Vice Chairman A. G. Wolfenberger of Lincoln, Neb., to resign. The resolution charged that he had withdrawn the Prohibition candidates in the last Gubernatorial contest in Nebraska, and had supported the Republican candidate. Another resolution was proposed asking all the other members of the Executive Committee to resign. One member, O. W. Stewart of Chicago, did so. The Secretary, W. S. Calderwood of Minnesota, also offered his resignation from the Executive Committee, whereupon it was declared that a plot existed to put the whole Executive Committee under a cloud.

After a dozen fiery speeches had been made, the session adjourned without a vote being taken on the resolutions.

CHICAGO SMOKE'S BIG LEVY.

Costs Citizens $21,830,000 Yearly, or $10 a Head—Laundries Thrive.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—Smoke costs the citizens of Chicago $21,830,000 a year, or about $10 per capita, according to statistics given out yesterday by the City Smoke Inspector, Mr. Bird. Because of the smoke, he says, the laundries are reaping a harvest, and clothing merchants, dyers, house renovators, and operators of itinerant vacuum cleaning machines are similarly thriving.

"This condition could be remedied in three or four years," he adds, "if we had the men and the means. At present we are able to make some headway against violators, and have a host of suits in the courts all the time."

BOSTON MAYOR COMPLAINS.

Fitzgerald Charges Finance Committee with Underrating His Administration.

Boston, Jan. 27.—The Boston Finance Commission was to-day accused by Mayor John F. Fitzgerald of suppressing the truth in many instances regarding his administration, protecting certain interests, and evading the law. He declared that the commission was responsible for Boston's lack of progress in the past year.

In its annual report issued last night the commission, after crediting the present administration of Mayor Fitzgerald with being far above his former one, declared that he had disregarded the commission's recommendations to reduce the compensation of salaried employes.

The Mayor to-day called attention to the reduction in the tax rate and the payment of $100,000 for improvements without resorting to loans, as had been the practice in previous years.

Dollar for a Destitute Widow.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of one dollar from "R. A. H.," to be expended by the Charity Organization Society in its efforts to improve the condition of a destitute widow and her two small children on behalf of whom the Society issued an appeal.

OLD FLUSHING MAN WANDERS

W. H. Ewbank Is Found in Brocton, Mass., and Tells Incoherent Story.

BROCTON, Mass., Jan. 27.—William H. Ewbank, an aged and wealthy resident of Flushing, L. I., was found by a policeman here in the early morning, and told a somewhat incoherent story of having come from New York to Boston, and thence to Brockton, by electric cars, and of an attempt made to rob him while here.

Apparently he had walked the streets all night. To the police he showed $104 which he had in his pockets. He gave his name and address in Flushing, L. I., and the name of a cousin whom he wished notified. He gave no reason for coming to Brocton, nor seemed able to tell connectedly of his movements since leaving New York. To-night he was still in the care of the police.

Mr. Ewbank, who is 83 years of age, is an old and prominent resident of Flushing. He is a bachelor, and lives at 104 Washington Street, Flushing. When he left his home a few days ago he told his housekeeper that he was going to visit a cousin in Brockton, Miss Anna Ewbank, who lives near that place. When news of his predicament was received in Flushing, George W. Pinkham and Frederick M. Van Nostrand, an attorney, left for Brockton to bring him back.

It is said in Flushing that the Ewbanks established the first Standard Oil Company agency in that village. Inheriting a comfortable fortune from his father, Mr. Ewbank added considerably to his wealth, and after retiring from business continued to keep himself known by many peculiar benevolences.

Some time ago he appeared at the rectory of the Rev. H. D. Waller, pastor of St. George's Episcopal Church in Flushing and, remarking that he wanted to make the church a present, handed over deeds of gift of improved property in Flushing said to be worth more than $200,000, simply reserving a life interest in the income.

SAYS SHE SUPPORTED FIANCE

Forces Him to Put Up Bail to be Free After Another Girl Takes Her Place.

Samuel Rosenthal, who is defending a $2,000 suit for breach of promise to marry brought by Sadie Stikler, furnished $250 bail for his release yesterday on a civil order of arrest signed by City Court Judge O'Dwyer.

Rosenthal, according to Miss Stikler, jilted her for a "richer and prettier girl" named Lena. Miss Stikler and her friend, Sadie Becker, in affidavits submitted to the court, tell of being present at a family conference, at which the plaintiff endeavored to have Rosenthal consent to repay money loaned, and make some settlement for her wounded feelings. The "new fiancée" of Rosenthal, according to the affidavits, was at this conference.

Rosenthal is alleged to have said that his new fiancée had plenty of money to fight the suits against him, and that he might leave the State to escape jurisdiction of the courts. The plaintiff and her friend quote the new fiancée as declaring that Miss Stikler would be well rid of Rosenthal, because he failed to work and was dependent on her. Miss Stikler says that she herself had to supply cash for his daily needs, and she sues for this also.

Rosenthal denies all the charges, including his alleged promise to marry Miss Stikler.

Soldier of Fortune Left $10,000.

The will of George Boynton, the soldier of fortune who died Jan. 19, filed yesterday for probate, leaves all of his estate, $10,000 in personalty, to his wife, Annie. In her petition Mrs. Boynton says she married the testator twenty-two years ago and has never known of his having any relatives.

QUEENS DEMANDS SUBWAYS FROM CITY

Jamaica and Towns Thereabout Unite in Appeal for an Equal Show with the Bronx.

SAY THEY DESERVE IT

More Than 1,000 Citizens Join in a Rousing Mass Meeting at Richmond Hill.

More than 1,000 citizens of Richmond Hill, Jamaica, and other towns in Queens gathered in mass meeting last night at Weiden's Columbia Hall, Richmond Hill, and decided to do whatever lies in their power to make the city officials consider the claims of Queens in building new subways. They insisted that Queens should get at least as much in the way of cheap rapid transit as the Bronx.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Jamaica Avenue Subway Association, but these sixteen other civic organizations joined in: Fourth Ward Transit Committee, Jamaica Citizens' Association, United Civic Association, Forest Park Taxpayers' Association, Twenty-sixth Ward Board of Trade, Hollis Improvement Association, Jamaica East End Civic Association, Civic Association of Bay Side, Richmond Hill Board of Trade, Queens Borough Real Estate Exchange, West End Citizens' League, South Ozone Park Association, South Side Civic League, Queens Civic League, Homestead Civic Association, and Union Course Board of Trade.

William P. Rae, President of the Jamaica Avenue Subway Association, opened the meeting by saying that in 1905 a subway route from East New York to Jamaica had been decided upon by the then Rapid Transit Commission, and that both the Board of Estimate and Mayor McClellan had also agreed to that route. This subway was to relieve the transit conditions of Jamaica and near by territory by giving a five-cent fare to Manhattan.

Mr. Rae introduced Joel Fowler, President of the Hillside Bank, as Chairman. Congressman-elect Martin Littleton, Timothy D. Woodruff, and State Senator Dennis J. Harte sent word that they could not be present, but they approved heartily the purpose of the meeting.

R. W. Higbie of the Executive Committee of the Jamaica Avenue Subway Association told of visits to the Public Service Commission, whose members, all except one, he said, were as blankly ignorant of Queens as they were of the Sandwich Islands. Since then the Commissioners had been shown around some, and all the members now understood Queens, and were in favor of relieving its traffic difficulties as much as possible. The members of the Board of Estimate also had been approached, and they were in favor of helping out Queens.

A member had asked him to bring this message to last night's meeting: That Queens should be relieved through the extension of the Manhattan Second Avenue elevated line, via the Queensboro Bridge, north to Astoria; through the connection of the Steinway tunnel with the Long Island Railroad at Woodside, and through the building, if possible, of the subway from East New York to Jamaica, connecting with the planned Brooklyn Broadway subway and the Brooklyn Lafayette Avenue line.

It was pointed out by other speakers that Queens had grown so rapidly that now her assessed land values were almost as large as those of the Bronx, and that nevertheless three or four lines were being actively planned for the Bronx while both the Interborough and the Triborough plans did little or nothing for Queens. Through its increased values Queens had added $24,000,000 in the last four years to the amount of bonded indebtedness the city might assume, it was pointed out, and Queens was determined to get some of that money for herself. Nor were the speakers encouraging about building a subway upon assessments made upon the property either in part or wholly.

Resolutions were adopted reciting these points and adding:

It is therefore resolved, That the taxpayers of the Borough of Queens demand recognition and a just proportion of the money to be spent by the city for additional rapid transit.

Be it further resolved, That the sentiment is unanimous in the Fourth Ward that the Board of Estimate be requested to recommend to the Public Service Commission that any subway plan adopted should include an extension through Brooklyn and Queens to Jamaica.

Be it further resolved, That a copy of this resolution be sent to every member of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment and to the Public Service Commission.

Other meetings will be held to keep Queens in the limelight as much as possible while the matter of subways and other cheap and quick transit is being considered.

10,000 SOCIALISTS TO DANCE.

Foreigners Mostly Will Attend Their Annual Ball in the Garden.

In Madison Square Garden the annual masquerade ball will be held to-night under the auspices of The Forward Association, publishers of The Jewish Daily Forward, a Socialist paper. Not less than 10,000 persons, practically all of them of foreign birth or ancestry, and all with a common interest in Socialism, are expected to be present. There may be a few well-to-do Americans, but most will be the poor, chiefly from the east side, Brownsville, the Bronx, and other suburbs.

The fire of propaganda burns so fiercely in the breast of the Socialists that those who intend to go to the ball, particularly the girls, have been seeking ideas for masks or dress that will express the Socialist charge of class exploitation or serve as an argument in favor of the workers.

At the last ball one man wore a suit made of empty thread spools strung together. In the previous year he had emptied that many spools as a tailor in an east side sweat shop, he explained, and the spools and a sense of humor were about all that he had left. He won the first prize.

The annual ball was given formerly for the benefit of The Forward, but it has grown so well-to-do that the money is now turned over to other struggling Socialist periodicals.

MAY ABANDON AERIAL EVENTS

But J. Armstrong Drexel Has Not Given Up Aviation Sport.

J. Armstrong Drexel, who arrived yesterday on the Mauretania, announced that he would probably not again take part in aerial competitive events.

"I do not mean by this that I have given up aerial work," said Mr. Drexel. "I mean that I may not again take part in aviation events. In the first place, the work is too hard and there is too much of the element of danger. It is true that my family has never approved of my taking up the sport. My machines are now on the other side. I would not fly here now, anyway. It is too cold. Understand, now, I do not mean to say that I have given up the sport.

"I went abroad on the Mauretania on her last trip, and I did no flying. I will probably remain about two months on this side."

Particulars Ordered from Dr. Peck.

Harry Thurston Peck, the ex-professor of Latin at Columbia University, who is suing President Nicholas Murray Butler for $25,000 damages for injurious statements, was ordered yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Gerard to furnish the date of a letter written Peck alleges by Dr. Butler and the particulars of its alleged publication.

INTERBOROUGH MAY MAKE BETTER OFFER

President Shonts and Director Freedman in Atlantic City Studying Subway Plans.

AGREEMENT SEEMS NEAR

McAneny Committee and Service Board Said to be Ready with Demands for Changes.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 27.—Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, and Andrew Freedman, a Director in the company, arrived here this afternoon. It is said here that the object of their visit is to study special phases of the subway controversy.

It would not surprise those familiar with the present status of the negotiations between the city officials and the Interborough Company if Mr. Shonts and Mr. Freedman returned from Atlantic City prepared to offer such modifications of the subway proposal now before the Board of Estimate as would satisfy enough of the objectors to permit of an agreement being reached. The talk yesterday about the City Hall indicated that an agreement was not far off.

Owing to the failure of Borough President McAneny of Manhattan and Borough President Miller of the Bronx to make any definite suggestion as to how far the city should go in negotiating with the Interborough, Other members of the Board of Estimate believe that there is every likelihood that the Interborough proposal, somewhat modified, will be approved by the McAneny committee and eventually acted upon favorably by the Board of Estimate.

The McAneny committee and the Public Service Commission had another conference yesterday, and though no definite decision was reached matters were put in shape to present demands for certain modifications early next week to the Interborough. It is understood that these demands will not be very important. None of the members of the committee, it is said, is opposed to the Interborough having more subways, their chief purpose being to obtain one system with a five-cent fare on the best terms.

It was reported yesterday that Bridge Commissioner Kingsley Martin would be appointed a member of the Public Service Commission to succeed Commissioner Edward M. Bassett, whose term expires on Feb. 1. While it was asserted that Mayor Gaynor would undoubtedly like to have Martin named, it was pointed out that the Mayor could hardly expect the Governor to appoint any one who had been active in the present negotiations between the city and the Interborough, as Mr. Martin is known to have been. It was said that it was more probable that Bassett would be retained and that he would hereafter act in co-operation with Mayor Gaynor.

Every effort is to be made, it is understood, to postpone final action on the subway matter by the Public Service Commission until Feb. 1, when the new Commissionership will be settled.

William G. McAdoo of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company called yesterday on the Public Service Commission and spent more than an hour in conference with Chairman Willcox and other members of the board. The purpose of his visit, it was announced afterward, was to arrange for a connection at Church and Fulton Streets between the Hudson terminal and any new subway that might be built along Church Street or West Broadway. If either the Triborough or the Interborough extensions are built, there will be opportunity for a physical connection with the Hudson tubes, and, in any case, a transfer point will be established.

While Mr. McAdoo discussed only this matter for publication, it is understood that he is by no means out of the subway situation, and that if no deal is made with the Interborough he almost certainly will present a new and very attractive proposition.

CUTS EXPRESS RATES.

Up-State Commissioner Also Orders Companies to Use Most Direct Route.

UTICA, Jan. 27.—Martin Decker, Public Service Commissioner, after hearing in this city to-day the complaint of J. B. & H. B. Sykes, publishers, of Clinton, concerning overcharges on express packages, said that a general reduction, averaging 20 per cent., would be ordered in the charges for carrying all express packages under 100 pounds weight. He also said that all express companies, whether they carried packages entirely within the State or beyond, must agree to convey them by the most direct route to their destinations, and that a uniform graded rate would be enforced where the packages are carried by two or more companies.

The complaint arose about packages sent from Rochester and Buffalo to Clinton. Instead of being sent by the most direct route they were carried long distances around in order to be kept in the hands of one company. One package went about 810 miles to cover 225 miles and was charged for accordingly, while the delay was several days.

The express companies were represented by counsel, but the cases were so well established that they agreed that the changes and concessions named should be made.

$100,000 FOR BROWN.

University to Get Conditional Gift from Rockefeller Fund.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 27.—The General Education Board, founded by John D. Rockefeller, has voted to give $100,000 to Brown University, to be made available upon the raising of the remainder of the million-dollar endowment fund which the university authorities are making efforts to obtain. The same board recently gave $50,000 toward $200,000 of the $1,000,000 to be applied to the needs of the Women's College in Brown University. Thus the total which the university must raise elsewhere is $850,000.

The endowment fund is needed to supply funds for increased salaries for the teaching corps of the university, also for the inauguration of a pension plan for members of the Faculty. The additional gift of $100,000 constitutes a big step toward securing the remainder of the fund. President Faunce says that the Endowment Committee has already received several large gifts toward the fund.

OFF TO AID DISABLED SHIP.

Toledo, Equipped with Wireless, Sails for Cape Race to Seek British Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27.—The steamer Toledo, especially equipped for the trip with a wireless telegraph plant, left Marcus Hook to-day to search for the British tank steamer British Sun, which was reported in trouble 400 miles east of Cape Race, N. F., by the German steamer Breslau. The British Sun spoke the Breslau on Jan. 17 and reported having broken her propeller. The Breslau failed to report whether the British Sun was totally disabled or was proceeding under reduced speed.

The British Sun, which is owned by the Sun Oil Company, and was bound to this port from London with a cargo of creosote, is a steel single screw vessel of 3,900 tons. She was built in 1900 at Newcastle, England, by Swan, Hunter & Wigham, and is 412 feet long by 52 feet beam.

THE UNITED SERVICE

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Major W. G. Penfield, Ordnance, to proceed to the Watertown Arsenal, Massachusetts.

First Lieut. W. H. Allen, Medical Corps, to report to the commandant, Reed Hospital, District of Columbia, for observation and treatment.

Lieut. Col. G. B. Davis, Deputy Commissary General, will make visits to Highland or Greenville, Ill., for the purpose of inspecting subsistence supplies.

Capt. G. F. Hancock, Coast Artillery, transferred from Thirty-first to One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Company.

First Lieut. G. B. Foster, Jr., Medical Corps, will report in person to commandant Washington Barracks, District of Columbia, for temporary duty.

First Lieut. R. Skelton, Medical Reserves, to proceed to Fort Adams, R. I.

The Navy.

Commander H. G. Gates to Naval Medical School Hospital, Washington.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Leonidas at Hampton Roads, Yankton at Santiago, Rocket at Indian Head, Dubuque and Papasco at Hampton Roads, Pennsylvania at Santa Barbara.

Sailed—Maryland and West Virginia from San Francisco for Santa Barbara; Prometheus from Mare Island for cruise around Farallones.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The following is the forecast for Saturday and Sunday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Local rains Saturday; colder Saturday night. Sunday, probably fair and colder; moderate westerly winds.

South Carolina—Cloudy Saturday, probably preceded by rains in interior. Sunday, fair and colder; moderate westerly winds.

Georgia—Local rains and colder in northern, cloudy in southern portion Saturday. Sunday, probably fair and colder; moderate, variable winds.

Florida—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; cooler in northern portion Sunday; moderate, variable winds.

Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Fair in southern, unsettled in northern portion Saturday; cooler in interior. Sunday, fair; cooler in southern portions; moderate, variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Cloudy Saturday; cooler in interior. Sunday, probably fair; moderate, variable winds, becoming northerly.

Western Texas—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

Utah—Cloudy Saturday. Sunday, probably rain and colder.

Oklahoma and Kansas—Cloudy Saturday. Sunday, probably fair and warmer.

Arkansas and Tennessee—Cloudy and colder Saturday. Sunday, probably fair.

Kentucky—Cloudy and colder Saturday. Sunday, fair.

Ohio—Cloudy and colder Saturday. Sunday, probably fair; brisk northwesterly winds.

Indiana, Illinois, and Lower Michigan—Cloudy and colder Saturday. Sunday, probably fair; moderate northwesterly winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair Saturday. Sunday, probably fair.

Wisconsin—Fair Saturday, colder in eastern and southern portions. Sunday, probably fair, with rising temperature; moderate northerly winds, becoming variable.

Minnesota—Fair Saturday; warmer in western portion. Sunday, probably fair and warmer.

Iowa—Fair Saturday, colder in eastern portion. Sunday, probably fair and warmer.

Missouri—Cloudy and colder Saturday. Sunday, probably fair, with rising temperature.

North and South Dakota—Fair and warmer Saturday. Sunday, probably fair.

Nebraska—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
1:00	1,256 Lexington Av.; E. Cushman & Son	$30
3:00	220 Christie St.; A. Harris	$100
5:40	241 Monroe St.; Michael Schneider	$50
6:12	66 E. 102d St.; unknown	None
7:36	Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwells Island	$200
9:20	197 Orchard St.; L. Bocker	$30
9:53	1,288 Boston Road; Max Fisher	$20
10:40	21½ Morris St.; Julia Brown	Trifling
11:53	1,064 Southern Boulevard; Henry Plager	$30
P. M.		
12:26	6-8 Columbus Circle; Eugene Heit	Trifling
1:30	26 West 59th St.; United Realty and Title Co.	Trifling
2:55	221 West 44th St.; Mary Burke	Trifling
3:13	136 West 135th St.; N. Gibson	$5
5:25	27 Walker St.; National Novelty Clothing Co.	$150
6:15	71 Gansevoort St.; unknown	$100
6:20	1,803 2d Av.; Alexander Hess	Trifling
6:30	241 West 125th St.; Samuel Cash	Trifling
7:10	33 Walker St.; Perfect Paste Co.	$50
8:53	125 Suffolk St.; J. Bocker	$7
8:45	204 & 206 E. 108th St.; Lewis Cressy	Trifling
8:56	1231 St. and Jerome Av.; unknown	Trifling
10:20	36 Allen St.; J. Fuzi	$200

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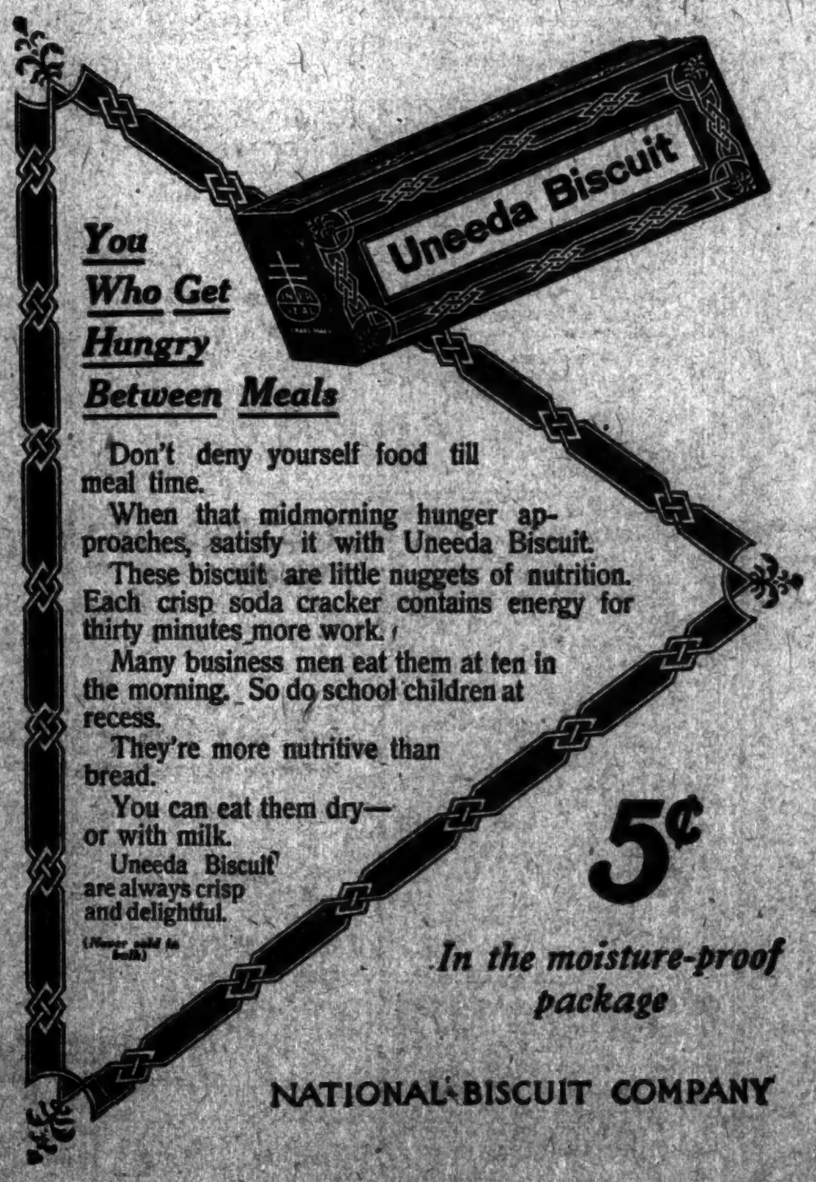

SCARLET FEVER HITS HUDSON RIVER TOWNS

One School Closed in Ossining, Where the Disease Has Spread Rapidly.

STATE BOARD INVESTIGATES

But Fails to Get at Cause of the Epidemic—Yonkers and Poughkeepsie Among Places Affected.

OSSINING, N. Y., Jan. 27.—Another yellow placard was posted to-day beside the front door of a dwelling here, and folks shuddered as they passed, for the yellow sign marks a case of scarlet fever within, and it is less than a week since the first placard has been joined by dozens of others. Ossining is becoming alarmed as the yellow signs increase.

From Yonkers, Tarrytown, Pleasantville, Peekskill, and even Poughkeepsie comes word of a rapid spread of scarlet fever. Apparently the lower Hudson Valley is filled with the disease, and so far neither the local health authorities nor the State Board, which held an investigation here to-day, has been able to assign a reason for the epidemic.

This town, as well as others in the Hudson Valley, experienced a shortage of water last Fall, which, in many villages, amounted to a famine. It is believed by some that the present outbreak may be traced to this. At the time physicians foretold the probability of visitation of typhoid fever or diphtheria.

Some of the first cases to appear here were in the Holbrook School for Boys, a former military academy about a mile east of the village. It is now a private school attended by the sons of the wealthier of Ossining's citizens and boys from neighboring towns. There are about eighty students. The majority of them attend one of the two churches here, and on last Sunday it was noticed that none of the lads was at the services.

On Monday morning those students who live at home were notified that the school would be closed temporarily, as several cases of scarlet fever had developed among the pupils and the school was quarantined. Then cases developed in the village, and the yellow signs began to appear.

Dr. Robert T. Irvine, the Health Officer of the town, started an investigation, in the belief at first that the disease might have been circulated through impure milk. The fact that a case of the fever had developed on a farm from which much of the milk used here comes strengthened this belief, but Dr. Irvine's inquiry satisfied him that the milk was all right. To-day, to prove his assertion, he drank two glasses of the milk in the presence of the village Health Board, which met to consider means for combatting the spread of the disease.

President P. D. Palmer with Dr. Irvine, Dr. John A. Schafmeister, and Sanitary Inspector Edward Rockett met the representatives of the State Board of Health, but to-night Dr. Irvine admitted that they had come to no conclusion as to the origin of the cases.

So far only one adult has been attacked by the disease. The victim is Miss Ida Thomas, matron in the Ossining Hospital. She is isolated in the hospital, and, according to the surgeons, is recovering rapidly.

All the other cases have been children or youths. So far, however, it has not been necessary to close the public schools. The health officials are keeping a close watch on them, however, and at the first sign of danger the schools will be closed.

JOSEPH W. REINHART DEAD.

Ex-President of Santa Fe Railroad Dies of Pneumonia at 59.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 27.—Joseph W. Reinhart, formerly President of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad and more recently President of the Kansas City Viaduct and Terminal Company, died at his home here to-night. Death was due to bronchitis and pneumonia.

Mr. Reinhart was elected President of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad in 1899 when he was only 41 years old. He had entered the employ of that company as general auditor in 1892, after resigning the position of General Passenger Agent of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad to come East as a special railroad expert. He made a thorough investigation of the accounts and an inspection of every part of the Atchison system, which he submitted to the Directors in 1893, and his recommendation to amalgamate the scattered properties and operate them as one railroad system was adopted. The result of his work was the reorganization of the system placing it on a sound financial basis.

Mr. Reinhart was born in Pittsburg, Penn., Sept. 17, 1851. He entered the railway service in 1869 as a clerk in the Division Superintendent of the Allegheny Valley Railway; in 1880 became auditor of the Illinois and Allegheny Railroad; general auditor of the New York, West Shore & Buffalo Railway Company in 1883, and General Passenger and Ticket Agent of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway in 1888.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Some of the Passengers Sailing To-day and Some of the Arrivals.

The transatlantic steamships sailing to-day and some of those booked to depart on them are:

CLEVELAND (Almanzio)—Miss Mildred O. Batchelder, Mrs. M. O. Eckerson, Miss Sophie Tellerman, Mr. and Mrs. L. Rosenberg, John H. Reed, Miss Mary B. Gillmore, James D. Gardiner, Miss Edith Gardiner, A. K. Gambitz, Miss H. Castellano, Miss M. Sigmon, Mr. and Mrs. E. Baruch, Miss Baruch, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Richards, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Rose, Master R. Arthur Rose, Henry Dumur, Mrs. James B. Driggs, Prof. and Mrs. Henry S. Redfield, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Yeiswinn, P. L. Dodge, W. J. Klein, Mr. Baldwin, Mrs. Edwin R. Holden, Miss Marion Holden, Miss Frances Holden, Raymond F. Molden, J. Powell Ramsdell, Franklin H. Ryder, Mrs. L. W. Ranger, Miss A. Wakeman, Miss Florence Lewis, Miss Olive Lewis, Miss Edith Lewis, Mrs. C. W. Stuart, George C. Carnes, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kraus, Miss Tremfbour, Miss Bare E. Shuttleworth, Miss Anne Kraus, Arthur G. Fircher, Joseph C. Boslenecht, Henry Ryan, Miss Helen N. Lowden, Miss Janet Lee, Mrs. Margaretha E. Trumbour, Miss Sarah E. Shuttleworth, Miss M. Shuttleworth, John C. Metmore, S. J. Cullis, Mrs. H. W. Cannon, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Roethlisberger, Mrs. E. A. Bullis, Frank S. Heffernan, Chevalier Paul Baisotti, Adriana V. Peckerts.

PRESIDENT GRANT (Hamburg)—Mrs. J. A. Burroughs, Mrs. James E. Blythe, Mrs. E. L. Clark, Miss L. M. Davidson, F. G. Gunther, Mrs. Dan P. Hays, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Jaegers, Mr. and Mrs. H. I. McKee, W. L. McCormick, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Picard, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Stead, Miss Greta Stead, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sayler.

LAURENTIC (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Beckett, Miss M. S. Brinton, J. N. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. I. Scott Dalgleish, Mrs. E. F. F. Douglas, Rear Admiral George H. Hewett, Mrs. Hewett, E. Cecil Jackson, Murray Kennedy, Dr. and Mrs. H. H. Morris, Clayton Ratsey, Mr. and Mrs. T. Leslie Shear, Arthur E. Thomas, C. W. Treviver, and Mrs. Wallace Walker.

MINNETONKA (London)—Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Dannatord, Col. and Mrs. W. S. Hadley, Mr. and Mrs. A. McCord, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Orth, Louis F. Phillips, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Wilson.

The steamships arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

MAURETANIA (Liverpool)—L. S. Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Brentler, Vernon E. Bush, Spencer T. St. George Carey, Lowry E. B. Craig, the Right Hon. Lord Ffrench, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Grace, C. L. Graft, Frank S. Hannah, Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell Harrison, Charles Edward Haviland, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hegeman, Seymour J. Hyde, Archdeacon Jefferis, W. Templeton Johnson, Capt. T. W. Kirkbridge, Mr. and Mrs. Richmond Levering, Capt. W. Colin Macfie, William D. N. Perin, Mrs. M. A. Reader, H. C. Tailey, C. Wynkoop, and Lieut. Col. Frank Popham Young.

PRINZ FRIEDRICH WILHELM (Bremen)—Mr. and Mrs. Low W. Apple, Carl Bauer, Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Dolan, Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Kennedy, W. K. Knox, Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Meyer, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Miller, Miss E. E. Taylor, and Mrs. Clara V. Wilkins.

Hold Three for Naturalization Fraud.

Michael J. McDonald, a candidate for citizenship, was arrested yesterday on complaint of Charles P. Muller, a Federal Naturalization Examiner, on the charge of having procured two witnesses to give false testimony. The witnesses, Hubert Evnon and Adam F. Geib, who were arrested, Muller charges, swore they had known McDonald to be a resident of the United States for five years, whereas they had not known it except for two years. The prisoners were held by Commissioner Shields in $500 bail each for the Federal Grand Jury.

CITY MILK DEPOTS TO BE OPENED SOON

Health Commissioner Lederle Announces Fifteen Will Be Built at a Cost of $40,000.

HELP IN SAVING INFANTS

Pure Milk Will Be Sold at Low Prices—To Augment, Not to Compete with, Work of the Straus Stations.

Commissioner Ernst J. Lederle, in an address on "Some Features of the Work of the Department of Health," at the New York Academy of Medicine, 17 West Forty-third Street, last night, announced that $40,000 would be spent by the city in the establishment of fifteen stations for the dispensing of pure milk for infants. They are to be opened soon.

The department, he said, had decided on this when Nathan Straus thought of giving up the milk depots which he has carried on so successfully. The new stations will not be competitors with those of Mr. Straus, and they will not be placed in neighborhoods in which there is a Straus station. The Department of Health will not dispense free milk to the city mother, but will sell it at as low a price as possible. To make the plan wholly successful Commissioner Lederle thinks some philanthropic milk dealer should aid.

"In each of the milk stations," said Commissioner Lederle, "there will be one or more nurses and assistants. Two grades of milk will be dispensed by the department—exactly what the grades will be we have not as yet decided. Poor people cannot afford to buy the milk prescribed by physicians, which costs from 15 to 25 cents a quart bottle. Our plan is to have the dealers put in a tender for the price at which they will sell milk."

Mr. Lederle also announced that plans had been made for the erection of a hospital for measles patients at the foot of East Sixteenth Street, at a cost of $200,000, and that a dormitory for employes of the city hospitals, to cost $85,000, would be erected next door to it. He said that on North Brother Island an extension to the tuberculosis hospital would be built at a cost of $100,000.

When Commissioner Lederle had concluded Dr. Henry D. Chapin said:

"In the feeding of infants the problem to consider is that of supplying pure, clean milk—the question as to whether mothers should modify the milk or have it done for them is not so important. If we have too much legislation going on in an effort to have our milk purified, the price of milk will go up and we shall defeat our object and all that we have fought for. I agree with Dr. Lederle; we should have different grades of milk for infants, adults, and cooking purposes."

COLE IN POLICE COURT AGAIN.

Christian Scientist Rearraigned After Discharge on Medical Society's Complaint.

Willis Vernon Cole, the Christian Science practitioner who was arraigned Thursday on the complaint of the County Medical Society that he was practicing medicine without a license, and was discharged, was rearraigned yesterday before Magistrate Freschi in Jefferson Market Court and his hearing was adjourned until to-day at 10 o'clock.

Magistrate Freschi had issued a new summons for Mr. Cole's appearance, as his discharge had been on a technical grounds, and his counsel, William Travers Jerome, appeared and said he was ready to go on with the case. John G. Dwyer, one of the counsel of the medical society, requested that an adjournment be taken on account of the unavoidable absence of the society's chief counsel, Almuth C. Vandiver.

G. L. PEABODY WORSE.

In Serious Condition After Second Operation at Johns Hopkins Hospital.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 27.—To-night's reports indicate that George L. Peabody of Boston, who is under treatment at the Johns Hopkins Hospital, is in a serious condition following a second cerebral operation. Mr. Peabody came to the hospital on Jan. 11 from Boston in a private car, accompanied by his medical adviser and a trained nurse. He was operated upon for the relief of a trouble that had followed, it is said, a sunstroke suffered some time ago.

A foreign growth was removed from the interior of the skull, and the operation was said to have been successful. Later, however, it became necessary to perform a second operation.

Jumped in Front of Express Train.

In the presence of commuters from Manhattan last evening a not yet identified man jumped in front of an express bound for New York at Mount Vernon on the New Haven Railroad, and was mutilated beyond recognition. Coroner Boedecker was also called to investigate the death of another unidentified man who met death on the New Haven Railroad at Rye while walking on the tracks.

HAS FORMER WIFE ARRESTED.

Broker Jennison Accuses Her of Kidnapping Their Daughter.

Special to The New York Times.

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 27.—Mrs. Elizabeth Dudley Jennison of this city was arraigned before Justice Curtis in the Brewer Court this morning on a warrant alleging kidnapping, preferred by Frank E. Jennison of New York but now living in this city. Judge Curtis found probable cause against Mrs. Jennison after the evidence had been introduced and ordered her to give $4,000 bonds for appearance at the February term of the Supreme Court. Bail was furnished.

Frank E. Jennison, a New York broker, married in 1893 Elizabeth Dudley, a Kentucky girl noted for her beauty. In 1901 Mrs. Jennison got a decree of separation. In 1902 Jennison got a decree of divorce in Cripple Creek, Col., which gave him the custody of their daughter Alice.

Mrs. Jennison, who is said to have made several attempts to take the child, followed Mr. Jennison to Bangor last Spring, and he agreed that she should act as governess of the little girl. On Dec. 30 Mrs. Jennison again attempted to take the child, and was arrested at Northern Maine Junction, where the two were waiting for a train.

The defense contends that Mr. Jennison's Colorado divorce is invalid as he was a resident of New York at the time, and that he is not the legal custodian of the child. A hearing will be held in the Probate Court on Tuesday next to decide the question of the custody of the child.

Mr. Jennison is wealthy, and Mrs. Jennison is also possessed of some means, although for some months she was employed in a drug store here.

MOTHER SHOT; SON HELD.

Youth Says Gun That Killed Her Was Discharged by a Fall.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 27.—Mrs. Josephine Bell, aged 52, was shot and killed in her home here to-day and her fifteen-year-old son is being held by the police.

The bullet which caused the woman's death was from a small rifle. It lodged in the back of her head, and death was instantaneous. The lad and his mother were the only persons in the house.

When taken into custody the boy said the gun was discharged by falling on the floor. He collapsed and his condition became so serious that he was placed under a physician's care.

CRITICISES TEXAS RAILROADS

Poorly Managed, Says State Official at Securities Board Hearing.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—Railroad conditions in Texas were described as serious by William H. Williams of the Texas Railroad Commission, who testified to-day before the Railroad Securities Commission.

"If the farms in Texas were as poorly managed as the railroads in that State, the farmers would have to go out of business," said Mr. Williams. "All the adjoining States enjoy better railway service. Consequently development in Texas is handicapped. We are now fighting in the courts to force the roads to live up to the standards set in other States."

Mr. Williams testified that he did not think Texas would favor Federal control of railroad securities if the States would have to surrender their rights. The State, he said, would insist that it was better able to contend with local conditions.

The Securities Commission, which was appointed by President Taft to learn public sentiment on a project for Federal control, concluded its Chicago sessions to-day. It will reconvene in Washington or New York at the call of President Arthur T. Hadley of Yale University, who is Chairman.

A JOB IS NOT PROPERTY.

Therefore Justice Goff Rules Out Extortion Charge Against a Foreman.

Supreme Court Justice Goff ordered the release yesterday on a sustained writ of habeas corpus of Michael Short. Harry Cohen, a painter, said Short had received $2.75 a week from him by threats that he would procure his discharge unless he paid. When Cohen stopped paying, the foreman of the construction company for which Cohen worked dismissed him. Cohen had Short arrested and preferred a charge of extortion against him. Justice Goff in his opinion said:

"Is the obtaining of money by means of a threat to cause dismissal from employment an injury to property? * * * Is employment property? It is impalpable. It cannot be sold, assigned, or transferred, nor seized to satisfy a debt, or measured as an asset. On principle I hold that employment is not property, and unless there be an injury to property by means of a threat inducing fear there cannot be extortion."

MARVELS OF BONE SURGERY.

Surprising Results Obtained in Several Cases of Transplantation.

Dr. John H. Gleason of Manchester, N. H., has summarized, in the International Journal of Surgery, the result of transplanting bones or sections of bone in human beings. He says there is now a general agreement as to the death of the implanted bone. Then it receives a new blood supply and is penetrated by new granular tissue. By this means new canals are formed in the bone and these, the so-called Harversian canals, are lined with new osteoblasts, the "seed" of new bone. The old bone is absorbed and new bone forms in concentric layers around the new vessels. These changes, he declares, depend solely on the regenerative power of the transplanted periosteum and marrow.

Bardenheuer, he says, used half of an ulna, one of the bones of the forearm, to replace a radius, the other bone in the forearm. Klapp replaced part of the bone of the upper arm with a piece of bone from the leg. H. H. Janeway cut out a piece of an arm bone five and a half inches long, and replaced it with a piece the same length taken from a leg bone, and there was a good functional result and no deformity.

"Of great importance," continues the writer, "is the transplantation of joints by Lexer. In his first publication he reports four functionally successful cases in which portions of bones with adjacent parts of joints have been replaced by bone and cartilage. In a second publication he adds the report of a total transplantation of a knee joint in a girl 18 years of age. In eighteen months' time the patient could walk with only a slight limp and rocking of the knee joint."

CITY BREVITIES.

The Appellate Division affirmed yesterday a judgment of $7,196 in favor of Jane and Mary Wilson, Dublin (Ireland) dressmakers, against Thomas A. Nevins, for gowns supplied to his wife in 1907.

Edward S. Moore, an adjuster of claims for the Marriand Casualty Company, 100 William Street, giving his home address as Hancock Street, Brooklyn, was before Magistrate Barlow in the Tombs Court yesterday on a charge of stealing $740 from the Fidelity Company, which employed him. Waiving examination, he was held for the Grand Jury.

W. H. D. Ewart, formerly in the British diplomatic service in Washington, arrived yesterday on the Mauretania. He is on his way to California to spend some months.

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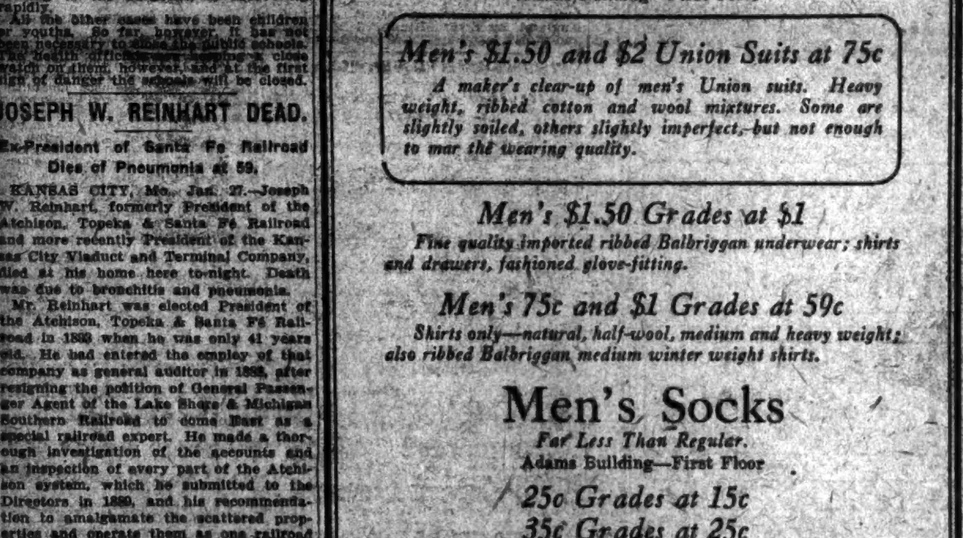

From THE HONORABLE WAYNE MacVEAGH

United States Minister to Turkey under President Grant; United States Attorney-General under President Garfield; Chairman of the "MacVeagh Commission" under President Hayes; American Ambassador to Italy; and Chief Counsel of the United States at The Hague Tribunal under President Cleveland

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TRIBUTE TO MARK TWAIN

By

BRANDER MATTHEWS

IT WOULD be hard to find in any language better specimens of pure narrative, better examples of the power of telling a story and of calling up action so that the reader cannot help but see it, than Mark Twain's account of the Shepherdson-Grangerford feud, and his description of the shooting of Boggs by Sherburn and of the foiled attempt to lynch Sherburn afterward.

These scenes, fine as they are, vivid, powerful, and most artistic in their restraint, can be matched in the two other books. In "Tom Sawyer" they can be paralleled by the chapter in which the boy and the girl are lost in the cave, and Tom, seeing a gleam of light in the distance, discovers that it is a candle carried by the Indian Joe, the one enemy he has in the world. In "Pudd'nhead Wilson" the great passages of "Huckleberry Finn" are rivaled by that most pathetic account of the weak son willing to sell his own mother as a slave "down the river." I have no hesitation in expressing here my own conviction that the man who has given us four scenes like these is to be compared with the masters of literature.

Mark Twain's Style

Consider the tale of the bluejay in "A Tramp Abroad," wherein the humor is sustained by unstated pathos; what could be better told than this, with every word the right word and in the right place? And take Huck Finn's description of the storm when he was alone on the island, which is in dialect, which will not parse, which bristles with double negatives, but which none the less is one of the finest passages of descriptive prose in all American literature.

Mark Twain, American

In Mark Twain we have "the national spirit as seen with our own eyes," declared Mr. Howells; and, from more points of view than one, Mark Twain seems to me to be the very embodiment of Americanism. Combining a mastery of the commonplace with an imaginative faculty, he is a practical idealist. No respecter of persons, he has a tender regard for his fellow-men. Irreverent toward all outworn superstitions, he has ever revealed the deepest respect for all things truly worthy of reverence. He has a habit of standing upright, of thinking for himself, and of hitting hard at whatsoever seems to him hateful and mean; but at the core of him there is genuine gentleness and honest sympathy, brave humanity, and sweet kindliness.

Mark Twain has the very marrow of Americanism.

Mark Twain, Humanist

Like Moliere, Mark Twain takes his stand on common sense and thinks scorn of affectation of every sort. He understands sinners and strugglers and weaklings, and he is not harsh with them, reserving his scorching hatred for hypocrites and pretenders and frauds.

Mark Twain, Humorist

After all, it is as a humorist pure and simple that Mark Twain is best known and best beloved. He is a funmaker beyond all question, and he has made millions laugh as no other man of our century has done. The laughter he has aroused is wholesome and self-respecting; it clears the atmosphere.

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BRIEF NOTICES OF RECENT BOOKS

An Authoritative Life of the Late Cecil John Rhodes, the Greatest of South Africans.

ENGLISH DRAMA TO 1642

A Defense of Cagliostro, "Master of Magic"—Our Inland Seas—Spain Seen Through English Eyes.

Mrs. Van Rensselaer's Poems.

Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer has done such admirable work in several fields of literature that her name has not been identified as exclusively with poetry as her gifts would warrant. From time to time some poem of distinction has revealed her art, but scarcely the range of her inspiration and the technical command shown in the recently collected volume of her work.

POEMS." By Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer. Macmillan. $1.25.

A Cartoonist in Africa.

Mr. McCutcheon's story of his expedition after lions and elephants and the rest of the prizes of the jungle and the veldt is "different." It is written with so little of the sportsman's complacency, and the quaint drawings with which it is embellished are done in such a cheerful spirit, that even when the author describes the shooting of a lion by himself or the stalking of a herd of elephants, you are prepared to forgive him. More than that, you find your mood still indulgent, though he encounters Col. Roosevelt in the wilderness and reports with infinite discretion a chat before the ex-Presidential tent beneath the fluttering shadow of the Stars and Stripes, and even retails the discussion of the Colonel's famous pigskin library of classics.

IN AFRICA: Hunting Adventures in the Big Game Country. By John T. McCutcheon. Photographs and cartoons by the author. Bobbs-Merrill Co., $5.

"Sketches and Snapshots."

Mr. Russell is often a severe critic of many present-day evils as he views them. "A panic-mongering press," he writes, "is trying to create National delirium by frantic prophecies of German aggression, and it cannot be denied that some aspects of our industrial and economic condition suggest the far more serious possibility of a social war." The essayist is no less severe in his arraignment in the gentle irony of his paper on "The Necessary Duke."

SKETCHES AND SNAPSHOTS. By G. W. E. Russell. Duffield & Co. $2.50.

The Life of Cecil Rhodes.

During the past year were published three books on Cecil Rhodes, all three by men who had been closely associated with him. Of these the most complete and exhaustive is that of Sir Lewis Michell. The author's intimate acquaintance with Rhodes, combined with personal experience in the local political and financial life, were an invaluable equipment, and in addition, as one of the trustees of the Rhodes will, he had access to invaluable private and official papers. His candor is unmistakable, and it is patent that nothing disparaging has been purposely omitted. While sympathetic, the treatment is not biased. As a result, the book carries conviction; we feel that we can obtain from it a clear, if not complete, picture of one of the largest figures of the past century, a man of compelling personality and great historic magnitude, probably the most illustrious Englishman of action of modern times.

THE LIFE AND TIMES OF THE RIGHT HON. CECIL JOHN RHODES, 1853-1902. By the Hon. Sir Lewis Michell, Executive Council, Cape Colony. 2 vols. Mitchell Kennerley. $7.50.

"Spain from Within."

The author of "Spain from Within," in which is "incorporated the gist" of much that has appeared in The London Standard and The Spectator, writes frankly from the standpoint of an Englishman and a Protestant. In dealing with the religious question in Spain, this spirit is especially apparent. It is plain that he would like to solve the question by proselytising the whole nation out of hand, for the Church he regards as the irreconcilable foe to all progress in the country. For the Civil Guard—that fine body of military police who have made brigandage a thing of the past in Spain—there are only words of praise. Mr. Shaw shows laudable fairness in dealing with the bull fight. He believes the taste for the sport to be waning, bull rings having been closed in many of the smaller towns during the last ten years for want of support.

SPAIN FROM WITHIN. By Rafael Shaw. Illustrated. F. A. Stokes Co. $2.50.

The English Drama to 1642.

The essential note of the treatment is its composite character. We have various aspects of the English drama in the Elizabethan and Jacobean periods dealt with by a team of experts, each of whom contributes a section in which he has presumably made special researches. The advantages of this method from the publisher's standpoint is obvious. But the accompanying defects are none the less obvious from the point of view of both author and reader. The result is an admirable book of reference, but it is somewhat straining the use of words to call it a history of English literature.

THE CAMBRIDGE HISTORY OF ENGLISH LITERATURE. Edited by A. W. Ward and A. R. Waller. Vols. V. and VI. The Drama to 1642. G. P. Putnam's Sons. $2.50 per vol.

"English Dramatic Companies."

Mr. Murray's work is a valuable contribution to the externalities of the drama. It does not pretend to give a history of the special companies, except in the form of annals, which have been compiled by the laborious process of going through the local records in England and studying the appearance of different companies. The materials are raw, but for practical working this is the most useful form in which they could be presented. It is the kind of work which is only worth doing once, and Mr. Murray appears to have done it with great thoroughness.

ENGLISH DRAMATIC COMPANIES. By J. T. Murray. Two vols. Houghton Mifflin Co. $7.50.

Our Inland Seas.

"The total tonnage of the Port of Cleveland exceeds that of Liverpool, and, with the single exception of the Clyde, the Cleveland district is the largest shipbuilding point in the world." This statement will be received with frank incredulity by most persons, while business men will waste little breath in stigmatizing it with that short but expressive word so popular in recent politics. Yet the author of "Our Inland Seas," Mr. James C. Mills, is no politician, no promoter, no yellow journalist, but a well-gifted economist, who has studied his subject exhaustively and formulated the results of this study in a most interesting volume of popular educational value.

OUR INLAND SEAS. By James C. Mills. Illustrated. A. C. McClurg & Co. $1.75.

Dr. Gould's "Infinite Presence."

Dr. George M. Gould's volume, "The Infinite Presence," affords a striking example of the strange results which may arise from the attempt to construct a philosophical and religional system from pure science in its present stage. These results are usually neither very scientific nor very religious, but Dr. Gould's position and achievements command a respectful consideration for his views. When writing of pure science he is invariably interesting, and employs his clear and trenchant style in a way which recalls that master writer, Huxley. But when he embarks on metaphysics and religion, one cannot avoid the impression that there is a sharp cleavage between his facts and his indjuctions.

THE INFINITE PRESENCE. By George M. Gould. Moffat, Yard & Co. $1.50.

A Defense of Cagliostro.

Mr. Trowbridge's book is absolutely free from prejudice, although possibly not from general bias. The circumstantial evidence which identifies the Count Cagliostro with Giuseppe Balsamo is too overwhelming to be brushed lightly aside. Besides, the author's claims of supernatural power for Cagliostro, on the mere assumption that all the phenomena he performed were not discovered to be natural phenomena, will not be generally accepted. Aside from these doubtful premises—deductions from which, of course, pervade the book—"Cagliostro: The Splendor and Misery of a Master of Magic," will be read with intense interest by all who may desire to know what science actually owes to psychical, chemical, and physical charlatans, and to obtain a curious sidelight on the mental vagaries of eighteenth-century Europe.

CAGLIOSTRO: The Splendor and Misery of a Master of Magic. By W. R. H. Trowbridge. Illustrated. E. P. Dutton & Co. $5.50.

"Questioned Documents."

As the law-courts still look askance at "opinion evidence," including the testimony of experts, Mr. Osborn aims to demonstrate that there is a science of handwriting. He is fortunate in having secured a highly commendatory introduction from Prof. Wigmore, who asserts that, if judges and lawyers thoroughly grasp the author's faith in the value of explicit, rational data for expert opinions, the atmosphere of inquiry will become more healthy, the experts' status will be strengthened and the processes of trial improved. Any book tending to bring about such results should be welcomed. This study is intended primarily, not for the popular reader, but as a working treatise.

QUESTIONED DOCUMENTS. By Albert S. Osborn, with Introduction by Prof. John H. Wigmore. Illustrated. Lawyers Co-operative Pub'g Co. $5.25.

[The books noticed above will be reviewed at length in the Review of Books published with to-morrow's NEW YORK TIMES.]

'CHILDREN'S ENCYCLOPAEDIA'

A Many-Volumed Book of Information on a Thousand Subjects

DR. JOHN H. FINLEY, President of the College of the City of New York, in his introduction to the volumes which constitute the first installment of "The Book of Knowledge," otherwise known as "The Children's Encyclopaedia" (New York: The Grolier Society), says that his boys played no ball the day his advance copies of the volumes came into the house. In other words, they found the articles in these volumes, and the pictures that illustrate them, so full of interest that the call of the national game made no impression on them. Here we have what is in effect an expert judgment that Mr. Arthur Mee and Dr. Howland Thompson, editors-in-chief of the Encyclopaedia, aided by a lot of of clever departmental editors and contributors, have accomplished one of the two things they set out to do; for, if we assume the little Finleys are about like the other little folk who make up a very large percentage of the ninety-odd millions living in our country, it is plain enough the new encyclopaedia is a work in which Young America will find great delight.

As to the editors' other aim—which is, of course, to make a book full of useful knowledge—it is possible to speak with equal enthusiasm. In this view Dr. Finley fully concurs. "Suppose," he says, "a boy of ten were to spend about fifteen minutes a day in reading these pages—omitting those too young for him or those which require him to give hours in following directions for doing or making certain things—he would probably be able to finish these volumes in two or three years, and he would at thirteen know more about the earth and the life on it than the wisest man knew a few generations ago." Evidently it is the purpose of Mr. Mee and Dr. Thompson to put into their book of knowledge reliable information about every subject of comment on which it is expedient to convey instruction to children, and to present this information so attractively that the acquiring of it shall be a pleasurable process. The realization of this purpose means, of course, as Dr. Finley points out, that the child of to-day who makes good use of the encyclopedia will "begin his youth or manhood a little farther on than his ancestor."

The old saying has it that a bright child is a big interrogation mark; but everybody knows that the child gets comparatively few good and sufficient answers to the questions he asks. Think what it will mean to the children who are thirsting for information about a thousand and one matters when their parents put into their hands a work that will tell them what they wish to know! We should say, too, that there would be a certain measurable gain to the parents themselves through the installation of this fountain of knowledge in their households. It certainly will be worth something to be spared the humiliation of confessing "I don't know" a dozen times a day.

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BOOKS AND AUTHORS.

Messrs. Dodd, Mead & Co. have published Mr. Henry C. Rowland's yachting romance, "The Magnet," announced some time ago in these columns. Later they will issue a novel of humorous automobile experiences, "Five Gallons of Gasoline," by Mr. Morris B. Wells, in collaboration with "a well-known writer" whose name is withheld. There will be a color frontispiece by Mr. Harrison Fisher. A volume of essays on such subjects as "The Martians," "Public Liars" and "Life in Brooklyn," by Mr. Simeon Strunsky, an editorial writer in this city, will also be published.

A new book by Max Nordau, "The Interpretation of History," will be published by Messrs. Moffat, Yard & Co. In it Mr. Nordau gives a sweeping criticism of history as it has been written thus far, claiming that it is neither scientific, descriptive, nor helpful; that it "corresponds with no natural requirement of the human mind," and that "its practical purpose is to oppress and deceive the present with the assistance of the past." There will be also an essay on education, "Philistine and Genius," by Prof. Boris Sidis, and "The Solution of the Child Labor Problem," by Prof. Scott Nearing, former Secretary of the Pennsylvania Child Labor Committee.

A biography of Goldsmith, by Mr. Frankfort Moore, has just been published by the Duttons. In it the trustworthiness of Boswell's reports of conversations and incidents in which Goldsmith figured is seriously questioned, and new material is brought forward to show that the latter was wilfully misrepresented by a man who envied his literary position and who feared that he might be chosen, instead of himself, as Johnson's biographer. The work is the most elaborate of the biographies of Goldsmith, and is full of detail of the literary life of the period. There are nine full-page illustrations.

One of the novels to be published this season by Messrs. Charles Scribner's Sons is "Children of To-morrow," by Clara E. Laughton. This is a story of New York, in which glimpses are given of east side life. The characters are ambitious young men and women, interested in literature and art, but, more than all, drawn together by moral enthusiasm for bettering social conditions.

THE NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW OF BOOKS, SUNDAY, JAN. 29.

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The reader whose only impression of the Russian language has been gained from occasional proper names in newspapers is unprepared for this statement of Prof. William Lyon Phelps, in his forthcoming "Essays on Russian Novelists":

If we may trust the testimony of those who know, we are forced to the conclusion that the English language, compared with the Russian, is nothing but an awkward dialect. Compared with Russian, the English language is decidedly weak in synonyms, and in the various shades of meaning that make for precision. Indeed, with the exception of Polish, Russian is probably the greatest language in the world, in richness, variety, definiteness, and elegance. It is also capable of saying much in little, and saying it with tremendous force.

Mark Twain's library is coming on the market at once, the Anderson Auction Co. having just issued the catalogue of Part I of the Library and Manuscripts of Samuel L. Clemens, to be sold on Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons, Feb. 7 and 8.

"Flowers from Mediæval History," a volume of essays on the French Gothic, by Miamie D. Kellogg, profusely illustrated with mounted mezzogravure prints, is to be published in February by Paul Elder & Co. of San Francisco. The author's recent death lends a pathetic interest to this book, which was undertaken to occupy a vigorous mind, conscious that its tenement would not long endure.

Miss Amy Ella Blanchard, author of many books for girls, is writing a story for which she got the local color during a recent autumnal sojourn on the "eastern shore" of Maryland. She and her friend, Miss Ida Waugh, the artist, have bought a house at Redding Ridge, Conn., and will make that rural village their home.

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The agreement, as President TAFT has said, is of National scope. It will interest the people, and they will understand it, as they have never understood a tariff bill, because it directly affects consumers, because it reduces import duties on articles of universal consumption. Look at the commodities made free of duty. The list includes live animals, poultry, grains, vegetables, potatoes, fruits and berries, eggs, cheese, milk and cream, fish, lumber, wood pulp, and print paper, while there is a substantial reduction of duty on meats, lard, flour, and a great variety of manufactured articles. In vain will be the argument made that the duties removed are too slight to have had an appreciable effect upon the cost of living. The plain answer is that the cost of living could not possibly have been lowered by the collection of these duties, and everybody knows that along the border and in all zones open to the distribution of Canadian products the removal of the duty will inevitably tend to lower prices. Nobody can fool the people about this. They showed in the last election that they are able to do their own reasoning and draw their own conclusions in respect to tariff duties. They will demand the legislation required to give effect to the agreement.

By his boldness in negotiating this agreement and in interpreting its meaning to the country, Mr. TAFT has done much to atone for his party's blunder in enacting the Payne-Aldrich tariff. The credit will accrue to him. It will make him the candidate of his party in 1912. He will have opposition. The New Nationalist League, or whatever it may call itself, of which Mr. ROOSEVELT wished it to be understood that he is not a member, will urge the pretensions of an insurgent candidate. It will not be Mr. ROOSEVELT. It may be CUMMINS, more likely it will be LA FOLLETTE. The insurgents have weighed Mr. ROOSEVELT and found him wanting. Since his paltering performance with the tariff in the Saratoga platform the insurgents of the West have had grave doubts as to his sincerity upon the main issue. Senator CUMMINS has been a tariff reformer three years out of four, but as often as a Presidential election came around he has hauled down his reform flag. It is understood that he is much dissatisfied with the reciprocity agreement. Senator LA FOLLETTE may take whatever attitude he pleases upon the agreement, Mr. TAFT, as the responsible proposer of this great breach in the tariff wall, will easily overcome him in the next Republican National Convention.

The agreement will win the nomination for Mr. TAFT. If his party shall enact the necessary legislation during the present session, his candidacy will be formidable. If the protected interests, following the example of the Gloucester fishermen, shall display the flag at half-mast over their many citadels, and if the standpatters in the present Republican Congress shall defeat this measure of relief, then the odium and the penalty of stubbornness and of selfishness will fall upon the Republican Party. The Democrats either in a special session or in the next regular session will profit by their opportunity to pass the necessary bill in the House, and do their utmost to enact it in the Senate. That being done, they will not have far to seek for a strong and uniting candidate in 1912. They will sweep the country, as they swept it in 1892.

FINANCING REBELLIONS.

The news from Chihuahua, where the rebels against the State Government supported by President DIAZ, and from Honduras, where, in spite of the seizure of the Hornet by the Commander of the Tacoma, LEE CHRISTMAS, an American adventurer, assisted by two more of our fellow-citizens, GUY MALCOMET and JOE REED, seems to be making headway against the established Government, would be less disconcerting if it were not for the certainty that arms, ammunition, money, and encouragement had been sent to the rebels from the United States. Troops from Fort Sam Houston in San Antonio have not been ordered to the Mexican border any too soon. Neutrality laws should be strictly enforced. The situation in regard to Honduras is worse than the Mexican situation. Evidence is strong that the Christmas-Bonilla invasion was planned and probably financed in the United States.

"Concessions" in foreign countries seem to be desired so eagerly by a few Americans, who like to consider themselves patriotic citizens, as to induce them, under cover, to foment disorder in those countries. The suspicion is justifiable that concession-hunters may have something to do with the Chihuahua outbreak, at the least with its prolongation. In neither Mexico nor Honduras are there any signs of genuine political revolution. In spite of the reported capture of Ceibas the invaders of Honduras are likely to be defeated very soon if outside encouragement is withheld from them. President DIAZ himself must quell the rebellion in his northern State, if it is to be quelled, but if arms and supplies are to be sent to the rebels from American sources his task will be made much more difficult.

A MAN FIT TO BE SENATOR.

The General Committee of the Democratic League, in session at Albany on Thursday, adopted a resolution declaring that "the present Senatorial contest ought to be settled by the members of the Legislature uninfluenced by other considerations than the desire of their respective constituencies."

The desire of the Democrats composing the legislative constituencies all over the State is that EDWARD M. SHEPARD shall be elected Senator. Our Albany dispatch says that not a score of the 150 members of the Democratic League Committee favor the election of Mr. SHEEHAN, "a majority of the others are for the election of EDWARD M. SHEPARD." These men are representative of Democratic sentiment the State over. The committee in its resolution expressed the hope "that the present divergent views among the Democratic legislators may be harmonized as the result of conference designed to promote the election of a Democratic United States Senator who will worthily represent the State." Mr. SHEPARD would worthily represent the State. Has the name been mentioned of any man who would more worthily represent it?

There is talk of a compromise at Albany, that the deadlock will be broken, and all hands unite on some candidate not prominent thus far in the voting. Nobody can tell what manner of man would be named through a sudden ending of the conflict and agreement upon a compromise candidate. Mr. TILDEN, explaining why he had so long held the State Chairmanship, said that he was as one wearily holding the end of a rope, not knowing into whose hands it might fall if he dropped it. In their weariness the Senators and Assemblymen might agree upon some nonentity, some man who would not be a worthy representative of the State. That would be a deplorable result. There can be no excuse for choosing a nonentity when a man of Mr. SHEPARD'S quality is one of the contestants. He is the man who should be chosen.

As for Mr. SHEEHAN, we believe that if an absolutely secret ballot could be taken, at which every one of the 116 Democratic members of the Legislature could honestly express the wish of his heart, Mr. SHEEHAN would receive about 20 votes. That is to say, 96 votes would be cast against him. If Mr. MURPHY were allowed to cast his secret vote, there would be 97 votes against Mr. SHEEHAN. The Sheehan vote as cast in the joint sessions represents something else than the honest desire of those who now permit themselves to be counted among his supporters. The chief force that holds them together is the fear of MURPHY. What holds MURPHY few men know. Probably some do know.

Mr. SHEPARD'S strength is in the constituencies of these men who are doing the voting. If they were in truth and good faith representative of the voters who elected them, they would give their support to Mr. SHEPARD. His real strength in the State has been only faintly reflected in the balloting. By giving their united support to him the legislators who are at heart against SHEEHAN would almost certainly bring about his election. If they refuse to do that, the most probable result of the deadlock will be the election of a far inferior man.

THE SUBSIDY CLAMOR.

There is a striking contrast between the noise about the subsidy proposal in political circles and the quiet in commercial circles. There has been a subsoil agitation, it is true, by those hoping to profit by the subsidy directly, but there has been no popular demand for it or any other addition to happiness through increase of taxes and the cost of living, nor has there been any demand for the boon by representative commercial organizations. On the contrary, the reverse of these things is true. The Chamber of Commerce, the foremost commercial organization of Senator ROOT'S constituency, considered the subject through several meetings, and reached an adverse decision.

What the men of business want is what the politicians have refused to give them—the repeal of the laws which make it impossible for Americans to build, buy, or operate cheap ships. Our navigation laws are the full fruit of the protectionist system whose amendment is at last impending. The interpretation of Senator ROOT'S speech is that the protectionists, having discovered that it is impossible to lift the merchant marine by the single boot strap of protectionism, are now seeking to balance its excessive costs by expenditure of tax moneys. A merchant marine thus procured would be a burden and not an assistance to our commerce.

The Senator proposes to give us as much of a merchant marine as we can afford to pay for, as though that is what we want. What we want is the trade to support the marine, and then it can be trusted to "arrive" of itself. An illustration is afforded by the news of the week in which the Senator spoke. A London journal has reviewed the addition to the British marine through the removal of the tariff obstacles to the most trade in order to reduce the cost of living in several European countries. As a consequence 214 steamers find employment in that trade, and 25 are under construction for it. An entirely new service has been created between Southampton and Buenos Ayres, and it is conceivable that its counterpart might be created at some American port under like conditions. The cheapening of meat was the subsidy of that trade, not payments from the Treasury. That is true generally as well as specifically. Not 5 per cent. of the merchant marine of England is subsidized, and the German percentage is smaller. The French subsidies are larger, but the stimulus to French shipping is disappointing. The Canadian reciprocity agreement will operate, if allowed, as a better subsidy to the railways carrying Canadian traffic than a payment by the Treasury which did not increase their tonnage. The argument is equally applicable to commerce afloat.

Senator ROOT delivered a deserved eulogium on the importance of the South American trade, and we would like to see it stimulated, although in a different manner. He seems to think that they would trade more with us if we hired vessels to ply to their ports. We think it would be better to offer them inducements to buy here, and would trust that anything they bought would get carried. If the docks were loaded with uncarried goods we might consider a subsidy, but that is a reduction to absurdity. The fact is that all the traffic there is is accommodated as well as it deserves. When the subject was last prominent the leading merchants in the trade certified over their signatures that the sailings from this port were all they desired. Then there were eight lines to the Argentine, and five to Brazil, and it was declared that they "furnish more than ample accommodation." The rates to the southern half of this continent were less than those available to our European competitors, and the rates to this country were lower than to any other. If anything, the accommodations are rather better now. Why should they be increased?

The proposal artificially to stimulate shipping contrasts with the prosecution of those furnishing shipping accommodations for nothing from the Treasury. Does the Government consider it fair competition with those in the trade to pay tax money to a line which could not justify itself economically? If the subsidy is paid will the freights be any cheaper? Why not pay a subsidy to manufacturers and merchants as well as to carriers? Why not subsidize everybody? It is evidently preposterous to allow railways and steamship companies to combine their facilities and supply what the trade wants at its own expense. That is a combination in restraint of trade and worthy of State prison. Why might not the Government allow citizens to do what it does itself when it acts in trade? When the Government wanted to replenish the coal at the western naval stations it chartered foreign bottoms to take it from Eastern ports, but it refuses to allow this privilege to citizens, and proposes to supply the cash to lift them over the obstacles to a merchant marine obtained in a normal way. What is wanted is not outdoor relief to paupers, but a removal of shackles. The Canadian reciprocity arrangement is a good sample, an installment on a much larger account, it is to be hoped.

THE NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW OF BOOKS.

THE NEW YORK TIMES'S WEEKLY REVIEW OF BOOKS, which, as announced elsewhere this morning, will hereafter appear as a supplement to THE SUNDAY TIMES, has been a potent force in the distribution of books and the growth of public appreciation of good literature since it was established in October, 1896. Book reviewing and discussion of literary topics in general had previously been regarded as a sort of minor function in the daily press. A few columns weakly devoted to new publications and a few literary "notes" sufficed to meet the supposed demand for literary information of the readers of most newspapers. THE NEW YORK TIMES was the first to concentrate all its news and reviews of current literature, gossip about the doings of authors, information concerning publishers' plans in all the literary centres, in one comely supplement, and from the beginning this publication has wielded a large, and we think we may say in all modesty a beneficent, influence in the development of taste in literature, and has been an important factor in the distribution of books.

It was taken up eagerly at first by a multitude of readers, and though the publishers were inclined to doubt its commercial value, their doubts were soon dispelled, and in all the intervening years it has held the first place throughout the country as a medium for publishers' announcements. From the beginning a large proportion of its reviews have been signed by writers eminent in various fields of learning and endeavor, and it has always kept closely in touch with the news of the world of books. Its aim has been high, and its quality has been well sustained, but it has appealed to no one class of readers, has practiced no narrow policy of exclusion, and has endeavored to treat all new books fairly, to appreciate justly the merits of young writers, and, above all, while not avoiding severe criticism, when severity seemed called for, to treat of books as news.

In its new estate THE REVIEW OF BOOKS will not be changed in any particular, except as improvements will be made from time to time as they suggest themselves. The high quality of its chief contributions will be maintained. It will still be issued as an attractive supplement to a newspaper of large and continually increasing circulation, while it will be separately distributed through the mails, as hitherto, to many subscribers all over this country and in European cities. THE REVIEW enters to-morrow on a new stage of its history in which, we have every reason to believe, it will be as potent and useful a factor in the rational entertainment and the enlightenment of a host of readers, as it has been hitherto.

WHAT THEY WANT.

Gov. DIX says that, in the matter of good roads, he is "endeavoring to give the people what they want." He talked about it at his first meeting with the State's elective officers, and said afterward:

> A large percentage of the letters I have received have been in line with my recommendation to have the work of highway improvement turned over to the State Engineer's department.

But Gov. DIX did not recommend this. In his message he expressed his desire that the Legislature would seriously consider what ought to be done, whether the Commission should be abolished or permitted to complete the special service for which it was created. And does the Governor judge what the people want merely by the number of letters he receives expressing one opinion or the other? Everybody knows what the people want. They want good roads. A few are specially qualified to tell how best to get them. Among these few, how many are in favor of abolishing the State Highway Commission, and who are they?

BIRTH INSURANCE.

From Fort Valley, in Georgia, comes the news that married couples have formed a voluntary mutual benefit society, numbering 500 lodges, with these privileges: When a husband dies after the birth of a living child the wife is awarded $1,000, and when a child is born the member, either mother or father, receives $100, the certificate of benefit maturing with a survivorship reward of from $700 to $1,200, according to the number of children born since its date of issuance. These awards are on the basis of membership fees of $7.50, monthly dues $2.50, and annual dues $1.50. The plan seems to be favored by newly wedded couples in Georgia, for it is reported that they all belong to the society, now a few months old.

Insurance actuaries would say that the formation of societies of birth and parentage insurance and pensions is perfectly feasible on a statistical basis. The incidence of births can be figured out for certain specified groups quite as readily as the incidence of deaths, accidents, or sickness. And THEODORE ROOSEVELT might be expected to say that the formation of these societies would be eminently desirable.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Explaining Some Disappearances.

Mysterious disappearances of adults, both men and women, are, of course, far from uncommon, and the instances in which the mystery either is never solved at all or persists for years are much more frequent than is supposed by anybody except the police and a few others from whom the subject has received special attention. Probably a large majority of these cases never come to the public knowledge, even when the person lost is finally found.

The disappearances and ultimate returns that get into the papers are usually those of men. That is not because they are more numerous, but because there is less of sensitiveness regarding them than with respect to women, and because the complete publicity which the newspapers can alone give—the form of publicity which is more efficient than any other in clearing the mystery or bringing about the voluntary or involuntary wanderer's return—is more often and more promptly invoked for men than for women. For the former it is usually the first thought, for the latter the last.

This difference is natural and comprehensible. It should not, however, be anything like as determinative as it formerly was, on account of the better understanding, nowadays, of the curious mental accidents in nowise either humiliating or disgraceful, which may befall a person apparently normal and lead to actions which once would have been viewed with suspicion by all. What the psychiatrists call "dissociation of personality," when accompanied by loss of memory concerning everything concerned with experiences preceding it, is come to be almost a commonplace for the experts, and it is the explanation of many an evasion for which no other exists. Hardly a week passes that somebody is not found in a town where he is unknown and incapable for a longer or shorter time of telling who he is or whence he came. With proper treatment these persons usually soon recover—that is, the submerged personality comes to the surface again, memory returns, and the episode terminates.

The bearing of these facts on the ugly new attracting so much attention and creating such sincere sympathy for all involved in it is obvious. The case is not unique, even in its present complete lack of any clue to Miss ARNOLD'S whereabouts; it is made remarkable chiefly by the extent and energy of the search making for her. Speedy success would have been more probable had the appeal for newspaper assistance not been delayed for over a month, but there is no reason to despair of finding the missing girl.

Children Taught to Save.

A bill now before the State Senate so amends the banking law as to facilitate and promote the establishment in public schools of the collection from the pupils of small sums of money to be deposited in a bank where it will draw interest for them. The object of those advocating the passage of the bill is to inculcate the saving habit at an early age, and so to diminish the extravagance which has so often been said to be, which perhaps is, a National fault or sin with us Americans.

The intention is undoubtedly good, and the system of school savings banks has for some time been in practical operation in parts of Massachusetts, with results described as good. We would hesitate long, therefore, before condemning this Murtaugh bill, but we cannot help having, nevertheless, a certain dislike or dubiety with regard to the whole scheme, partly because it still further complicates the activities of schools that already attempt, as a rule, to do more than they can do well, and partly because of a feeling that children can be better employed than in getting and saving money. Both the getting and the saving are admirable pursuits in their way, but childhood doesn't seem to be the time for either, nor do we think that the little boy or girl who manifested a strong inclination to heap up pennies in a bank instead of spending them would be generally regarded as normal or likeable.

We haven't a word to say against economy in the abstract, and yet—well, economy is of all the virtues the one that can most easily transmute itself into its alarmingly near relatives and close neighbors, meanness and miserliness, and there's no denying that eminence as its exponent has not been characteristic of those whom the world has most loved or to whom it has confessed the largest debts for service done. Extravagance is of course an out-and-out vice, but it is compatible with pleasing traits that are rarely the companions of economy. It is not to decry the value and nobility of industry to oppose child labor, nor is it, we hope, the preaching of waste to express a personal shrinking from the infant who by nature or training has developed the saving habit.

Youth and age are different, and their appropriate virtues are also different, at least to some extent, and even if it be true that nobody, young or old, can be too good, the truth is in some need of both definitions and proofs, and it is also true that some kinds of goodness can be misplaced and mistimed.

Sounds a Bit Like Squabbling.

Whether or not the Rev. Dr. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES is by this time "sorry he spoke" we do not pretend to know, but the replies which his criticism of the building of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, especially that of Dr. STRONG, will seem to some to be well calculated to disturb his equanimity at least a little. Except by those who take a cynical, and what may be called a sporting, view of all disputation, this controversy will probably be regarded as unnecessary and unprofitable, and perhaps those epithets can be as justly applied to the rejoinders as to the accusations.

The utility of a cathedral is a matter of opinion, not likely to be much affected by argument, but the weight of authority undoubtedly holds them worth the large expenditures they involve, and it would be hard indeed to prove that their construction ever deprived "the poor" of anything they ought to have, or even of alms by so much as a single penny.

And it was certainly rash in Dr. HOLMES to invite a comparison between the eidemosynary activities of the cathedral-building Episcopalians and the Unitarians.

WEBSTER'S SPELLING.

Remembers Prof. Goodrich Who First Revised the Unabridged.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In Mr. Baker's letter in reply to Dr. Funk, I notice he says:

> It is a pity that the cause of spelling reform (which has so much that is true to be said in its favor) should be injured by erroneous statements as to Webster's work.

His best work was in making the language more truly conform to analogy. While many of his proposals were accepted and are to-day a part of standard American usage, there were probably an equal number that were so discordant with usage and the general spirit of the language that they were discredited by the public at large and have entirely disappeared from more recent editions of the dictionaries bearing his name.

Although only a boy at the time, I remember well my experience with Prof. Chauncey A. Goodrich, who was my private instructor at Yale, and who, as the son-in-law of Noah Webster, undertook the revision of Webster's Unabridged, and I feel sure that the present owners of Webster's Dictionary are making a serious mistake if they are willing to deprive Noah Webster of the glory of having been largely instrumental in securing the simplification of a large number of spellings. According to my recollection, his invariable rule was of two spellings otherwise equally desirable, to take in every case the simpler. In many cases where letters were doubled, as in the words "counsellor," "traveller," &c., he omitted one of the letters, and in this respect he differed from Worcester and the other accepted authorities. Unquestionably also he did go in advance of public usage, although he may not have been alone in this respect, in dropping the "u" and the final "k." Walker's and Johnson's were the leading authorities prior to the publication of Webster's Dictionary, and they both favored the old forms. In addition to anything that I have ever seen in print, Webster had a vast mass of manuscript in regard to this matter of simplification among other things, and my recollection places him among the foremost of those who would not only make our language conform as nearly as possible to analogy, but also as rapidly as practical would improve it by simplifying the spelling.

I remember particularly one remark of Dr. Webster's as noted to me by Prof. Goodrich, which bears upon this subject of simplification in spelling by omitting useless silent letters, and this may have been in reference to those very letters "u" and "k" of which Dr. Funk speaks. It was to the effect that it usually takes at least an entire generation to even largely overcome previously established usage. We find this true at the present day, as, for instance, in the words program, catalog, &c.

J. N. HALLOCK.

New York, Jan. 26, 1911.

Harvard's Entrance Requirements.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial article this morning on the change at Harvard you give a clear statement of the plan as proposed, but you hardly give a correct impression in saying that "it is only the preparatory schools of Massachusetts, or, at most, of New England, that can readily fit students to conform to the requirements [of Harvard]."

It has not been difficult for well-equipped schools to do this in the past, and in a pamphlet recently published Harvard states that one school in New York City and one in New Jersey have each sent her pupils every year for the past ten years.

The chief criticism of the Harvard requirements has come not from their difficulty but from their lack of harmony with those of other colleges. This lack of harmony, however, which has frightened many schools and pupils, has been more apparent than real.

ARTHUR H. CUTLER.

New York, Jan. 26, 1911.

THE DOCTORS' DOORS.

Why They Should Not Be Opened to the Anti-Vivisectionists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Prof. Margaret Sherwood's argument, in your issue of to-day for opening the doors of vivisection to a "disinterested and intelligent committee" gives distinctly the attitude of many disinterested and intelligent men and women. Disagreeing absolutely with her and them, I recognise that we differ not merely in regard to vivisection but in our conception of law and order and of the government which will make them. We differ so fundamentally that I fear I can only answer statement with statement.

First, the charges against the vivisectionists are many, but they are not too grave to be disregarded. The medical profession, regarding them as unsubstantiated or discredited, is obviously confident that its good name has not been jeopardized.

Second, the medical profession is the only proper arbiter in questions involving primarily pain and the prevention of pain, the means and end of professional study.

So far I merely contradict Miss Sherwood, and I am sorry, for I would much rather convince her. To do so, however, it would be necessary for me to prove that the profession is composed of men and women extraordinary only in being, as a class humane, disinterested, and intelligent; that they are the most dependable guardians of its honor and morality. I should have to show that before we subject its foremost schools to lay investigation and supervision we should bring men, not engineers, to pass upon the design and construction of every bridge to which the security of human lives is committed. And these things I cannot prove; I find them obvious.

CHARLES E. GOSTENHOFER.

New York, Jan. 27, 1911.

THE ZOOPSYS.

Who They Are and Their Attitude Toward Vivisection.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Prof. Sherwood's premises assume that we have not enough doctors to develop the benevolent ideals of their profession. As a matter of fact, there are almost enough doctors in this country to care for the ill, to say nothing of comprehending the entire range of human activities between burglary and writing transcendental poetry.

Her premises assume that the public should be let in to vivisection without stating which part of the public should rush in first. In casting ingots of gold the dross is commonly skimmed off or it would be the first thing in the hole, and that element in the community suffering from zoophyl-psychosis rises lightly to the top in all vivisection questions. We judge of any movement by its leaders. Mrs. Belais has been the Diana of the anti-vivisectionists.

Zoopsys are largely people without children or serious occupation in life, and they are possessed of that activity which is characteristic of the neurotic habit.

If the methods of vivisection are humane, why are the doctors unwilling to have them observed by the public? No one doubts that ordinary surgical operations upon persons are conducted as humanely as possible by good surgeons, and yet the public is carefully excluded from every place where the best surgery is done.

It is naively asked that some [illegible] disinterested and intelligent committee of the people should go behind the closed doors. Would this committee ever be selected by a snoopy caucus? In case disinterested parties really made up the committee, would their disinterest be so urgent as to impel them to attend meetings year after year? Negative virtue in other questions has not been a constructive impelling force in the history of civilization.

Zoopsys in general are determined that the people shall not judge. Convictions only are what they would give the people and cause doctors. Prof. Sherwood has faith in the printed documents of the Anti-Vivisection Society. All honor to the beautiful faith of her sex. These documents which try to dam certain currents of thought after the manner of Pan, with their music, are dam lyres.

ROBERT T. MORRIS.

New York, Jan. 27, 1911.

Population in the Cities.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On the 4th inst. I wrote you that the Thirteenth Federal Census would reveal that A. D. 1911 opened with at least 726 cities of 8,000 and over in the continental United States.

At that time there were 109 former cities of 8,000 to hear from. There now are only ten, and it may be of interest to your readers to have the tabulation brought down to date.

It is as follows:

223 cities of over 25,000, already announced	25,807,060
202 former cities of 8,000-25,000, as in 1900	3,687,618
Gains in these cities	631,220
238 new cities of 8,000 and over, as in 1909	1,222,724
Gains in these cities	1,068,581
10 cities yet to hear from, as in 1900	123,095
Minimum population of cities of 8,000 and over	33,535,808
My estimate of Jan. 1 was	35,356,645

This makes a minimum of 28.06 per cent. of the Nation in cities of 8,000 and over. I before figured it at 29.44 per cent.

Five of the cities to be heard from are in Virginia, three in Vermont, one in Oklahoma, and one in Montana.

WALTER LAIDLAW.

Executive Secretary of the Federation of Churches and Christian Organizations in New York City.

New York, Jan. 26, 1911.

The Deadlock.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Great as will be the disappointment throughout the entire country over our failure to send Mr. Sheppard to Washington, and the consequent loss of prestige to the party in National affairs following the rejection of the inspiring service he would render in the Senate, it must not be lost sight of that we have a long list of able men to choose from, all well deserving of the honor. The belief is growing that the time has come for Gov. DIX to insist upon a conference being called to agree upon a course of action compatible with reason, for the spectacle of an entire State being held at bay by a few men bent upon the accomplishment of an act in defiance of the people is an intolerable piece of impudence calling for drastic repression.

To those members refusing to enter the caucus the Democratic Party is greatly indebted. With the knowledge that a name could be decided upon by members dwindled of their independence, as other course was open to them as more jealous of their personal and political honor. In acting as they have an exhibition of party loyalty had been displayed, commanding the admiration of the country.

M. F.

New York, Jan. 26, 1911.

THE MAN I OUGHT TO BE.

There's a fellow on ahead there—
Can you see him? If you can,
Kindly tell him not to hurry,
For I'm coming; he's the man
I've been following my life through;
Can't o'ertake him, for, you see,
One night when I wasn't watching—
Well, he got head start o' me.

Sometimes, by some great exertion,
Some harsh conflict I have won,
When I'm still too wholly tired
To care much for what I've done,
I can see the husky fellow
Just a step ahead; but while
I accept congratulations,
He adds on another mile.

If you see him, say I'm tired;
Ask him, please, to wait for me;
Tell him there's a lot of scenery
He has passed he didn't see.
On ahead the way grows darker,
Shadows longer, daylight dim;
But I'd like to pass the gateway,
If I can, beside of him.

EVA DEAN.

ARCHITECTS SHOW THEIR LATEST WORK

Exhibition Does Not Suggest That Designers Are Meeting Wholly New Problems.

COUNTRY HOUSES ON VIEW

Sculpture Division Has Two Magnificent Tigers Made by Proctor for Princeton—Loeb Memorial Exhibit.

The twenty-sixth annual exhibition of the Architectural League of New York opened yesterday with a private view, and will remain open until Saturday, Feb. 18 inclusive.

The rooms present a very attractive appearance, owing to the efficient labors of the Hanging Committee, who have managed an extremely heterogeneous and not particularly inspiring collection of exhibits in a way to preserve a fair semblance of unity or effect without the ragged edges so often apparent in exhibitions of similar character. The same praise cannot be given the Catalogue Committee, as they failed to produce their volume in time for the Press View.

The architectural section is necessarily rather dry picking for the public, drawings and photographs serving at their best as very poor substitutes for the real thing. Nor is there a great deal of material even of this kind to suggest that the architects of this great cosmopolitan city are meeting the complicated and wholly new problems that beset them. Of course they are meeting them, and we unquestionably are some day to have an architecture that will show its development from National and civic ideals, but there are not many examples of this awakened spirit in the exhibition.

Architects' Notable Works.

There are, however, the drawings and photographs of the Rice Institute, Houston, Texas, by Cram, Goodhue & Ferguson, with its interesting dome construction and rich color, perhaps as expressive of Texas as of Moorish character; the splendid West Point Chapel, by the same firm, set with the stability of a rock among its rocky surroundings; the Pennsylvania Railroad Station, by McKim, Mead & White; the Bryant Memorial, by Carrere & Hastings; the Forest Hills Village, Sage Foundation, by Grosvenor Atterbury, certainly one of the most interesting of our modern attempts at solution of the social problem; the University of Minnesota, by Cass Gilbert; the Robert Fulton Memorial Water Gate, by H. Van Buren Magonigle, and the Havana Railroad Station, by Kenneth M. Murchison.

The country houses show increasing individualism and also increasing fitness for use and considération for convenience. We noted particularly for its charming lines and appropriate division of space a cottage at Ridgefield, Conn., by Grosvenor Atterbury and John A. Tompkins. Very little, however, of the simple Georgian architecture, on the whole the neatest and frankest ever devised for domestic comfort, is to be seen.

In the department of sculpture are the two magnificent tigers by A. Phimister Proctor, which the class of 1879 gave to Princeton University; a large memorial relief by Daniel C. French, a figure for the Soldiers' Memorial, Allegany County, by Charles Keck; figures for the Court House Building, Cleveland, by Isidore Konti; reliefs for Albany Soldiers and Sailors' Monument by H. A. MacNeil, Shrady's groups for the Grant Monument, and other interesting things, a specific mention of which, together with the mural paintings and School of Rome and Beaux Arts exhibition, will have to be deferred to a later notice.

Exhibition at Lotos Club.

At the Lotos Club this week is a memorial exhibition of the work of the late Louis Loeb. Much of it was seen in memorial exhibitions last Winter, but we note again with pleasure such examples as the "Byblis," loaned by Dr. Humphreys; the "Jessica," a fine study of a sensitive and lovely type, loaned by F. S. Smithers; Mrs. Bonner's beautiful "Miranda," in which the artist touched the highest point of his later accomplishment, and the "Eleanor Robson," loaned by Messrs. Liebler & Co.

A number of earlier paintings also are shown, notably the "Girl with Poppies," a medal picture painted in the nineties, showing a girl in a white dress with sharp notes and strong masses of black, very fine in color and more reserved and solid in modeling than the later work. Another early picture, the little portrait of Miss Le Lanne, is painted in a very high key, with force and delicacy, and shows that the painter relinquished a few things well worth having for others not so good in his pursuit of his individual expression.

FEW AUTOS USED IN WINTER.

Col. Cornell Says That Is Why the Demand for Licenses Is Slow.

It is not strange that only 37,000 of the 65,000 automobile owners in this State have applied for 1911 licenses, it was explained yesterday at the offices of the National Highways Protective Association. Col. Edward S. Cornell, Secretary of the association, said this comparatively poor showing occurs each year for the reason that automobile owners keep their money in their pockets until they are ready to use their cars.

Many privately owned autos, Col. Cornell said, are stored in city garages or farmhouse barns, and not brought out until after April 1. No owner who expects not to use his car for two months, he declared, is going to get his license on Feb. 1.

This lack of rush to get licenses early is not confined to this State or year, Col. Cornell finds. Pennsylvania, only 37,000 out of 38,000 applicants held licenses in January, 1910. 8,000 in February, and 9,000 in March. So far in Pennsylvania only 18,000 have applied for licenses for 1911. Last year in this State only 18,000 out of 38,000 Auto owners had applied for licenses by Feb. 1.

To Show What Tenement Toil Means.

At the annual meeting of the Consumers' League, to be held next Tuesday at 3:30 P. M., at the Ethical Culture School, the conditions of tenement house industry will be illustrated by lantern slides. The photographs to be used were taken last Fall, and tell the history of the production of such luxuries as willow plumes, artificial flowers, and embroidered chiffon gowns. There will also be an exhibit of goods made in tenements. The speakers are to be Mrs. Frederick Nathan, and Dr. Stephen S. Wise.

Leaves Only a Claim of No Value

The will of Estelle Kitty Hart, the divorced wife of Benjamin Hart, who contested his will, was filed for probate yesterday by the executrix and sole legatee, Grace Seeley Hillis, "trusted friend" of the testatrix. The estate consists wholly of Mrs. Hart's hypothetical interest in the Benjamin Hart estate, which Justice Greenbaum held recently was nothing.

Need Not Appoint Married Women.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court confirmed yesterday Supreme Court Justice Bischoff's decision that the Board of Education has the right to enforce a rule against appointing married women to places as principal and assistant principal in the public schools. The appellant was Mrs. Grace P. Pennell, who had been a teacher for twenty-three years.

TABLEAUX BURLESQUE AT HOUSE WARMING

Suffragette Equal Suffrage League" Poses in Pictures at Mrs. Belmont Tiffany's New Home.

TAKE-OFF ON RECENT SHOW

Hostess Also Entertains Sixty Friends with a Playlet and Pantomime—Supper and Dancing.

Mrs. Belmont Tiffany, who has just moved into her new home, 68 West Ninth Street, had a housewarming last night, consisting of a playlet, a pantomime, and tableaux, followed by a supper, singing, and dancing.

Sixty of Mrs. Tiffany's friends gathered at 11 o'clock and were seated as at a theatre in the drawing room, and on a stage at the rear of the back parlor amateur talent exploited itself amid much laughter.

The first act on the somewhat impromptu programme was Theodosia Garrison's little skit, "The Frosen," a take-off on one of Maeterlinck's plays. In this Mrs. James B. Eustis, Mrs. Tiffany, and Frank W. Crowninshield took the parts. This was followed by the pantomime, "The Wrong Flat," in which Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Matthews and Gordon Bell appeared.

The third part of the programme was a set of twelve tableaux entitled "Tableaux by the Men's Equal Suffrage League. The subjects included Cornelia and the Gracchi, Motherhood, and Adam and Eve, and were all posed by men, including the Duke of Vallambrosa, Monclure Robinson, and others. Frank Crowninshield introduced each tableau with a funny little prefatory remark. The tableaux were a burlesque on those lately posed for the cause of suffrage in Maxine Elliott's Theatre.

All three of these features and singing and dancing later were made as funny as possible and elicited much laughter.

The guests asked included Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Guinness, Mr. and Mrs. Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. Payne Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. Austen Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. Norman De R. Whitehouse, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Lankow, Mrs. Arthur Iselin, Mrs. Ernest Iselin, Edward Crowninshield, Robin Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Rogers Winthrop, and Rawlins Holdsworth.

MRS. FISH ENTERTAINS.

Dinner Guests Entertained by Baroness Elsa Laura Von Voltzogen.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish gave another in her series of dinners last night at her residence, 23 East Seventy-eighth Street, and will give another on Thursday, Feb. 9. Last evening her guests numbered sixty and were seated at small tables decorated with bridal wreath and other flowers.

After dinner the Baroness Elsa Laura von Voltzoon sang French and German chansons, accompanying herself on the guitar.

The guests included Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. C. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. George Rives, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Frelinghuysen, Mr. and Mrs. Carrick Rives, Mr. and Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Olin, Judge John Clinton Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Moses Taylor Campbell, Mrs. Richard Gambrill, Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer, Mrs. William Post, Miss Elsie de Wolfe, Mr. and Mrs. J. Russell Soley, Mr. and Mrs. J. Frederic Tams, Mr. and Mrs. James Brown Potter, Mrs. Joseph Stickney, Miss Adelaide Spafford, Miss Mabel Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Cass Ledyard, Miss Sarah Hewitt, Gen. Horace Porter, Melville Stone, Col. Crosby, Elliot Cassory, Egerton Winthrop, Charles Wetmore, Sidney Smith, Edward Livingston, Sidney Harris, J. Coleman Drayton, Madison Grant, Franklin Plummer, F. Townsend Martin, the Messrs. Marsh and de Peyster, and Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Dyer.

ARRIVE FOR GOULD WEDDING.

Lord Camoys, Capt. Lumb, Mrs. A. J. Drexel and Son, J. Armstrong Drexel.

Lord Camoys and Capt. Edward Lumb, who come to attend the Decies-Gould wedding, arrived yesterday on the Cunard liner Mauretania. Capt. Lumb is a brother-in-law of Lord Decies, and will be an usher at the ceremony. Lord Decies was at the pier to welcome them. He returned with a short time after his friends had sailed, and after telling them that he had an engagement at Lakewood.

Capt. Lumb is a retired English Army officer. He and Lord Camoys had nothing but flattering things to say of American and American women. Both said they were enthusiastically in favor of woman's suffrage.

Among other wedding guests who arrived on the Mauretania were Mrs. Anthony D. Drexel and her son, J. Armstrong Drexel.

Entertainment for People's Hospital.

A musical entertainment and ball in aid of the People's Hospital will be held at the Hotel Astor to-night. This hospital was opened last July to relieve the pressure on other east side hospitals, all of which are overcrowded, and makes a particular appeal to Austrians and Hungarians. The Emperor of Austria presented an operating table to the hospital, and has in other ways assisted it through the Austrian Consul here.

The People's Hospital is at 203 Second Avenue, and the officers are: Moses Bromberg, President; Joseph B. Olldort, Vice President; Max Scott, Treasurer; Joseph Greenberg, Secretary; Dr. Ignatz Harrow Rottenberg, President Medical Board.

The musical programme includes Mme. Dimitrieff, soprano; Craig Campbell, tenor, and Leopold Winkler, pianist.

Last Modern Morning at Plaza.

The last of the Modern Mornings was given yesterday at the Plaza, and a varied programme was presented. "Mr. and Mrs. Hastings," a one-act play, by Miss Caroline Duer, was presented by Miss Ruth Marinoff, Ernest Glendenning, and Miss Frances Whitehouse. Ralph C. Herz gave recitations, George Spink sang popular songs, Miss Vida Sutton gave humorous Scotch recitations, and George Giddings appeared in a monologue.

Whist Party in Aid of Charity.

A whist party will be given to-night at the home of Mrs. Isidor Ritter, 41 St. George's Place, in aid of the babies' ward of the Her Mersah Hospital.

Sir Bache Cunard Arrives.

Among the arrivals on the Mauretania, due yesterday, was Sir Bache Cunard. While in this country he will be the guest of August Belmont.

We Want Your Wife
Who Cannot Eat Anything
Without Acidity, Gases, Eructations, Distress After Eating, Excess of Mucus, Nausea, to "Try One More Good Dinner"
Nothing desired, same as when well, and write about "God SIP"
MAN-A-CEA WATER
A Natural Mineral Spring Water
Of Quality, If Ever, Suitable for Eastern Good Digestion
Tell your friends who have tried it.
A. T. Tillard, Agent, Murrell & Cowan, Co.
Sole Agents for U.S.
Hudson & Co., Hudson, River, Steuben

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Sidney Dillon Ripley will give a dinner on Feb. 14.

Mrs. Frank S. Witherbee will give a large dinner at her home Jan. 31, afterward taking her guests to the Charity Ball at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Sir John and Lady Barran are the guests of the Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks.

Miss Ethel Carhart will have a theatre party and supper on Jan. 31, and afterward the party will attend the Charity Ball.

Miss Winifred Holt will give a dance on Feb. 9 at her residence, 44 East Seventy-eighth Street, the guests to include the young girls and men who are to do the fancy dance at the St. Valentine's fete at the Hotel Astor in aid of the blind.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Jerome Hill of St. Paul, Minn., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Gavin, 12 East Sixty-fifth Street.

Mrs. Bernard M. Baruch is giving a dinner on Feb. 4.

Mrs. Thomas T. Sherman at 126 East Thirty-first Street will give a very small dinner dance on Feb. 3.

The Saturday Evening Dancing Class meets to-night at Delmonico's and will be preceded by many dinners, one of which will be by Miss Adelaide Pendergast.

Mrs. John Claflin will give a small dance this evening at her Washington Square residence for the Misses Alice and Edith Pine, debutantes of this season.

Mrs. William B. Shoemaker will entertain this evening at her residence, 18 West Fifty-fifth Street, with a dinner for Miss Marie Sheedy and her fiancé, Robert L. Livingston.

Mrs. James R. Townsend gave a theatre party, followed by a supper and dancing, at her residence, 117 East Fifty-seventh Street, last night for Miss Eleanor Townsend.

Among others entertaining at dinner last night were Mrs. John Drexel and Mrs. Frederick Roosevelt.

BALLET PUPILS AT PARTY.

Girls of Mme. Cavalazzi's School Celebrate Little Rene Reiss's Birthday.

Little René Reiss, the daughter of Albert Reiss, one of the singers at the Metropolitan Opera House, celebrated her fifth birthday yesterday. As recently she has been spending a great deal of her time taking dancing lessons from Mme. Cavalazzi, who has charge of the ballet school at the Metropolitan, she decided that she would like to give a party for all the girls in the school. So, with her father's assistance, this was arranged.

The Roof Theatre was decorated. A long table was spread on the stage, and over this hung festoons of lights with flowered shades. From the centre of these the word "five" was spelled in lights.

Before the little feast the girls of the school danced on the floor below several dances which Mme. Cavalazzi had arranged for the occasion. This ballet school made its first public appearance successfully last June, but since then it has been very much improved. Ten of the girls are now dancing in the Metropolitan Opera ballet, and it is only a question of time before all of them will be recruited in this manner.

A private pupil of Mme. Cavalazzi's, Miss Eva Swain, danced several selections. She is only 13 years old, and intends to spend several more years at serious study before embarking on the career of a premiere danseuse.

Little René Reiss is studying dancing only for the exercise and the training in deportment, but she had donned a ballet skirt and pink tights and slippers like the other girls, and she also gave some exhibitions of what Mme. Cavalazzi had taught her, to the delight of the grown-ups who were present.

And afterward she invited all the girls to come and sit at the table and help eat the ices and chocolates. It was a merry party.

VON POSSART IN SOMBRE PLAY

Appears with Frau Agathe Barcsecsy in "Daughter of Fabricius."

Ernst von Possart appeared with Frau Agathe Barcsecsy, a Vienna actress, at the Garden Theatre last night in Dr. Adolf Wilbrandt's drama, "Die Tochter des Fabricius," ("The Daughter of Fabricius.") The supporting company was Herr von Possart's Munich organization.

"The Daughter of Fabricius" is a rather sombre drama of the more modern German school. Fabricius is a returned convict, who has spent twenty-four years in prison. He comes back to his old home and discovers his wife, who has treated him badly; his daughter, who has married, and his grandson, whom he has never seen. He is not recognised by his family, and in order to keep distrace away from them he refrains from making known his identity. His love for his daughter, however, brings him to entering the garden of the house by stealth, in order to get one more look at her, and he is arrested and accused of being a thief. He refuses to clear himself of the charge until his grandson adds his plea to that of those who know him.

Herr von Possart as the convict and Frau Barcsecsy as the wife received much applause from the large audience, and their work appeared to give complete satisfaction. Fräulein Eruenner acted the daughter and Herr Scransoni had the rôle of Eulenstein, the Judge, who assists Fabricius.

Opera Benefit for German Press Club.

A performance of "Die Meistersinger" will be given to-night at the Metropolitan Opera House for the benefit of the German Press Club. The singers who will appear are Miss Bella Alten, Miss Florence Wickham, and Messrs. Goritz, Soomer, Slezak, Reiss, Hinckley, and Hinshaw.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Henry Griff, a ventriloquist and juggler, who has been playing in the English music halls, arrived on the Mauretania yesterday and will begin his season at the American Music Hall next week.

Five hundred members of the Masonic Club, with their wives, attended the performance of "Alma, Where Do You Live?" at Weber's Theatre last night. Supper was served at the club after the play.

Delegates attending the convention of the Superintendents of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company were present in a body at the performance of "Naughty Marietta" at the New York Theatre last night. Out of courtesy to the guests Victor Herbert directed the orchestra, and the "official song" of the insurance company was played between the acts.

According to an announcement from Charles Frohman's office, Otis Skinner is to appear in a one-act play, "The Maid," written by his eleven-year-old daughter Cornelia. The piece, it is said, will be put on as a curtain raiser to "Sire." It concerns a legend of King Arthur and the Knights of the Round Table, and is described as a romantic fantasy.

The illness of Mabel Fenton will prevent the appearance of Rose and Fenton next week at the Plaza Music Hall, where they have been advertised. Instead, Charles Richman and his company will present a comedy called "The Fire Escape," of which he is the author. He will be assisted by Mabel Frenyear as leading woman.

The annual entertainment given under the direction of the Treasurers' Club of America will be given at the Broadway Theatre on Sunday evening, Feb. 26.

OEHME PICTURES SOLD FOR $56,595

Corot's "Morning in the Valley" Brings $4,800, Highest Price of 93 Paintings.

$4,600 PAID FOR A DIAZ

Art Dealer's "Souvenir of Cape Martin," by Harpignies, Sold for $3,800, "Normandy Farm" $3,700.

The stock of Julius Oehme, the art dealer, whose serious illness has forced him to close his business, were sold last night by Mr. Kirby of the American Art Association at Mendelssohn Hall. The ninety-three paintings brought $56,595. There was a good audience and fair prices, a dealer's sale seldom bringing the prices of a well-known private collector. There was a large collection of modern Dutch paintings with works of Barbizon artists.

A small Corot, "Morning in the Valley: An Italian Idyl," brought the highest price of the sale, going to S. Edwards for $4,800. A Diaz, "Fontainebleau Forest," brought the second highest price, $4,600, given by P. J. Goodhart. A charming Blommers, "Children on the Beach," went to Knoedler & Co. for $3,100. "Souvenir of Cape Martin," by Harpignies, went to M. H. Lehman for $3,800. Marie Dieterle's "A Normandy Farm" went to E. C. Schaefer for $3,700.

Following is a list of some of the pictures bringing the higher prices with the purchasers where given:

Returns to the Barn—Anton Mauve; M. Knoedler & Co.	$725
Leading the Cow—Anton Mauve; Heland Art Galleries	410
The Fishing Harbor—Theophile De Bock; A. A. Healy, Brooklyn	210
Reflecting—Joseph Israels; Henry Rhinhardt	2,700
Home Life—Bernardus Johannes Blommers; F. C. Fleemans	575
Return from the Fields, (water color)—Joseph Israels; F. C. Fleemans	1,050
Gathering Pagots—Evert Pieters; C. Hernet, agent	500
Children on the Beach—Bernardus Johannes Blommers; M. Knoedler & Co.	2,100
Fontainebleau Forest—Diaz; F. J. Goodhart	4,600
Study of a Cow—Troon; W. Henderson	600
Morning in the Valley—An Italian Idyl—Corot; S. Edwards	4,800
Village at Sunset—Theodore Rousseau; John Jahne	775
Calm Evening, Holland—Johann Barthold Jongkind; Knoedler & Co.	575
Vironcourt in the Vosages—Jan Monchablon; Henry Schulthesis	580
The Ruin—Henri Harpignies; W. Henderson	500
The Grand Canal—Felix Zelm; O. Bernet, agent	1,225
L'Enfant Prodigue—Jean Charles Cazin; C. Thompson	2,000
The New Novel—Dezeau Bouvret; W. C. Dordrecht—Eugene Boudin; Durand Rual	425
Apple Trees in Blossom, Evagny—Camille Pissarro	650
The Old Mill—Fritz Thaulow; Henry Schulthesis	1,075
Souvenir of Cape Martin—Henri Harpignies; M. H. Lehman	580
A Cavalier of the Regency—Ferdinand Roybet; E. M. Bullguin	3,800
Departure of the Bridal Party—Cesare Detti; P. J. Ottinger	600
A Normandy Farm—Mme. Marie Dieterle; E. C. Shaefer	3,700

ANOTHER WAGNER CONCERT.

The Philharmonic Society Plays and Mmme. Gadski Singe Again.

The Philharmonic Society was so much encouraged by the public interest taken in its recent Wagner concert that it immediately projected another for yesterday afternoon. In this, as in the other, Mme. Johanna Gadski was the soloist. There appeared to be a continuation of the interest that was shown before, for the audience was large.

The programme repeated some of the excerpts that had appeared upon the former one. It included the overtures to "The Flying Dutchman" and "Tannhäuser," this in the Paris version with the Bacchanale; the prelude to "Parsifal," with the final scene of the drama for orchestra alone, and that to "Tristan und Isolde," also with the finale scene, but sung as it is intended to be in the performance. Besides this final scene, Mme. Gadski sang Elisabeth's air from the second act of "Tannhäuser," preceded by the introduction of the prayer from the third act and the song "Träume" with orchestral accompaniment. The orchestra concluded the programme with the "Ride of the Valkyries" and the "Magic Fire Scene" from "Die Walküre."

Mr. Mahler confines his selections to the preludes and excerpts that can be taken from their surroundings in the operas and music-dramas with least violence to their context and to their dramatic character, and he does it well in this. The performances were fine for the most part, though not all of equal value. The prelude and final scene from "Tristan" were superbly played; the prelude to "Parsifal" less well. Mme. Gadski was in better voice than she was at her participation in the Philharmonic's first Wagner concert. Her voice was full, rich, and under admirable control, and in Elisabeth's Prayer she sang the sustained soft measures with much beauty of tone and breadth of style. In Isolde's final song there was a splendid eloquence and power.

Legal Aid Society's Benefit.

Among those who have taken boxes or seats for the benefit performance on Feb. 4 of "Madama Butterfly" for the Legal Aid Society are Mrs. Henry W. Taft, Mrs. V. Everit Macy, Mrs. James Speyer, Mrs. Arthur Curtis James, Mrs. F. W. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Henry Dimock, Col. J. J. Astor, I. N. Seligman, and August Belmont.

Mary Garden in Concert on April 3.

Miss Mary Garden will give her first concert in New York on Monday afternoon, April 3. The programme will consist of selections from the operas in which she has sung. She will have the assistance of Arturo Tiboldi, violinist, and Howard Brockway, pianist.

"Girl of the Golden West" Again.

The sixth performance of "The Girl of the Golden West" at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening again drew an audience which filled every nook and corner in the theatre. The cast was the original one, including Miss Destinn and Messrs. Caruso, Amato, and Gilly. Mr. Toscanini conducted.

Tells of a New Concert League.

R. E. Johnston, the concert manager, gave a dinner last night in the Café Martin to a large number of his associate managers. It was announced at the dinner that an organization of concert managers was to be formed in the near future.

THRONGAT PHILLIPS FUNERAL

Services Over the Slain Novelist Read in St. George's Church.

The funeral of David Graham Phillips, the novelist who was shot outside the Princeton Club last Monday by Fitzhugh Coyle Goldsborough, was held at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. George's Episcopal Church, in Rutherford Place.

Long before the doors were opened a large crowd gathered to watch the ceremony from the street. While the church was filling with mourners a delegation from The Sun Alumni Association, many of whom had been fellow-reporters with Phillips fifteen years ago on The Sun, filed into the church and took two front pews on the right hand side of the centre aisle. Among them were Collin Armstrong, Charles Mason Fairbanks, Christopher J. Fitzgerald, Robert Sterling Yard, John P. Kenny, Samuel Hopkins Adams, Rudolph Block, and Stephen T. Mather. Mrs. Carolyn Trevert, Harrison Phillips, and other members of the dead novelist's family occupied the two front pews left of the centre aisle.

Archdeacon Nelson, after intoning the first words of the Episcopal burial service in the rear of the church, led a procession escorting the coffin, which was piled high with violets, to the altar. The pall bearers, Robert W. Chambers, Samuel G. Blythe, Arthur West Little, George Horace Lorimer, J. H. Sears, Senator Beveridge, Otto Carmichael, and John O'Hara Cosgrave, followed behind the coffin.

Archdeacon Nelson continued to read the service, while the organ played a low processional accompaniment. As the coffin reached the altar the choir sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee." "Abide with Me," a favorite hymn of the dead novelist, was sung by the choir later in the ceremony. At the close of the service the coffin was carried out to the hearse and taken to a vault in the Marble Cemetery on Second Street, where it will remain temporarily until the family decides on a permanent burial place.

Roses and lilies were banked on the altar steps, and after the ceremony these flowers were carried over to the Deaconess Home of the church across the street to be distributed among the hospitals of the city.

COURT RULES FOR ZIEGFELD.

Appellate Division Upholds Manager's Contract With Norworth and Sayes.

Four of the five Judges of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court ruled yesterday that contracts between theatrical managers and actors are enforceable in the same manner as business agreements, and must be upheld accordingly.

The case was that of Florence Ziegfeld, Jr., against Jack Norworth and his wife, known professionally as Nora Bayes. Mr. Ziegfeld made a contract with the actors for the season of 1910-11, at a joint salary of $1,000 a week. He charged that they had refused to carry out the terms of the contract and had left his company. He obtained an injunction restraining them from using certain songs and from appearing under any management but his own. Mr. and Mrs. Norworth's defense was that they had been discharged by the manager and were not permitted to carry out their contract.

The Appellate Division affirms the decision of Justice O'Gorman, giving Ziegfeld judgment for $128, expenses of advertising them, and restraining the players from acting or singing until the expiration of their contract, Feb. 22, 1911. Presiding Justice Ingraham dissented from this opinion on the ground that the case was not one in which the court should specifically enforce the contract by majority injunction. D. Gerber was counsel for Ziegfeld and W. Klein for the defendants.

SIR CHARLES WYNDHAM HERE

Arrives with Miss Mary Moore to See Several Plays.

Sir Charles Wyndham, the English actor and manager, arrived yesterday on the Cunard liner Mauretania. With him was Miss Mary Moore, (Mrs. James Albrey.) Sir Charles and his leading lady will return on the Mauretania Feb. 1. It had been the intention of Miss Moore, who is in poor health, to go to Palm Beach for several weeks, but during the voyage she changed her mind and decided to return with Sir Charles.

It is said that one reason for the coming of Sir Charles is to see "Baby Mine," "Nobody's Widow," and "Over Night." He said that he was not making arrangements to produce any plays here, and had no plans to make public regarding his London interests.

He occupied a box at Nazimova's Theatre last night, and between the acts he and Miss Moore went behind the scenes to meet Marguerite Clark, who is playing the leading rôle in "Baby Mine."

INSPECTOR McCAFFERTY DEAD

Ex-Head of Detective Bureau Dies of Unusual Disease at the Age of 58.

Police Inspector James McCafferty, who, for the three years preceding last April, was head of the Detective Bureau, died yesterday at his home, 920 Park Avenue, of leuchaemia, at the age of fifty-five.

After ex-Police Commissioner Baker, with the consent of Mayor Gaynor, removed Inspector McCafferty from the Detective Bureau, the Inspector was put in charge of the Eleventh Inspection District, which is the Flatbush district in Brooklyn. He seemed in good health at first, but became ill during the Summer, and last November obtained a leave of absence and went to St. Luke's Hospital with a disease which puzzled the physicians. After he had been transferred to the Hahnemann Hospital, it was discovered that, through some unknown cause, the red corpuscles of his blood were diminishing and the white ones were abnormally increasing. The disease was accompanied by waste of tissue, loss of appetite and increasing weakness.

Inspector McCafferty was born in this city on Feb. 22, 1853. He was appointed to the force in 1886. He became a roundsman in 1896, a Sergeant in 1897 and a Captain in 1903. He was made an Inspector and placed in charge of the Detective Bureau by ex-Commissioner Bingham in February, 1907, and remained there until Commissioner Baker superseded him by Inspector Russell last April.

McCafferty once said that it was the business of the head of the Detective Bureau "to keep all thieves, swindlers, bunko steerers, and possible murderers out of New York." The way he succeeded in doing this at the time of the Hudson-Fulton Celebration, when the crowded streets might otherwise have furnished a carnival for pickpockets, won him much praise. He was a protégé of the late Thomas Byrnes. According to one story, when McCafferty was a young patrolman in the East Thirty-fifth Street Station, a murder occurred which Inspector Byrnes himself said was impossible to solve.

Young McCafferty said he could solve it if given time, and after three months he succeeded in capturing the murderer. Byrnes was so pleased that he took McCafferty down to the Detective Bureau and the young detective rose rapidly after that. McCafferty's origin was humble. His parents were very poor and his father died when he was twelve years old. At sixteen he became a machinist, going to school and getting an education in evenings. He had a hobby for European history all through life.

Rear Admiral David Benton Macomb.

Rear Admiral David Benton Macomb, who was retired on Feb. 27, 1899, after nearly fifteen years of sea service and twenty-two years four months of shore and other service, died at his home in this city yesterday at the age of 84 years. He entered the service on Jan. 1, 1840, and on Sept. 21, 1900, was made a Chief Engineer. He was retired with the rank of Rear Admiral.

Charles M. Daily.

Charles M. Daily, inventor and dealer in war material, who received unusual honors from the British Government for procuring the adoption of the Lee military magazine rifle in the War Department of that country, and also a gold and diamond cigarette case from the Czar of Russia for his part in arranging for the adoption of the Harvey armor plate by Russia prior to the Russo-Japanese war, died in a hotel at Fort Monroe, Va., yesterday of heart disease.

Mr. Daily had an international reputation as a specialist in ordnance, ammunition, and gunnery. Mr. Daily was Secretary of the Churchward International Steel Company, President of the Moore Silencer and Trigger Controller Companies, and was an officer of several other companies having to do with military and naval affairs. His home was at 331 West Eighty-third Street.

Obituary Notes.

ROBERT PEACOCK, known among veterans of the civil war as "Pontoon Peacock," died Thursday after a year's illness at his residence in Chicago. Mr. Peacock was a member of the famous "Sturgis Rifles." He had charge of the force which laid the corduroy road and built bridges across the Chickahominy swamps, which enabled Gen. Franklin to cross and justly Marcus Hulbs. The feat earned for the constructor the nickname of "Pontoon Peacock."

JOSEPH NOYES, who more than forty years ago went to live at the home of Edgar F. Storrs in Mansfield, Conn., and who during that time, it is stated by members of the household, never left the house, died there yesterday of pneumonia at the age of 70. Noyes was well-to-do.

Mrs. P. B. RIDDELL, wife of the champion bowler and herself considered one of the best women bowlers in this city, died yesterday at her home, 600 West 175th Street from cirrhosis of the liver, brought on by a nervous disorder. She was the trophy of the United Bowling Clubs in 1905. Besides her husband she is survived by two sons, Glen and Chester.

Mrs. MARY ELIZABETH PEARE KING, wife of Beverly Sedwick King, an architect, died on Wednesday at her home in White Plains.

Major JOSEPH A. SLADDEN, U. S. A., retired, died on Wednesday at his home in Portland, Ore., aged 69 years. During the civil war he enlisted in the Thirty-third Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry. He took part in the battles of Chancellorsville and Gettysburg and received a medal for bravery at Resaca. He served in various Indian campaigns after the civil war and was Judge Advocate and Adjutant General of the Department of Columbia. Major Sladden was aid-de-camp to Gen. Howard at West Point and in the Department of the Platte. He retired because of the loss of his right leg in 1886 and was created a Major by Congress two years ago.

ABIJAH HOWELL TOPPING, once senior member of the firm of Topping, Maynard & Hobron, is dead at his home, 139 Willoughby Avenue, Brooklyn, following an operation in a sanitarium last Wednesday. He was a member of the Union League and Hanover Clubs, Altair Lodge F. & A. M., Clinton Commandery, and Grant Post G. A. R. He was 71 years old and was born in Rockaway, N. J. He leaves two sons and a widow.

Mrs. EMMA WEIR CASEY, widow of Brigadier Gen. Thomas Lincoln Casey, for many years Chief of Engineers, U. S. A., died at her home, 1,419 K Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., Wednesday. Mrs. Casey, who was a daughter of the late Prof. Robert Weir of the United States Military Academy, was born at West Point June 2, 1824. She went to Washington to live about forty years ago. Mrs. Casey is survived by two sons—Col. Thomas Lincoln Casey of the Engineer Corps, U. S. A., and Edward Pearce Casey, an architect of this city.

GARRET D. CARSON, for five years a member of the Freehold, N. J., Board of Town Commissioners, died Thursday night at a sanitarium in Philadelphia. He was 59 years old. Mr. Carson was a member of Olive Branch Lodge, No. 16, F. and A. M., of Freehold, and the Freehold Driving Association. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Lillian Johnson of Philadelphia.

EDWIN JAMES SEELEY, promoter of various business ventures, died at his home, 620 Beverly Road, Flatbush, on Wednesday. Some of the companies in which Mr. Seeley was interested at one time were the Industrial Federation of America, the Multiphone Company, and the United Standard Furnace Company. He was born in England in 1875, and is survived by his wife and two sons.

HERMAN GRAF, formerly a policeman attached to the Clymer Street Station, Brooklyn, and for the last five years a private detective, died from paralysis on Tuesday at his home, 162 Reid Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 61 years old.

PHILIP H. BOGERT, a civil war veteran, died at his home, 127 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday, at the age of 78 years. Mr. Bogert was a member of the Marcy Avenue Baptist Church and a charter member of the Philadelphia Council, R. A.

Dr. HENRY C. NEER of Park Ridge, N. J., who had practiced in the northern part of Bergen County forty-five years, died in the Hackensack Hospital yesterday afternoon while undergoing an operation for cancer. Dr. Neer left a widow, five daughters, and two sons, one of the latter, Charles, being a physician in Baltimore. Dr. Neer was born in Schoharie County, N. Y., and was 72 years old.

JAMES SPEARES WALLACE, son of James and Wilhelmina Wallace, died at his home, 129 Decatur Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday. He was 69 years old. Mr. Wallace and his mother formerly lived at the Flushing Avenue gate of the Brooklyn Navy Yard. She is dead, and is said to be the only woman buried within the navy yard.

Mrs. GRINNELL WILLIS died in Morristown, N. J., yesterday after a long illness. She was Mary Baker Hayden, daughter of the late Robert H. Hayden of Philadelphia. Mrs. Willis was a large contributor to Morristown charities. She is survived by her husband and three children—Mrs. Robert Locke, Mrs. W. D. Vanderpool, and Joseph G. Willis.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1600 Bryant.

Married.

ARMSTRONG—WOOLLEY.—On Jan. 26, at the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, 73d St. and Madison Av., by the Rev. Henry Sloan Coffin, Ethel, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. V. S. Woolley, to Dr. Edgar Bond Armstrong.

BENNETT—ANDERSON.—Jan. 26, 1911, Madison, N. J., Jane Anderson to E. Beverley Bennett.

Brooklyn.

DOYLE—McLOUGHLIN.—Jan. 22, Nellie McLaughlin to Edward Doyle.

METZ—MILLER.—Jan. 25, Helen Miller to Arthur W. Metz.

SCOVILLE—STACKHOUSE.—Jan. 28, Charlotte M. Stackhouse to Addison B. Scoville.

STRINGER—DEACON.—Jan. 25, M. Claudia Deacon to William C. Stringer.

Long Island.

TERRY—ROBINSON.—Jan. 25, Mattituck, Lottie Robinson to David Terry.

New Jersey.

KENNEDY—RICHARDS.—Jan. 28, Montclair, Alice F. Richards to Dion W. Kennedy.

Died.

CADMUS.—On Friday, Jan. 27, 1911, at Nanahanic, N. J., Laura E. Cadmus, daughter of Sarah E. and the late Frederick Cadmus.

CLANCY.—On Wednesday, Jan. 25, at her residence, 208 West 58th St., after a lingering illness, Ann Jane, wife of John J. Clancy. Funeral services at Church of the Strangers, 309 West 57th St., on Saturday, Jan. 28, at 10 A. M. Interment at Woodlawn.

COHEN.—In New York City, Friday, Jan. 27, 1911, Clarence, son of Herman and Mollie A. Cohen of Orange, N. J., in his 20th year. Funeral service private at 158 High St., Orange, N. J.

COLLES.—On Thursday, Jan. 26, 1911, at his late residence, 425 Fort Green Place, Brooklyn, George Wetmore Colles, son of James Colles and Harriet Wetmore Colles, in the 76th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the family vault, Greenwood Cemetery, Monday, Jan. 30, at 2 P. M. Take Fifth Avenue Elevated train from Brooklyn Bridge.

COZZENS.—Friday, Jan. 27, Edward Carey Cozzens, son of the late A. M. Cozzens of New York. Funeral private. Interment Carmel, N. Y.

DALLY.—Suddenly, on Jan. 26, at Old Point Comfort, Charles Mortimer Dally, beloved husband of Mabelle Cone Dally, 231 West 88th St., New York City. Funeral notice later. London and Paris papers please copy.

DAYTON.—On the fifth inst., Caroline E., daughter of the late John A. Dayton and Adelia Lowbridge, aged 72 years. Funeral from the chapel at Greenwood Cemetery on Monday, Jan. 30, at 2 P. M.

DICKINSON.—Lucy Dickinson. Funeral at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St. (FRANK E. CAMPBELL BUILDING.)

DURYEE.—At her late residence, Brooklyn, on Jan. 26, 1911, Ariana Graves, wife of the late Jacob Augustus Duryee, in her 87th year. Funeral services Saturday, Jan. 28, at 2:30 P. M., at the home of her son, Peter S. Duryee, Englewood, N. J.

EDSON.—Thursday, Jan. 26, 1911, at his residence, Jarvis Homestead Edson, beloved husband of Elitza Ward Edson and son of the late Marmont B. Edson. Funeral services private.

HENDERSON.—At New Hyde Park, L. I., Friday, Jan. 27, 1911, Charlotte C. Henderson, daughter of the late George H. and Charlotte Kelsey, widow of Charles H. Garrison. Funeral services from her late residence, New Hyde Park, L. I., on Monday, Jan. 30, at 11:30 A. M. Interment Zion Churchyard, Little Neck, L. I., at convenience of family. Carriages will meet train arriving at New Hyde Park 11:15 A. M.

HAMMOND.—Entered into rest at her home, 160 Morningside Av., West, on Friday, Jan. 27, Felicia A. Hammond. Interment Le Roy, N. Y.

HART.—After a brief illness, on Wednesday, Jan. 25, 1911, at Nanhanic, N. Y., Henry Underhill Hart, eldest son of Rev. John Hart and Anna F. Underhill. Funeral services at Reformed Church, Nanhanic, Saturday, Jan. 28, 1911, at 11 A. M. Relatives, friends, members of the Chi Phi Fraternity, also comrades 71st Regt. N. G. N. Y. are invited. Jersey Central train leaving Liberty St. 9 A. M. will be met on arrival at Nanhanic.

HOLMES.—At Pomfret, Conn., on Thursday, Jan. 26, Lucy N. Holmes, for ten years the faithful and devoted nurse of Pomfret School Infirmary. Funeral services Congregational Church, Pomfret, Sunday, Jan. 29, at 2 P. M.

LOMBARD.—At Tarrytown, N. Y., Jan. 26, 1911, Sarah Read, widow of the late Harry F. Lombard. Interment at Greenville, N. Y.

MACOMB.—On Friday, Jan. 27, 1911, Rear Admiral David B. Macomb, U. S. N., retired, in his 84th year. Services in St. James Episcopal Church, St. James Place and Jerome Av., Bronx, Monday, Jan. 30, 3 P. M.

MAZZETTI.—On Jan. 26, 1911, Antonio C. Mazzetti, beloved husband of Sophia A. Mazzetti, aged 49 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 160 West 69th St., Sunday, Jan. 29, at 1:30 P. M. Friends and members of Crescent Lodge, 416, F. and A. M.; Amity Chapter, 169, R. A. M.; Palestine Commandery, 12, K. T.; New York Consistory, S. P. R. S. Mecca Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S.; Azim Grotto, I. O. H. P.; New York Lodge, 1, B. P. O. E.; Coeur Francois Sel Harmonie, New York Protege Exchange, are invited to attend.

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This collection, although comprising only twenty-five pictures, is a collection of high importance, and includes three celebrated canvases and a pastel by Jean Francois Millet. Important works by Daubigny and Rousseau, a representative Dupre, and a Genre by Diaz completes the Barbizon Group. Of the French Contemporary Masters there are three excellent examples of Isabey, a fine Courbet, an important work by Garin, two highly important Bails, and examples of Gerome, Asti and Renoir. The modern Dutch Masters are represented in characteristic works by DeBock and Blommers.

Mr. Isman's reason for selling this collection is his decision to confine his collecting now to etchings by the Old Masters.

*A CATALOGUE DE LUXE (Not Illustrated) written by Charles H. Caffin, printed on Imperial Japan Vell

STANLEY AND BURNS FIGHT POOR BOUT

Englishman Slightly Outpoints American in Ten Rounds of Unsatisfactory Boxing.

Digger Stanley, England's bantamweight champion, showed himself a trifle more clever than Frankie Burns of Jersey City, generally regarded as the leader in this division in America, in their ten-round bout before the National Sporting Club last night. For fast and scientific fighting the bout was a disappointment, and the crowd, which packed Tom O'Rourke's clubhouse to the doors, were treated to more wrestling, holding, and foul tactics than any other bout in New York has produced this season. The Englishman was the leader in the foul work, and was repeatedly hissed by the crowd. Burns, too, did considerable holding, and there were only few and brief sessions of that toe-to-toe work which might be expected in a bout between two such clever performers as Stanley and Burns.

The British boy had the advantage in height and reach, and he also proved himself far more clever in footwork than the Jersey City bantam. He had a habit of dancing around, and he jumped around in the open fighting and in the clinches in a way that put more weight in the blows than if they had been delivered flat-footed. He also shaded Burns in Frankie's strong style—infighting—showing better defensive answers in the clinches than Burns. Stanley held a crouching position during most of the clinches, and was able to keep out of the way of many of the rapid-fire wallops which Burns can shoot in with both hands while fighting at close range.

Stanley also introduced a few stunts into the battle which are not down on the programme in American bouts, and they did not serve to raise him very high in the popularity of the crowd. He wrestled continually during the bout, and used his strength to good effect in raising Burns off his feet and pulling him around the ring. In the clinches he showed such a strong desire to keep on fighting while Referee Haley was endeavoring to separate him from Burns that Frankie, principally to defend himself, had to adopt the same kind of tactics. The result was that the referee was in constant danger while trying to separate the two boys, who in the latter rounds absolutely disregarded his order to break, and continued to pound at each other until the referee's strength had pried them apart and pushed them out of striking range of each other. This style of fighting did much to spoil the contest. Stanley also incurred the displeasure of the crowd on two or three occasions by swinging at Burns after the bell had rung, and twice fairly hard blows landed on the Jersey boy after he had dropped his arms at the sound of the gong. Stanley also showed ability and willingness to use his head and elbows, but not to the same extent as he had wrestled and clinched. Although Stanley did far more to spoil the fight than Burns, the Jersey boy was guilty of considerable holding.

Burns, although not as clever a boxer as the Englishman, was every bit as willing a mixer, and he did his best work in the latter part of the fight, when he chose to tear in and try for Stanley's stomach instead of trying to outjab the Britisher. In the early rounds Burns stood back, and allowed Stanley to set himself for leads, which, for the most part, kept Frankie in the rear. Stanley was too shifty on his feet, and had too long a left arm for Burns to fight with any success at this style.

In the latter rounds Jimmy De Forrest, who was handling the Jersey boy, instructed his charge to tear in and mix matters, and at this style Frankie was able to do much better work. Burns's forte is two-handed infighting, and a majority of his previous fights he has been able to bore in with head down, and weaken an adversary by his rapid-fire wallops to the stomach and kidneys. Last night he was not able to shine at this style because of Stanley's crouching position in the clinching and his better defensive work. But Burns was able to deliver a few hard wallops with either hand to Stanley's head with sufficient force to rock the Britisher's head.

Burns was the first to enter the ring, and he received a good cheer as he climbed into the ring. Jimmy De Forrest was Burns's chief second. Stanley followed less than a minute later, and his admirers furnished far more noise than was accorded the American boy. Tex Mack, Stanley's manager, was his chief second. While waiting for the principals to get ready, Referee Haley introduced Monte Attell and Jimmy Carroll, both of whom issued challenges to the winner. Abe Attell, the featherweight champion, was also introduced. He had challenges for the winner of the Burns-Stanley bout, also for Packy McFarland. If Packy would agree to 128 pounds at 3 o'clock the fight to take place at the National Sporting Club. When the principals were introduced Burns was accorded a much greater reception than Stanley.

The crowd was the largest that has seen a boxing contest in this city this year and was undoubtedly the largest that has ever been crowded into the National Sporting Club. The doors were opened at 7:30 o'clock and a crowd of about 200 was waiting to get in at that time. Before the preliminaries had been completed every seat in the hall had been taken, and the extra bleachers erected on the stage, were also filled. The gallery held a capacity crowd, and a row of spectators stood up in the gallery as well as downstairs. The crowd was a representative gathering, including men who are well known in business, political, and sporting circles.

The fighting in the opening round was tame. Burns opened with a left to Stanley's head and got a right to the stomach in return. Both blows were light. There was much sparring, and as the two broke from their first clinch Stanley shot an uppercut to Burns's jaw, which rocked Frankie. Burns landed with both right and left to the head and rushed Stanley to the ropes, where the Digger excelled in an exchange of blows. Stanley swung hard with his left and failed to land, as did a great many of his swings during the bout. Referee Haley had to work hard to break the boys from the clinches and barely escaped some hard punches from both boys. Stanley landed a light right to Burns's stomach just before the bell. There was little fighting, but Burns did all the forcing and was entitled to any small honors.

Burns opened the second round with a left to Stanley's stomach, and the two went into another clinch, which necessitated hard work by the referee before they broke. Stanley began to dance around the ring and jabbed Burns with his left without getting any return. Then there was more clinching and some wrestling, which brought out considerable hissing. Stanley continued to jab Burns with his left hand and took two of Frankie's rapid right-and-lefts to the head. More clinching and one exchange of lefts took up the last minute of the round, which belonged to Stanley.

Stanley rushed Burns to a neutral corner at the beginning of the third round, and the pair indulged in another prolonged clinch. Stanley was hissed again for holding Burns's head in a chancery hold and pounding Frankie on the kidneys. Stanley led in a fast exchange in a neutral corner, but after a clinch assumed the defensive and Burns landed several right leads to the head. Burns rushed Stanley to the corner and landed several hard rights. It was Burns's round.

The two went from one clinch to another during the first half of the fourth round and not a hard, clean blow was landed. Then Burns went into a pair of fights in quick succession, he rushed Stanley. Digger showed further desire to wrestle in the clinches and to jab as Burns rushed in during the open fighting. Just before the bell sounded Stanley rushed Burns to the ropes and pounded the Jersey boy hard in the stomach. It was Stanley's round.

Stanley did more dancing and jabbing in the fifth round, and three of his few blows landed in the early part of the session. The five took turns in rushing unsafely into a clinch. Stanley took the aggressive near the close of the round and chased Burns around the ring and against the ropes, landing hard and often. Digger was hissed for hitting Burns after the bell rang. It was Stanley's round.

The Britisher added still more to his lead in the sixth round, which was marred by protracted clinching and wrestling. Referee Haley had a busy time separating the boys. Stanley forced Burns around the ring, jabbing him lightly with his left, and he led in two or three exchanges against the ropes. Burns was trying for Stanley's stomach with little success.

At the beginning of the seventh round Burns changed his tactics and began to tear in after Stanley. The Britisher did not shine to the same extent in checking these rushes as in jabbing. Both tried to land as they broke from the clinches, and Referee Haley got some wallops intended for the fighters. Burns did better work than in any previous round and had the better of this session. Stanley got some hisses for more wrestling.

The eighth round showed no advantage for either. Too much clinching and wrestling figured in this session, and at one time the two went down while locked in each other's arms. Stanley drew some hissing for using his elbows. Stanley held Burns's left hand and pounded Frankie with his right. Just before the bell sounded Burns took a hard right swing on the jaw.

Burns had a bigger advantage in the ninth than in any previous round. He rushed in in fine fashion and forced Stanley around the ring, landing with both hands, and had to take only an occasional return. There was more real fighting in this round than in any of the others. Stanley delivered two staggering rights, but the greater part of the round was all in favor of Burns.

Frankie tore in at the beginning of the tenth for a whirlwind rally, but Stanley spoiled his plans by clinching, and it was a case of clinching and more clinching in the early part of the final chapter. Burns almost went down when Stanley, rushing in with his head down, landed on Frankie's chest with his head. After more wrestling and clinching this pair indulged in some short exchanges, with honors in favor of Stanley. The two were mixing matters when the last bell sounded.

The semi-final was a clever exhibition between young Reilly and Arthur McGovern. Both are fast 105-pound boys, and their work was clean and scientific all the way. Reilly had a shade the better of the argument.

McINTOSH UPHOLDS CORRI.

Bill Lang's Sponsor Says Australian Had a Mind Aberration.

Hugh McIntosh, who, with James Edward Britt, is conducting the present boxing boom in London, has nothing but commendation for Eugene Corri, the referee who disqualified McIntosh's protégé, Bill Lang, in the latter's fight with Petty Officer Curran at Olympia on the 18th.

McIntosh in a letter to a New York friend says:

I cannot convey to you an idea of the pain and disappointment created by Bill's unseemly act. It was one of the things that happen occasionally in sport that leaves all concerned at a loss for an explanation. To me it looked as though Bill suddenly went mad; but the adverse verdict that was immediately recorded against him has brought him to his senses. Now he stood in the centre of the ring like a big schoolboy of sensitive temperament who had been severely admonished by his teacher. It was 100 to 1 on Bill when Mr. Corri very properly disqualified him, and it is a fortunate fact that had Bill kept his temper, Curran would not have been present at the termination of the third round. So much was this apparent to all observers that a return match by which to wipe out the stain is one of the points to seriously consider. Bill was miles ahead of Curran in every department of the game, and I for one did not entertain another match between them. Lang deserved to be got, but there is no doubt that his infraction of the rules was a temporary aberration of the mind, and not to any desire or intent to take advantage of his opponent. As soon as time was called Curran rushed at Lang and Bill backed away into Curran's corner, where, in trying to extricate himself, he let drive with left and right, and it was Curran's turn to break ground. Bill went after him, and Curran dropped on the floor without a blow being landed. It was this act which enraged Lang, and seeing Curran on one hand and one knee refusing to get up, Bill completely lost himself and struck the Petty Officer three times, for which Mr. Corri promptly and very properly disqualified him.

The backers of Curran were very jubilant over their quick, though questionable, success, and Curran's manager jumped into the ring announcing that he was ready to back Curran against Lang for another match for £100 a side. For the spectators' sake, I offered to bet £500 to £100 that Curran could not last ten rounds with Lang, provided they would resume the contest the same night. The Curran people would not go any more property, and I increased the odds to £500 to £50 and also agreed to make Curran a present of £100 in addition. As the latter was the amount of the remuneration he received for the original match, it was a very good thing for Curran; but still he refused. In other words, he wanted no more of Lang. The Sporting Life and many of the other leading papers all criticised Curran for declining what they were pleased to call my "sportsmanlike offer."

Lang has resumed his training for his contest with Sam Langford on Feb. 10.

I am hoping to get Jimmy Clabby over here to meet the winner of the Lewis and Summers bout. This can be arranged if I can secure an extension of the lease of my place as I now expect to.

Another match in prospect will be that between Fred Welsh and one of the second flight of American lightweights. Welsh does not like the idea of meeting McFarland; if one is to judge by the obstacles he puts in the way of the match; but he is very willing to meet any one of the lightweights now knocking around New York, and it may be that I can bring about such a match.

KELLAR FLOORS DYSON.

But Providence Boy Fights Through Ten Rounds in an Even Bout.

Sammy Kellar of England and Young Dyson of Providence, R. I., boxed a fast ten-round bout at the New Polo Athletic Association last night before a large crowd. In the first round it looked like Kellar's fight, for he floored Dyson with a right swing, which he shot across to the jaw when the Rhode Island boy wasn't expecting it. Dyson came back strong and recovered from the hard jolt and bored in for more. After that the fighting was even all the way. Kellar was the cleverer of the two and scored with a straight left frequently.

Dyson's best asset was his ability at infighting and he went into a clinch as often as possible, hammering the Briton hard on the stomach and kidneys. Dyson was too strong to be punished very badly by the Englishman's light jabs and stood up well under his shower of blows. His infighting had a telling effect on Kellar and he shot in many a hard jab to the kidneys that made the Briton wince. At the end, however, both were strong and made a good finish. There were several fast preliminaries, one of which ended in a knockout.

Auto Lectures at Bedford Y. M. C. A.

Practical lectures in connection with the Automobile School of the Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A. are scheduled weekly throughout February. The first talk on Feb. 4 will be H. H. Whitman of the Bosch Company will speak of magnetos. On the 10th, J. B. Maus, New York manager for the Goodyear Company, will discuss tires and rubber. While on Feb. 17 the topic of Louis T. Rhodes of the New York Coil Company will be battery ignition systems. Each lecture is to illustrated.

Boy Aviators in Aeronautical Reserves

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Jan. 27.—Montclair's two boy aviators, Harry Bruno and Bernard Mahon, have been admitted to membership in the United States Aeronautical Reserve. Each is only 17 years old, and as the age limit of the reserve is 21 years, the boys were admitted under a special rule. Bruno and Mahon recently made flights here in a heavier-than-air machine without a motor. The power for the descents was derived by striking runners to the monoplane which they used. The aeroplane was then shot down a steep ice-covered hill and over a forty-foot cliff.

Moore a Billiard Victor.

George Moore, holder of the high run record at three-cushion caroom billiards, defeated Al Garasus, representative of Brooklyn in the National Inter-City Billiard League, in the fifth game of their match at Kinney's Billiard Academy in Brooklyn last night by the score of 50 to 47, making the fourth straight victory for Moore. Moore had agreed to defeat the Brooklyn team of the National Billiard League four games out of five to win the match. His victory over Garasus last night he had made good. The contest required seventy-five innings, and was closely contested throughout, both players performing splendidly at times. The high run of four was made by both. Substitutes for two different occasions by Tompkins Blackmar and Knock, another representative of Brooklyn, will oppose Moore.

McGraw Defeats James Blair.

James Blair, the three-cushion billiard expert, found it impossible to play John McGraw like he did last night in the latter's academy, and was defeated after 75 innings by 150 to 126. Each had a high run of 5.

Dr. Hoire Wins at Pool.

In last night's game of the annual amateur handicap pool tournament of John Doyle's Forty-second Street billiard academy, Dr. Howe defeated A. Cornish by the score of 96 to 94. The winner had the high run of 15. Eddie Cline and J. Farr will meet upon the counter.

Chicago Climbs in Billiard League.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—Chicago gained second place in the National three-cushion billiard league tonight when A. Horr of Chicago defeated L. A. Curtis of Boston, 50 to 37, in the second game of the series between the two cities. Horr gained a high run of seven for the night's play, but Curtis's high run was three. Kings City, Ill., holds first place.

CONNIE MACK HOME; FIRST TRIP ABROAD

Manager of World's Champions Had Baseball Chat with Pope in Rome.

Cornelius McGillicuddy, known to all baseball fans as Connie Mack, manager of the world's champion Athletics, returned from his honeymoon in Europe with his bride on the Mauretania yesterday and went to his home in Philadelphia. Mr. and Mrs. Mack made a long tour through the Continent, spending some time in Rome, where the newly wedded couple were introduced to the Pope. The manager of the Athletics said he had about a ten-minute interview with His Holiness through an interpreter, and told him all he could in that short time about the National game.

While in England Mr. Mack said he got a letter from one of his players, Danny Murphy, in which Mr. Murphy said that if he didn't visit Ireland before he returned he would have to get a new right fielder. So Mr. and Mrs. Mack went to Ireland.

It was Mr. Mack's first trip abroad, and he said he wasn't as good a sailor as he thought he would be. He was disappointed, he said, because he didn't see any big waves on the high seas. But they were big enough.

Connie picked up a lot of foreign expressions while abroad which he expects to use as signals next season, some are Irish, some French, and others Italian. These signals will puzzle the other American League teams, Connie is sure. One of Mr. and Mrs. Mack's fellow passengers was J. Armstrong Drexel, the aviator, and the Philadelphia manager is now deeply interested in aeroplanes and altitude flights.

Mr. Mack said that there would be little change in the line-up of the Athletics this season. He said there was no foundation for the report that Baker would not play third base. "I am hopeful that we will win the world's championship again this season," said Mr. Mack, "but I think we will have to work harder than we did last year to do it, for several of the teams around the circuit will be stronger than last season."

The Macks were met at the Cunard pier by several friends from Philadelphia.

WINTER BASEBALL GOSSIP.

W. L. Tressler, a third year student at Atlanta College of Physicians and Surgeons, jumped into prominence as a first baseman for the Roanoke team in the Virginia State League last year. From reports Tressler has made a world's record covering first base. In 114 games with Roanoke last season, Tressler had 1,314 chances, accepting all but seven, an average of .995, which is a remarkable one, and establishes a new percentage for fielding the first base position. Here is a chance for Clark of the Pittsburgs to send a scout to look him over.

Dr. Frank Hahn, known as "Noodles," will be back in the game next season as manager of the Middletown team in the K. T. O. League. Hahn, when not pitching, will cover first base.

Owen Bush, the Tiger shortstop, has entered the St. Louis bowling tournament with an Indianapolis team. He will find other ball players in the ranks of the bowlers. Being natural athletes, ball players take kindly to the bowling game.

John Dunn has been elected President of the Baltimore Baseball Club for the coming year. Other officers elected were Charles Knapp, Treasurer, and M. William Wicks, Secretary.

The Williamsport baseball franchise in the Tri-State League has been turned over to Wilmington, Del.

Outfielder Bonner of the Canton Club of the O. and P. League, who was drafted by St. Louis and traded over to Columbus, will land at Akron.

At the annual meeting of the Minnesota-Wisconsin League Frank E. Foore was elected unanimously president, secretary, and treasurer for one year, succeeding John A. Elliott of La Crosse. J. J. Ferrin of Red Wing was elected Vice President. Wilhons, Duluth, Eau Claire, Wausau, Rochester, Red Wing, Superior and La Crosse will compose the circuit. Reports showed the league in good condition.

Jimmy Dunn, the Holy Cross pitcher who had a brief trial with the Pittsburgs and was turned over to the Indianapolis Club, will have another chance with the latter club next season.

Ole Durner, the old Boston pitcher who was with the Wilkesbarre team of the New York State League, will play with the Montreal team of the Eastern League next season.

Hub Hart, the former catcher for the Chicago Americans, who was sold to the Cleveland Club after part of last season, has been sold to the Toledo Club.

Barney Dreyfuss, the White Sox leader, appears to be landing the king-pin hitters in the bush leagues. The former local pilot has just signed Outfielder Bowser, the Flint, Mich., slugger who hammered the pellet at a .370 clip in 1910 and 1911. The young man looks like a second Lajoie, having scored 14 home runs, 16 triples, and 38 two-baggers off the strong Southern Michigan League hurlers last season.

Ossie Stange, the old Athletic backstop, is a fine example of "big league discard who can come back" in the lowly minors. Ossie was the leading hitsmith in the Ohio State League, finishing the season with a big stick percentage of .367.

John E. Anderson, formerly of the Pittsburg Club and for three years with the South Bend Central League Club and last season with the Rochester team, will manage the Zanesville Club of the Central League.

Gray, the left-hand pitcher of the Washington Club, has mailed his signed contract to Manager McAleer. He is wintering in California.

President Navin of the Detroits has received signed contracts from Pitcher Eddie Summers and Delos Drake, the recruit outfielder. Drake will get another trial this Spring.

The Toronto Club has sold Pitcher Smith and Catcher McDonald to the Utica team of the New York State League. Larry Schlafy, who will play second base for Troy in the event that he gets his release from the Newark Club, put through the deal. Smith pitched great ball for the Montreal team in 1909, and was purchased by Cincinnati for $3,500. President McCaffrey of the Leafs bought him from the Reds for $1,500, but his work last season was very unsatisfactory. Efforts to land Third Baseman McDonald, but McGinnity of the Tigers refused to waive on him.

Joe Raidy has been elected President of the Zanesville Club of the Central League. Nick Kuhl, second baseman of Grand Rapids, has been sold to Zanesville.

Hanley Schreiber, who was out with the Indianapolis Club for part of last season, has signed to pitch for the Cincinnati Club for next season.

Grover Alexander of the Syracuse Club has signed to play with Philadelphia's.

Outfielder Conley, with the Abilene Club in the Central Kansas League, was the real leader among the sluggers in the major and minor circuits last season. In 259 times at bat Conley slammed out 102 hits, earning a batting average of .406. The Battle Creek team in the Southern Michigan League has purchased Outfielder Taylor's release.

Pitcher Jones, former leader of the White Sox, helped the Chehalis Club finish in the second ring in the Washington State League, leading the slubbers at a .366 clip during 1910.

Lafayette to Play Fordham.

Lafayette College baseball representatives will visit New York City once this season, and that will be to play against Fordham on April 19. The South Orange Field Club will have the college nine as their opponent at Orange on April 29. Other games on Lafayette's schedule are as follows: April 19, West Point, at West Point; 15, Fordham, at Easton; 19, Fordham, at New York; 22, Dickinson, at Easton; 24, North Carolina, at Easton; 26, New York University, at Easton; 29, South Orange F. C., at South Orange; May 2, Dartmouth, at Hanover; 5, Brown, at Providence; 6, Holy Cross, at Worcester; 8, Amherst, at Amherst; 10, Lehigh, at Easton; 13, Columbia, at Easton; 17, Princeton, at Princeton; 20, W. and J., at Easton; 24, Cornell, at Ithaca; 27, Pennsylvania State, at Easton; 30, Manhattan, at Easton; June 3, University of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia; 7, Albright, at Easton; 10, Lehigh, at South Bethlehem; 14, undecided, at Easton; 17, Montclair A. C., at Easton; 24, South Orange F. C., at Easton.

Noted Cricket Batsman.

G. A. Faulkner, the South African cricketer, has made a mark as one of the world's greatest batsmen. All through the tour of the South African team's game against Australian eleven he played consistently, and in the second test match scored 500. His total is the second highest ever made by a visiting player in a test match in Australia, Trumper having headed it by E. E. Foster's 287 at Melbourne in the tour of 1903-4. The game was played at Melbourne.

TIGERS IN BASEBALL.

Five of Last Year's Successful Team Available for 1911 Nine.

Princeton University expects to have a winning baseball team for the coming season. The schedule calls for thirty games. Five of last year's team are eligible. They are S. V. White, 1911, pitcher; B. T. Woodle, 1911, pitcher; Roy Bard, 1911, fielder; Capt. S. B. White, 1912, third base, and C. H. Sterrett, 1912, first base.

M. Greenbaum, 1912, will also be on the pitching staff. He pitched several 'Varsity games last year, but was out of the game for some time owing to illness. Woodle and White are veteran players and pitched the Tigers into the intercollegiate championship last year. With Greenbaum they will do the most of the twirling, but A. Rogers, 1913, made a good record on the freshman team last year and will be used to complete the pitching staff. In this department the team is especially strong.

Capt. Dawson of last year's team will be missed behind the bat this year, his successor being undecided as yet. L. R. Lackey, 1911, is one of the most likely men. He was used last year as a substitute outfielder for his hitting, but caught on the 1911 class team for two years. He was a good thrower to second, but is not as sure nor as steady as Dawson was. G. E. Winants, 1912, caught on the second team last year and will be a candidate, and B. K. Taylor, 1913, from the freshman team, is a likely man.

The freshmen won the intercollegiate freshman championship last season and will furnish several good men for the regular squad.

Sterrett will hold down first base again in all probability. Capt. S. B. White will be the only other veteran in the infield, playing his old position at third base. He is a good fielder and a fair hitter. Another man who will be out for the infield is P. P. Cooney, 1912, who played on his class team, but was not eligible last year.

BOXING AND WRESTLING.

At the Sharkey A. C. to-night a programme of week-end bouts will be staged. Among those scheduled to appear are Young Delaney, Kid Edwards, Johnny Mooney, Young Foley, Johnny Lore, and Young Smith. Next Wednesday night Bill Brown, "Dixie Kid's" brother, and Bob Scanlon will meet in the main go.

Leach Cross has gone to Allenhurst to prepare for his fight at the Empire next week with Young Sammy Smith. Phil Cross and Young Terry will box six rounds at the same show.

Young Miller of St. Paul Thursday night at St. Paul retained the welterweight wrestling championship by defeating Ed Adamson of Chicago, securing two out of three falls.

Henry Ordeman of Minneapolis defeated Carl Lehto, claimant to the championship of Finland, in a wrestling match at Duluth Thursday night.

Danny Goodman of Chicago and Paul Sikora of Detroit boxed ten exciting rounds near Cleveland Thursday night. Both forgot science and gave a slugging exhibition, with action all the time and no decided advantage on either side.

The New Independence A. C. of West New York will hold its first boxing stag Saturday, Jan. 28, with three ten-round bouts, which Matchmaker Lewis Goodman has arranged as follows: Sailor Stevens vs. Mike Farrell, Joe Bailey vs. George Hoey, and Eddie Sherman vs. Mike Grady.

The annual wrestling championships of the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U. have been awarded to the National Turn Verein of Newark. The contests will be held on Feb. 24 and 25 in Turn Hall, Newark. Standard gold and silver die medals will be awarded in the 105, 115, 125, 135, 145, 158 and heavyweight classes. Only members of clubs in the Metropolitan Association are eligible to compete. Entry blanks must be obtained by addressing the Athletic Committee, 211 Bruce Street, Newark.

Stanislaus Zbyszko, the Polish wrestler, through his manager, A. H. Herrman, has made a reply to the recent challenge of George Hackenschmidt, in which the Russian offered to throw him three times in two hours. Zbyszko not only doubts that the Russian can live up to this offer, but says that the Russian lion cannot put him down twice in an hour and a half. Manager Herrman says that he offered to make a wager with him a short time ago for such a purse, the winner to take all, but that the Russian has taken no notice of the offer. Zbyszko stands ready to take on Hackenschmidt at any time, manager says he has always been open to overtures from the Russian's camp, but has not found his manager very anxious to get down to real negotiations.

Many wrestling enthusiasts would like to see a match between Yankee Rogers and John McLoughlin of Brooklyn. Rogers surprised every body on Thursday night at Grand Central Palace in his bout with Zbyszko, and showed that he knows a lot about the mat game. McLaughlin put up a great match against the Greek Demetral, and only the most unusual kind of a hold brought him down.

William Demetral, the Greek wrestler, who made his first appearance Thursday on the mat, defeating John McLoughlin and Fritz Mohl, is eager to wrestle Americus, the light heavyweight champion, who wrestled an hour finishing a fall recently with George Hackenschmidt. Demetral watched every move made by Americus Thursday night during the time the latter wrestled Zbyszko, and he feels confident of defeating him, notwithstanding his good record. George Bothner, the lightweight champion, who has wrestled all the noted heavyweights, declared that he would agree to wrestle Americus if he would make a handicap match, to win three straight falls within an hour of actual wrestling, a feat which Tom Jenkins and John Piening both failed to do when they were recognized champions some years ago. Americus was seen shortly afterward by Johnny Dunn, and he willingly accepted a proposition to wrestle Bothner under the above conditions.

Monte Attell and Philly McGovern will furnish the main ten-round glove contest at the Vanderbilt Athletic Club, at the Clermont Avenue Rink, Brooklyn, on Monday night. In the semi-final bout of six rounds, Eddie Clarke of Philadelphia will box Kid Alberts of New York, and there will be four preliminaries and a wrestling bout. The Attell-McGovern match should prove to be a fast, exciting affair, for the two bantams are evenly matched.

LOCAL BASKET BALL GAMES.

Trinity School Wins Two Games.

The first and second basket ball teams of Trinity School scored a double victory yesterday by defeating the first and second teams of Berkeley School on the Trinity School court. The Trinity School teams clearly outclassed their opponents in both contests, displaying more accurate shooting and better all-around team work than the Berkeley teams. The Trinity first team asserted their supremacy in the early part of the first game by gaining the lead at the outset and maintaining this lead throughout the contest. Geyer, playing left forward for the Trinity quintet, played a remarkable game, caging four field goals and six goals from the foul line for his team. The score for the first contest was 32 to 9 in favor of Trinity School, and but for the work of Oulahan and A. Maxwell the Berkeley team would have received a whitewashing. Both of these players scored, two and one field goals, respectively. The line-up for the first game:

Trinity First.	Position.	Berkeley First.
Geyer	Left forward	Oulahan
Bloodgood, (Capt.)	Right forward	A. Maxwell
Mallon	Centre	Smith
MacKibbon, Budd	Left guard	Mar
Lane, Eno	Right guard	Jelfer

Goals from field—Geyer, (4.) Bloodgood, (3.) Lane (3.) MacKibbon, Oulahan, (2.) A. Maxwell. Goals from foul line—Geyer, (6.) Oulahan, (3.) Referee—Mr. Williams of Berkeley School. Umpire—E. Geyer of Trinity School. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes.

In the second game, contested between the second teams of both schools, the Trinity School five came out victorious by a 41 to 7 score. The line-up:

Trinity Second.	Position.	Berkeley Second.
Dietz, Lawson	Left forward	Miller
Greene, (Capt.)	Right forward	Hall
Powers	Centre	Burns
Whitehouse	Left guard	J. Maxwell
Bennewitz	Right guard	Brandt

Goals from field—Whitehouse, (5.) Greene, (2.) Powers, (4.) Dietz, (2.) Lawson, Bennewitz, (2.) Miller, Hall, (2.) Goals from foul line—Bennewitz, Hall. Referee—Brown of Trinity. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes.

Ethical Culture Beats Barnard.

The Barnard School basket ball team was defeated by the Ethical Culture five at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory yesterday afternoon by a score of 23 to 22. The game was exciting from the start and the result was in doubt until the last basket was thrown. Ethical Culture displayed the better team work and their passing was more effective. Fowler was a proficient basket tosser for Ethical Culture, having six field goals to his credit. M. Frank of Barnard also did fine work for his team, throwing six baskets. The line-up:

Ethical.	Position.	Barnard.
Baumritter	Left Forward	M. Frank
Fowler	Right Forward	Lillienthal
Curran	Canter	Temple, N. Frank
Dwyer	Left Guard	Mitchell
Sappoe	Right Guard	Valentine

Goals from field—Fowler, 6; Curran, Baumritter, Dwyer, Sappoe, M. Frank, 6; Lillienthal, 2; Temple, N. Frank. Goals from fouls—Baumritter, 3; Lillienthal, 2. Referee, Mr. Jardine, Barnard. Umpire, Mr. Mogelsdorf, Columbia. Time of halves, 20 minutes.

New York Setter Best in Field Trials.

ROGERS SPRINGS, Tenn., Jan. 26.—Happy Day, a setter owned by U. M. Fleischmann of New York, and handled by C. R. Babcock of Munnerlyn, Ga., ran a remarkable race yesterday in competition for championship field trial honors, running for two hours without a mistake and finding six bevies and four singles. This before the mark and by Frank Reilly's Eugene M., regarded up to yesterday as the high dog in the race.

CLAY COURT TENNIS.

Omaha Again Striving to Procure the National Tournament.

Omaha is working hard for the National Clay Court Tennis Championship for 1911. The tennis enthusiasts of that city are striving, both at home and abroad, for the event. Conrad Young and Harry Koch, who will represent the Omaha Field Club at the annual meeting, are corresponding with various of the Western and Southwestern tennis men in regard to the event and find them almost unanimous for that city.

The inducement of the $1,000,000 club house and grounds of a Pittsburg club is offered for the meet, but the force of sentiment among the followers of the sport points to a town that represents the West rather than the East. The demands of California that that State be represented in some way in the tennis world is one of the most potent causes for the feeling that the West and South should have more of the national tennis patronage.

The annual meeting of the tennis men of the United States Lawn Tennis Association will be held in New York Feb. 4, and will be an all day session this year. This move was decided practically by the trouble the members had in settling difficult questions of the tennis world last year, in the short time that was at hand after the annual banquet of the tennis players had been finished.

Yale and Princeton Meet To-night.

Yale and Princeton will meet at St. Nicholas Rink to-night in the annual hockey match between the two universities. Although neither team this season is in line for championship honors, there is the usual interest in the game among the alumni, undergraduates, and friends of the two colleges. The teams are evenly matched and the result will be in doubt until the final whistle. Yale, with a poor start, has been improving in form, but the Princeton seven has suffered some bad defeats in the intercollegiate matches. Capt. Loutrel of Yale leads the intercollegiate league in goal shooting, with eight to his credit. The line-up of the teams will be:

Yale.	Position.	Princeton.
Martin	Goal	Kalbfleisch
Swenson	Point	Lee
Brooks	Cover point	Blair
Loutrel, (Capt.)	Rover	Kay, (Capt.)
Howe	Centre	McKinney
Howe	Left wing	Angell
Harmon	Right wing	Patterson

Basket Ball at Lawrence, L. I.

Three games of basket ball were played yesterday in the hall of the Lawrence-Cedarhurst Fire Department at Lawrence, L. I., and only one of the three contests resulted in a close score. In the first game St. Paul's of Inwood defeated the Lawrenceville High School by doubling the score, which was 18 to 38. The second game between the second team of the Fire Department of Lawrence-Cedarhurst and the Algerons was somewhat close, but the fire fighters were victorious by the score of 26 to 18. The Lawrence Y. M. C. A. of New York defeated the first team of the Fire Department by a one-sided tally of 40 to 21.

Basket Ball in the Bronx.

The Bronx Catholic Club second basket ball team defeated the Bronx Church House second basket ball team in a fast and exciting game yesterday, at the Old Second Battery Regiment Armory of Tremont, by the score of 50 to 31. Fitzsimmons and Donovan starred for the winners, caging five and four goals from the field respectively.

FUR DEALERS BANKRUPT.

Karp Brothers' Creditors Doubt Story of $10,200 Robbery—Liabilities $60,000.

A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel and Jacob Karp of 1,017 East 163d Street, Bronx, composing the firm of Karp Brothers, fur dealers, who formerly had several stores in this city and now have one in Atlantic City, N. J., by Siff & Cohen, William Neadesthal & Co., and Dickler & Handelman.

It was alleged that the Karps are insolvent and made preferential payments. The liabilities are $50,000 and assets $5,000. Judge Holt appointed Benjamin W. B. Brown receiver, bond $2,500. It was stated that the petitioners received a letter on Jan. 25 from K. Henry Rosenberg, an attorney, that Samuel Karp was robbed last Saturday in Chicago of $10,200 by two unknown persons.

Counsel for the creditors stated he does not believe that Mr. Karp was robbed, but is concealing the money. Counsel said he went to Atlantic City on Wednesday, called at the Karp store, 634 Boardwalk, and ascertained that a large number of creditors are taking away merchandise, and unless a receiver is appointed at once there will be none left. A person who claimed to be the Sheriff was in charge of the store on an attachment for $3,000, but the lawyer had doubts that the man was the Sheriff.

The Karps came here from Russia about three years ago, and have had stores on Fifth Avenue and on some of the downtown streets in the financial district.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE NO. 53 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, Feb. 1st, 1911,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET,
BY ORDER OF EMPIRE TRUST CO., SUBSTITUTED TRUSTEE.
4,000 shs. Reservation Oil Co. of South Dakota.
4,000 shs. New York Oasis Oil Co. of N. Y.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
10 shs. Union Trust Co.
80 shs. Standard Coupler Co. Pref.
5 shs. Winchester Repeating Arms Co.
1 share New York Society Library (free right.)
2 shs. Clinton Hall Association.
$100 St. Andrew's Golf Club Gen'l Mtge 4½ Bds.
$8,000 Chic. Rock Island & Pacif. R. R. 4% Refd. Bds., 1934.
$5,000 Third Avenue R. R. Const. Mtge 4% non-stamped Coupon Bds.
9 shs. Union Pacific R. R. Co.
$1,000 Illinois Central R. R. St. Louis Div. 3½ Bds.
20 shs. Portland Investment Co.
100 shs. United States Steel Corpn. pref.
BY ORDER OF TRUSTEES.
100 shs. American Snuff Co. common.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
29 shs. Fidelity & Casualty Co.
$22,500—Du Lamar Gold Mining Properties Syndicate, Participation Ctfs.
25,000 shs. East Cumberland Ely Co.
30,000 shs. Antimonite Cobalt Corpn.
55 shs. Fidelity & Casualty Co.
125 shs. Phenix Silk Manufacturing Co. Pref.
1 share New York Life Ins & Trust Co.
17 shs. Franklin Trust Co.
10 shs. Bank of America.
10 shs. Farmers' Loan & Trust Co.
3,000 shs. Ray Northern Copper Co.
500 shs. Ray Northern Copper Co.
100 shs. Brooklyn City R. R.
5 shs. Mechanics & Metals Natl Bank.
5 shs. National Park Bank.
Membership Adirondack League Club, with lots.
9 shs. Carnegie Trust Co.
10 shs. Kolodkin Improvement Co.
620 shs. H. P. Palen's Sons' Stock Trust Ctfs.
20 shs. Natl Bank of Commerce.
8 shs. First Natl Bank.
10 shs. Mortgage-Bond Co.
13 shs. National Light, Heat & Power Co. common.
1 share Brooklyn Union Elevated Ry. common.
$1,000 Pittsburgh & Westmoreland Coal Co. 1 mtge. 6 F. 5% Bond, 1925.

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The Magnificent Stock
Antiques, Etc.,
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MR. FRANK BOWLES
on the premises,
345 TO 351 FOURTH AVE.,
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NEW YORK CITY.
ALSO THE WAREROOMS
204 EAST 28TH ST., N. Y. C.
Recognized as
The Largest in the United States
Valued at $379,000
THE UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC AUCTION COMMENCES
Wednesday, Feb. 1st, at 2 P. M.,
and following days.
N. B.—Every

F. J. MARSHALL TIES CHAJES IN CHESS

American Champion Overtakes Chicagoan in Masters' Tournament.

The defeat of Oscar Chajes of Chicago, Western representative in the National Chess Masters' Tournament and his being tied for the lead by F. J. Marshall, who won the shortest game from Morris, were the features of the sixth round contested at the Café Boulevard, yesterday. Paul Johner of the Manhattan Chess Club was the first player opposed to the Illinois champion able to take his measure and he accomplished the downfall of Chajes in decisive fashion. Another important game was that between C. Jaffe and R. T. Black, two of the leaders. Jaffe won and went ahead of Black into third place, the loser maintaining fourth position. J. R. Capablanca had a hard game with A. B. Hodges, and scored his second victory in five games played, drawing very close to Black in the race. Smith defeated Kreymborg and Baird drew with Tenenwurzel.

At the first table, Kreymborg adopted the Sicilian defense against Smith of Brooklyn, the latter sacrificing a piece for two pawns at his tenth turn. On the thirteenth move Smith won the exchange and in due course established two passed pawns on the queen's side of the board. Matters went from bad to worse for Kreymborg, who finally resigned after 49 moves.

Baird and Tenenwurzel discussed a Sicilian defense, too, at the second table. Both players were well matched and after 36 moves agreed to a draw.

A queen's pawn opening occurred between Johner and Chajes at board No. 3, the former conducting his side of the game in very aggressive style. Chajes' position especially on the queen's wing became cramped and he was never really comfortable. On the thirty-first move Johner won the exchange and thereafter gradually wore his opponent down. Chajes resigned after 50 moves.

Capablanca resorted to the Ruy Lopez against Hodges at the fourth board, the latter adopting the Berlin defense. The Staten Islander in the course of the middle game obtained possession of his share of the board on the queen's side and appeared to be working up an excellent position, forcing the Cuban champion to make a number of defensive moves. Complications thereupon ensued, and Hodges permitted his knight to remain "en prise" a little too long. Capablanca, who revels in this style of play, finally brought about a position costing Hodges a piece and the game after fifty moves. It was rated a capital exhibition of chess on the part of both players.

Black played the French defense against Jaffe, who obtained a slight pull in the opening, the Brooklyn player's position on the queen's side becoming much cramped. Black, however, held his own until on the twenty-ninth move Jaffe conceived the sacrifice of a piece for two pawns. He regained the piece by means of vigorous play nine moves later. Each was left with a rook, and two passed pawns, but those of Jaffe traveled the faster and he won after forty-nine moves. The standing of the players to date follows:

Players.	Won.	Lost.	Players.	Won.	Lost.
Chajes	5	1	Hodges	2½	3½
Marshall	4½	½	Kreymborg	2½	3½
Jaffe	4½	½	Walcott	1½	3½
Black	4	2	Baird	1½	4½
Johner	3½	2½	Tenenwursel	1	4
Capablanca	3	2	Morris	0	5
Smith	3	2			

The pairing for the seventh round today is as follows: Marshall vs. Jaffe, Hodges vs. Morris, Chajes vs. Capablanca, Tenenwurzel vs. Johner, Kreymborg vs. Baird, Walcott vs. Smith, and Black a bye.

Forrest and Allyn in Golf Final.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 27.—H. M. Forrest, the Lakewood golfer, and Robert Allyn of Hartford, will meet in the final match of the New Year's tournament to-morrow. Forrest, after an early scare at winning the match, had H. F. Farrington of the Brookline Country Club, his most formidable opponent in the tournament, beaten at the third hole this morning, when he was three up, having laid each approach stone dead for a 3-2-4, which is nine under bogey. Allyn had a very much shakier time of it, but with Reginald Greenwich Country Club, finishing dormy up and three to play in a round, which if equaled to-morrow will make Forrest look after his laurels.

Now it's the Boys' turn to hurrah!

1933 boys' blouses go from our regular stock into a Sale.

Fancy flannel blouses, with collars attached.

Fancy madras blouses, with collars attached.

Fancy madras blouses, with neckbands.

Sizes 7 to 14 years.

871 blouses were $1.00.
1062 blouses were $1.35.

55c.

This may sound like a joke, but it isn't.

It's a whoop!

Boys' Derbies and soft hats in "college" shapes.

17 were $1.50.
15 were $1.90.
363 were $2.50.
93 were $3.00.

95c. now.

354 boys' caps; were mostly $1.00.

35c. now

The hundreds of boys' suits marked down earlier this week still furnish lots of excuse for hurrah.

$6.50, $8.50 and $10.50.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 23th St. at 34th St.

POLO PLANS UNSETTLED.

H. L. Herbert Expects to Know Date of Match Monday.

H. L. Herbert, Chairman of the Polo Association, as the result of a meeting of the organization yesterday cabled the Hurlingham Club and the several members of the American team now abroad, to the effect that it was the desire of the association that a date be mutually agreed upon at the earliest possible moment. Harry Payne Whitney, the present captain of the American team, and a member of the committee here, is at present abroad, and has authority to make arrangements which will bind the match for the international trophy, recently challenged for by the Hurlingham Club, the only hitch being the question of a date.

Mr. Herbert anticipates that satisfactory arrangements will be completed by Monday, and that he will then be able to announce that the match will be played not later in the year than July, as that will be the most acceptable to the American team. The English in their written challenge ask for a date in August, which is said to be not the best because of the condition of the playing field at Meadow Brook, where the match is to be played, if at all.

RESSONICO WINS AGAIN.

Liguria A. C. Runner Leads Field Home in Florence A. C. Road Event.

At the initial road run of the Florence A. C. of E. R. C. 21, held last night, C. Ressonico, Liguria A. C., had little difficulty in winning over a course of nearly four miles in 23 minutes. The going was slippery and the runners had much trouble keeping their feet. Ressonico was challenged in the final quarter of a mile by V. Davis and S. Damiano, and compelled to extend himself for an eight of a mile, after which it was comparatively easy. The order of finish was as follows: C. Ressonico, Liguria A. C.; V. Davis, Liguria A. C.; S. Damiano, Sheridan A. C.; J. Boshi, Xavier A. A.; H. Litchenstein, Kiviat A. C.; H. Jacobson, Kiviat A. C.; J. Nugent, Florence A. C.; D. Shea, Florence A. C.; V. Dello, Pompeii A. C.; T. Caponi, Liguria A. C.; A. Berman, Sheridan A. C., and C. Balenting, Florence A. C.

Dancing at Caledonian Games.

An interesting feature and one which promises to be a distinct novelty to the rank and file of sports followers will be seen at the indoor games of the New York Caledonian Club in Madison Square Garden, Feb. 10, when the Scotch and Irish dances in costume are staged in conjunction with the regular list of track and field events carded. The music for the Highland fling, the sword dance, and the reels will be supplied by the Scottish Highland Band, whose picturesque costumes will lend color to what promises to be a splendid sporting spectacle. The handicap events for the games, at which the prizes are said to be the best of the year, are 10 yards, 300 yards, 1,000 yards, and three miles, all runs; one-mile walk, 12-pound shot, running high jump, and medley relay. In addition there will be a relay open to members of the Catholic Athletic League and a 600-yard run, scratch, for novices. Entries close with the Games Committee, New York Caledonian Club, 240 Seventh Avenue, New York.

IN THE WORLD OF SPORT.

The skating races for the Eastern championships will be held on Feb. 12 under the auspices of the Newburgh Wheelmen. This meet was previously scheduled for last Saturday.

Jim Coffroth, the San Francisco boxing promoter, is said to be contemplating the promotion of aviation meetings, in view of the unsettled condition of the boxing game on the coast.

Walter Jones was elected manager of the Newark Academy football team yesterday at a meeting of the athletic association.

George Bonhag will be a starter in a special three-mile race to-night in the Seventy-fourth Regiment, Buffalo, against Harry Treadaler, the Canadian champion. Many athletes from New York and Canada will take part in the events. Toronto Central Young Men's Christian Association and the Seventy-fourth Regiment teams will compete in a medley relay race.

Frank L. Lukeman of Ottawa has signified his intention of competing in the principal indoor meets to be held in Madison Square Garden next month. Lukeman is the indoor champion at 150 yards. He is an athlete of high class. At the Canadian championships last Fall he won first places in the 220-yard run, 120-yard hurdles, and broad jump, and finished second in the 100-yard dash.

With ten games to be played in the hockey leagues series in Montreal every seat has been sold for the remainder of the tournament. Ottawa and the Wanderers meet to-night.

The third annual regimental indoor track and field championships will be held in the South Armory, Boston, on March 25.

Bryson Leads Bowlers Again.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 27.—R. H. Bryson of Indianapolis was re-elected President of the American Bowling Congress, and A. L. Langtry of Milwaukee was re-elected Secretary. Milwaukee is practically decided upon as the 1912 tournament city.

SWEDISH RUNNER UNDER CHARGES

Alexis Ahlgren Accused of Representing Too Many Clubs in Athletics.

The case of Alexis Ahlgren, the little Swedish runner who has been the cause of friction between the Catholic Athletic League and the Registration Committee of the Metropolitan Association, A. A. U., will be settled by the latter body at its meeting next Tuesday, when he will be haled up on charges of having represented several organizations after having aligned himself with the Ozanam Club. After being registered he ran for the Ozanams, winning a race open only to C. A. L. members. Soon after this he was found in competition for the Irish-American A. C., and still more recently he figured as an unattached athlete, despite his membership and representation of the organizations mentioned.

The possible outcome of the charges will make little difference to Ahlgren, who, according to Ljungstrom, the professional runner, intends to leave the amateur ranks and run for the coin of the realm just as soon as he makes a mark for himself among the medal chasers.

Terence Farley, Chairman of the committee, received a letter from the father of Carter Collins, the New Haven youth who suspended himself from further amateur competition by competing against Svanberg and St. Yves in New Haven several nights ago, the gist of which was that the committee should have warned the boy of his possible fate before he had run. Aside from his running against professionale Collins is said to have been playing basket ball with unregistered teams, for which he has been in receipt of money for some time past.

The meeting next Tuesday promises to develop into an interesting session, as a number of cases will come up for adjudication, not the least of which will be the necessity for a ruling on just such points as were brought up by the Ahlgren case—viz., the need for a release for a man leaving a club allied with an association club who joins another club in the association.

SCHOLARSHIP PRIZE TABOOED

Harvard and Boston A. A. Cannot Give Such as Trophy.

The proposition of the Harvard and Boston Athletic Association Joint Games Committee to give a $250 scholarship as a prize to the winning relay team in the class race at its games in Mechanics' Hall, Boston, on Feb. 22 seems likely to meet with opposition from the Amateur Athletic Union authorities.

The intention is to have the class represented by the winning team vote as to what member of the class is to receive the scholarship. Each team will consist of from fifteen to twenty runners.

"The prize limit in competitions governed by A. A. U. rules is $35," said a New York member, "and as soon as Frank Facey of the New England committee hears of the intention I have no doubt that he will show just what the law is on the point. If, after he makes a ruling, the college men want to take the case to the Intercollegiate Association, I am quite sure the members of it would rule against any such prize being awarded."

Star Athletes in Barnard Games.

Entries are pouring in rapidly for the twenty-first annual games of the Barnard School A. C., which will be held in the Eighth Regiment Armory on the afternoon of Feb. 4. Besides the full list of local scholastic stars from both public and private schools, there will be two-score of youngsters from the crack schools located near New York City. Tome Institute of Maryland and McKenzie School of Dobbs Ferry are already nominated teams to compete for the honors in the relay events. Poly. Prep. of Brooklyn will send its team, which is regarded as one of the most promising among the local scholastic athletic squads. The feature event of the meet promises to be the senior relay race, open to high and preparatory schools. Nearly every one of the local high schools will send its quarter-milers into this race.

Cuff Links for Navy Football Men.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 27.—As a memento of the victory of the Naval Academy football team over the army last Fall, gold cuff links have been presented to the thirteen navy players in that game and to several officers connected with the team, by Col. Robert M. Thompson, President of the New York Athletic Club and a graduate of the Naval Academy. The links are suitably inscribed with the date and place of the game and the score.

ATHLETES QUIT TRACK.

Commerce Boy Disqualified and Team Refuses to Compete with P. S. 179.

What gave promise of being a well-contested dual meet between the recreation centres of the High School of Commerce and that of Public School 179 last night at the gymnasium of Public School 179 came to a sudden ending caused by the visiting team having one of its members disqualified for pushing a competitor in the 220-yard dash. The programme had been about half completed with the visitors leading in the point score, and the disqualification would not probably have prevented them winning the meet, but they refused to continue.

J. Pfeifer of the Commerce team was the cause of the trouble, and, although it was difficult to make the turns on the small track, there was no trouble experienced in the previous events, as all the athletes acted properly toward each other. In the final sprint of the 220-yard dash the Commerce runner was in third place, and with no possible means of passing his leader, Rasch, of the home school, Pfeifer thrust his rival to one side and finished second. The action was protested, and the judges awarded the place to Rasch, and this caused the entire team of Commerce to leave the track, stating that they refused to complete the card.

Three events had been completed when the trouble arose, and the point score stood 17 to 10 in favor of Commerce. In the first event on the programme, the forty-yard junior dash, Commerce won first and second places with Farley and Richards, respectively, netting eight tallies, while Cullinan of Public School 179 came in third. First place in the half-mile run also went to Commerce, which was won by Wilcox, and Dreher of the home team came in second with Pfeifer third. Commerce scoring 6 more points against Public School 179, which only captured 5. The Public School 179 team won the meet on the refusal of their opponents to continue. The summaries:

40-Yard Dash, Junior.—Won by Farley, High School of Commerce; Richards, High School of Commerce, second; Cullinan, Public School 179, third.

40-Yard Dash, Senior.—Won by Stearns, Public School 179; Glennon, High School of Commerce, second; Schlessinger, Public School 179, third.

880-Yard Run.—Won by Wilcox, High School of Commerce; Dreher, Public School 179, second; Pfeifer, High School of Commerce, third. No time taken in the events.

Seager Wins Three Events.

Jack Seager carried off the honors yesterday in the class games between the first and second forms of the Columbia Grammar School, held in the gymnasium. Four events were decided, and he won three, with firsts in the broad jump, start, and high jump. The basket ball match between these forms resulted in a victory for the second form by 11 to 8. The games summary follows:

Broad Jump.—Won by Jack Seager; Henry Jackson, second.

Start.—Won by Jack Seager; Richard Harburger, second.

Potato Race.—Won by Richard Harburger; N. Hammerschlag, second.

High Jump.—Won by Jack Seager; G. Gerabel, second.

1,000 Schoolboys to Compete.

Over a thousand boys have entered the games of the Hudson District Athletic League of the Public Schools Athletic League, which will be held to-night in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory. The sports will mark the first district championships of the league, and each district is made up of the upper west side from 110th Street to Spuyten Duyvil will have its quota of entries.

Cornell to Play Harvard in 1912.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 27.—It has been announced here that Cornell and Harvard have finally given up all idea of meeting in football here next Fall. Cornell could not come to Cambridge Nov. 11, the date offered by Harvard, and as Brown and Yale will play Nov. 11, at New Haven, Harvard cannot offer Oct. 28, the date scheduled for the Harvard-Brown game, to the Ithacans. It is anticipated that a Harvard-Cornell game will be arranged in 1912, when Cornell players will not have to go to Chicago for a game. There has been no breach in athletic relations between the Harvard and Cornell teams. Harvard at present has no definite plans for finding an opponent for Nov. 11.

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SCHOOLBOYS AFTER HONORS.

Championships of the P. S. A. L. in Thirteenth Regiment To-night.

Brooklyn will be the Mecca for schoolboy athletes this evening, and all indications point to the fact that the high school's indoor championship sports, to be decided in the armory of the Thirteenth Regiment, will be keenly contested. Held under P. S. A. L. rules the baker's dozen of events have attracted hundreds of youngsters, who will, in addition to the individual prizes offered, attempt to place to the credit of their respective schools the Edward M. Grout trophy, emblematic of the team championship.

The following list of events will be contested: Junior races at 100 yards and 220 yards, and senior events as follows: 100 yards, 220 yards, 440 yards, 880 yards, and one mile; running high jump, putting 12-pound shot, 100 yards high hurdle, 100 pounds relay, each boy to run 110 yards; 120 pounds relay, each boy to run 220 yards, and freshman relay, each boy to run 220 yards. The games will begin at 8 o'clock sharp.

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Any one desirous of purchasing a Mercedes limousine, in splendid condition, would do well to look at one which we have for sale at $6,000. S. J. Wise & Co., Broadway at 56th St.

45 H. P. LIMOUSINE, 4-cylinder, just been overhauled, new tires, Presto tank and lights, heating coil and electric lights. D. Victor Reeves' Dashaway, Mass.

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CORBIN 1,557 Broadway, 1236 St.) 'Phone 5242 Columbus.
CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Storage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 8216 Col.
FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,186 Broadway. 'Phone 3462 Col.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

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BANKS GAIN FROM INTERIOR

Estimates of $11,000,000 Cash Increase for Week Bring Gain to $50,000,000 Since Year Opened.

The Stock Market passed through a number of familiar phases yesterday. It was dull and dragging in the forenoon, almost stagnant in the early afternoon and strong and active in the closing hour. Some of the strength manifested in the final dealings was undoubtedly due to the technical condition of the market itself, liquidation having gone on rather steadily since the opening of the week, but speculative sentiment was distinctly encouraged by a number of developments after mid-day, including the declaration of increased dividends by two railroads and one industrial company, and the news that negotiations were under way looking to the placement of a large amount of Southern Pacific bonds in Paris. As a result of the stimulus derived from the two sources mentioned leading stocks picked up quickly in the late trading. Union Pacific, St. Paul, Reading, Norfolk & Western, and a number of other high class railroad shares closing with gains of a point or more. United States Steel was a feature of the industrial list, but there was also general buying of the better shares of this class.

Roads to announce dividend increases were the Green Bay & Western, which made the small addition of one-eighth of 1 per cent. to its distribution on its "B" shares, and the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg, which enlarged its quarterly payment on its common stock one-quarter of 1 per cent. The General Chemical Company as a result of prosperous conditions in that trade found it possible to increase its distribution to its common stockholders at the rate of 1 per cent. per annum. It appears that the negotiations covering the taking by Paris of a large block of Southern Pacific bonds are by no means concluded but are well under way and with very bright prospects of success. The amount to be placed is not definitely determined, but if the negotiations are successful it will be not less than $10,000,000 and may run to a very much larger sum. It is unnecessary to dwell upon the significance of these negotiations; their consummation will doubtless work as in the past to open the way for still further borrowings in the French capital. Financing at home is still going forward at a rapid pace as a result of the increased ease in money. Several important operations are under discussion and one transaction was concluded yesterday, that involving the sale of $4,000,000 of 5 per cent. American Agricultural Chemical bonds to bankers of this city and Boston. While the reciprocity agreement negotiated with Canada was much discussed in financial circles, generally favorably, it was realized that some time must elapse before the agreement can come into the operative stage and for that reason is a future rather than a present factor in the situation.

Preliminary estimates of the currency movements of the week were fairly unanimous in their findings as to the cash gain by the banks on interior movements placing this at about $11,000,000. Such an addition will bring the total intakings of the banks since the first of the year up to $50,000,000, but in view of the financing of the city bond sale and numerous other projects during the week it is possible that the full force of the present gain will not be disclosed in today's return or will, at least, be offset by expansion in the loan item. The reduction in the English Bank's discount rate on Thursday appeared to have little effect upon the London money market yesterday; in fact, open market discounts were slightly higher. Rates at several Continental centres were reduced, however, and reports intimated an early lowering of the German Bank rate.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Amalgamated Copper Co. for dividend.
Brunswick Terminal & Railway Securities Co. for annual meeting.
McCrum-Howell Co. for dividend on preferred.
Tennessee Copper Co. for annual meeting.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

American District Telegraph Co. of New Jersey.
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad.
Michigan Central Railroad.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2½@2⅝ per cent., with the last loan at 2⅝ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2½ per cent.

Time money rates, 3 per cent. for sixty days, 3⅛@3¼ per cent. for ninety days, and 3½ per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4@4¼ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4@4¼ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 4¼@4½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3⅝ per cent., off 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2⅝ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3½ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $240,956,153; balances, $190,362,812; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,412,864.

The local banks gained $136,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

Sterling exchange was steady, with demand quoted at $4.8590@$4.86, sixty days at $4.8570@$4.8580, and cables at $4.8640@$4.8650.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: France, 5.20 less 1-32@5.20 plus 1-64 for cables and 5.20 less 5-64@5.20 less 3-64 for sight; reichsmarks, 95@95 1-16 for cables and 94 15-16@95 less 1-64 for sight.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, 10c discount; Chicago, 15c premium; St. Louis, 50c premium; St. Paul, 75c premium; San Francisco, $1 premium; Montreal, 15⅝c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London; at 24 7-16d per ounce, and ¼d lower in New York, at 53⅝c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 27.—Following were the transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Cos. Ice pf.	45½	45½	45½
10	Crucible Steel	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
440	Crucible Steel pf.	76	75½	75½
40	Harb.-Walker pf.	98	98	98
84	Fed. St. & P. V. Trac.	4¼	4¼	4¼
100	Ind. Brew. pf.	22	22	22
118	Mfrs. Ltg. & H.	23½	23½	23½
10	Ohio Fuel	43	43	43
50	Pitts. Coal	15½	15½	15⅝
120	Pitts. Coal pf.	67½	67½	67½
18	River Coal	7½	7½	7½
10	Union Switch pf.	85	85	85
100	U. S. Steel	73½	73½	73½
80	Westinghouse A. H.	140½	140½	140½
10	Westing. Elec. 2ds	82½	82½	82½

BANKS.

112 Farmers' Deposit Nat. 111 111 111

BONDS.

$3,000 Ind. Brew. 5s 83½ 83½ 83½
2,000 U. S. Steel s. f. 5s 104⅝ 104⅝ 104⅝
2,000 Jones & Laughlin 5s 103½ 103½ 103½

UNLISTED.

1,000 Mt. Elliott 5s 85 85 85
262 Ohio Fuel Oil 34½ 34½ 34½
1,000 Silver Peak 72c 72c 72c
62 Union Gas 127½ 127½ 127½

SCRIP.

$3,100 Crucible Steel 95¾ 95¼ 95¾

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales Jan. 27, 1911 417,363
From Jan. 1, 1911 9,195,904
Corresponding period last year 22,170,831

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
7⅞	8	500	Allis-Chalmers	8	8	7⅞	7⅞	...
80½	80¾	700	Allis-Chalmers pf.	79⅞	80	79⅞	80	+1
63½	63⅝	11,400	Amalgamat. Cop. x d.	63½	63⅝	62⅝	63⅜	−⅛
48¼	49	900	Am. Agricul. Chem.	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾	−⅜
101	...	100	Am. Agricul. Chem. pf.	101¾	101¾	101½	101½	+2¾
41¼	41½	500	Am. Beet Sugar	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	−⅛
94	30	600	Am. Can	94	94	93	93	−⅛
82½	83¼	4,950	Am. Can pf.	81⅞	82½	81⅞	82	+⅜
54½	54⅝	500	Am. Car & Foundry	54⅛	54⅝	54¼	54⅝	+⅜
58½	58⅞	1,100	Am. Cotton Oil	58¾	58¾	58	58⅞	...
255	265	50	Am. Express	255	255	253	253	...
3⅞	4	500	Am. Hide & Leather	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	+⅛
23¼	23⅝	800	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	23⅛	23½	23⅛	23⅛	+⅜
18⅝	18¾	100	Am. Ice Securities	18½	18½	18½	18¾	...
40¾	41	800	Am. Locomotive	41¼	41¾	40¾	40¾	−⅛
78	78⅛	7,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	78	78¾	77⅝	78¼	+⅜
105	105½	300	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	105	105¾	105	105⅜	...
87⅞	88⅜	500	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B.	87⅞	88¼	87⅝	88⅛	+⅜
119½	120	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	116	116	116	116	...
144½	144¾	1,800	Am. Tel. & Tel.	144	144¾	144	144¾	+⅜
31	31⅜	100	Am. Woolen	32	32	32	32	+⅛
93½	95¾	100	Am. Woolen pf.	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	...
29¾	30¼	400	Am. Writing Paper pf.	30	30½	30	30½	−⅛
39⅝	39¾	500	Anaconda Copper	39⅝	39⅞	39⅜	39⅝	−⅛
106⅞	106¾	16,500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	105¾	106¾	105¾	106¾	+1⅛
102⅝	106¾	500	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103	103⅞	103	103⅞	+⅛
119½	120	400	Atlantic Coast Line	119	119½	119	119½	−⅛
108	108½	2,600	Baltimore & Ohio	106⅞	108¼	106⅞	108	+1¼
2	2¼	100	Batopilas Mining	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	+⅛
...	...	10	Bank of Commerce	200	200	200	200	...
33¼	33¾	5,300	Bethlehem Steel	32¾	33¼	32¾	33¼	+⅜
61¾	62	700	Bethlehem Steel pf.	61¾	62¼	61¾	62¼	+⅜
77	77¼	2,000	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	77⅛	77⅜	76⅞	77⅛	...
140	142	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	140⅜	140⅜	140⅜	140⅜	−⅜
102	109	100	Buf., Roch. & Pitts.	108	108	108	108	+⅛
203½	204	2,000	Canadian Pacific	203½	203¾	203½	203¾	+⅛
31	31½	600	Central Leather Co.	30⅝	31	30⅝	31	+⅛
83½	83¾	3,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	83½	83¾	83¼	83¾	+⅛
52½	53½	100	Chicago & Alton pf.	53	53	53	53	...
23½	23½	300	Chicago Gt. Western	22⅝	23¼	22⅝	23⅛	−⅛
47¾	47¾	400	Chi. Gt. Western pf.	47	47¾	47	47¾	+⅛
125½	125¾	6,500	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	125⅜	126⅛	125¼	125¾	+⅛
153¾	154	300	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	153½	154⅜	153½	154	+⅛
146¾	146¾	900	Chi. & Northwestern	145⅞	146⅝	145⅞	146⅝	+⅛
85½	85⅝	900	Colorado Fuel & Iron	85	85⅞	85	85⅞	...
58½	59	100	Colorado & Southern	58⅝	58⅞	58⅝	58⅝	...
142½	142⅝	5,900	Consolidated Gas	142	142⅞	141⅞	142⅝	...
79	79⅞	216	Corn Products Ref. pf.	79	79	79	79	...
167	168	100	Delaware & Hudson	167½	167½	167½	167½	...
30¾	30¾	100	Denver & Rio Grande	30½	30½	30¼	30¾	+⅛
70	71	200	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	70	70	70	70	...
34½	34¾	500	Distillers' Securities	35⅝	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	−⅛
24	25	100	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf.	24½	24½	24½	24½	...
28¾	29¾	200	Erie	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	...
46½	47¼	400	Erie 1st pf.	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾	−⅛
...	...	10	First Nat. Bank	865	875	865	875	...
...	...	48	Fourth Nat. Bank	193	193	194½	194½	...
151	152¾	600	General Electric	151	151⅝	151	151⅝	+⅛
59	59½	2,700	Goldfield Consol.	59	59½	59	59½	+⅜
126¾	127	2,000	Great Northern pf.	125¾	126⅜	125¾	126⅜	+⅛
59	59⅝	1,500	G. N. certs. Ore Prop.	59⅜	59½	59⅜	59⅜	...
53⅜	53½	800	Interborough-Met. pf.	53½	53½	53	53½	...
115⅞	116	4,500	Int. Harvester	114½	116	114½	116	+1
12⅜	12⅝	200	Int. Paper	12¾	12⅝	12½	12⅝	−⅛
54⅜	56	200	Int. Paper pf.	55	55	54⅞	54⅞	...
84½	84⅝	100	Int. Steam Pump pf.	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	...
19¼	19¾	500	Iowa Central	19	19½	19	19⅜	...
32	32⅜	100	Iowa Central pf.	32½	32¾	32½	32½	...
33¾	34	1,400	Kansas City Southern	33¾	34	33½	34	+⅜
113½	113½	4,600	Laclede Gas.	112⅝	113½	112⅝	113⅜	...
177⅞	177⅞	13,750	Lehigh Valley	177¼	177¾	177	177⅜	...
143¾	143⅝	200	Louisville & Nash.	143	143⅝	143	143⅝	+⅛
17	18	200	Mercantile Marine pf.	17¾	17¾	16⅞	16⅞	...
27	29	300	Minn. & St. Louis	27	28	27⅜	28	+⅛
127⅜	128¼	7,700	M., St. P. & S. M.	126	128¾	127⅝	128¼	+⅛
35⅞	35⅞	2,700	Mo., Kansas & Texas	35	35⅞	35	35⅞	...
50⅜	50⅝	300	Missouri Pacific	50⅛	50⅝	50⅛	50⅝	...
36⅝	36⅞	1,800	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	36⅞	36⅞	36	36⅛	...
18⅜	18⅝	400	Nevada Con. Copper	18⅜	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝	...
72	73	100	N. Y. Air Brake	72½	72½	72½	72½	...
111¼	112	2,800	N. Y. Central	111	111¾	111	111⅞	...
134⅜	135	1,800	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	134	134⅞	134	134⅞	...
90	90	100	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	90	90	90	90	+1
149½	150	100	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	149¾	149¾	149¾	149¾	...
146½	147½	200	N. Y., N. H. & H. subscrts. 3d paid	147	147½	147	147¾	...
107	107½	18,800	Norfolk & Western	105¾	107¾	105¾	107¾	+2¾
71½	72	2,300	North American	70⅝	72	70⅝	72	+1⅜
119⅝	119¾	7,800	Northern Pacific	119	119¾	119	119¾	+⅜
28	30½	150	Pacific Mail	28¾	29¼	28¾	29¼	+⅜
53⅞	54	1,900	Pennsylvania R. R.	53⅝	54¼	53⅝	54	...
...	6	...	Park National Bank	360	360	360	360	...
127	127½	3,400	Pennsylvania R. R.	127	127¼	126⅝	127⅛	+⅛
107	107⅜	500	People's Gas, Chi.	106¾	107¼	106¾	107¼	...
105½	107	100	Philadelphia Co.	106	106	106	106	...
98	99	200	P. C., C. & St. Louis	98¾	98¾	98¼	98¾	...
18⅝	19½	300	Pittsburg Coal	18	18½	18	18⅝	...
83	83½	100	Pressed Steel Car	83¼	83½	83¼	83¼	...
96¾	98	100	Pressed Steel Car pf.	97	97	97	97	+1
116	116¾	300	Public Service Corp.	116¼	116½	116¼	116¾	...
33	33¾	20	R'way Steel Spring	34	34	34	34	...
157	157½	94,300	Reading	155⅞	157¼	155½	157½	+1¼
33⅝	33⅞	400	Rep. Iron & Steel	33¼	33½	33¼	33½	...
95	95½	400	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	95	95	93	95	...
32	32¼	6,500	Rock Island Co.	31⅝	32¼	31⅝	32⅛	...
62½	63	1,400	Rock Island Co. pf.	61¾	62	61¾	62	...
...	...	100	St. Jo. & Grand Isl.	21	21	21	21	+⅛
...	...	100	St. Jo. & G. I. 2d pf.	40	40	40	40	...
41¼	41¾	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	41¾	41¾	41¾	41¾	...
28⅝	30	900	St. Louis Southwest'n.	26½	28½	26¾	28¾	+2⅛
64	64¼	400	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	63	63¾	63	63⅜	...
50	50⅞	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron.	50	50	50	50	...
119¼	119⅝	8,600	Southern Pacific	119	119¾	118¾	119⅜	+⅛
27⅞	27⅞	2,400	Southern Ry. ex.	27⅛	27⅜	27⅛	27⅜	...
64½	64⅝	1,200	South. R'way pf. ext.	64⅜	64⅝	64½	64⅝	...
35½	35⅝	500	Tennessee Copper	35¼	35½	35	35	−⅛
26½	27⅜	500	Texas & Pacific	27	27	27	27	...
22	22	200	Tol., St. L. & West.	22	22¼	22	22⅜	...
50⅜	50⅞	400	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	50	50	50	50	...
109	109⅜	40	Twin City R. Transit.	108	108	108	108	−⅛
176⅜	176⅝	30,100	Union Pacific	176⅛	176⅝	175¾	176⅜	+⅛
98¾	98⅞	200	Union Pacific pf.	98⅜	98⅝	98⅜	98⅝	...
100	102	110	United Dry Goods	100½	100½	100½	100½	...
44	44¼	550	United Rys. Inv.	43¾	44	43¾	44	+⅛
69	69½	200	United Rys. Inv. pf.	68¾	69¼	68¾	69¼	+⅛
102	103	70	U. S. Express	104	106	104	105	...
67	69	200	U. S. Realty & Imp.	65¾	66¼	65	66	...
93½	93⅝	2,400	U. S. Rubber	92½	93⅝	89½	89½	−3⅛
110¾	111	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	110½	110¾	110½	110¾	...
78	78	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf.	78½	78½	78¼	78¼	...
78¾	78⅞	92,700	U. S. Steel	78¼	78⅝	78	78⅝	...
119¾	119¾	800	U. S. Steel pf.	119¼	119¾	119¼	119¾	...
45¾	45⅞	600	Utah Copper	45¼	45⅝	45¼	45⅝	...
65¾	65⅞	4,250	Va.-Caro. Chemical	64⅝	65¼	64⅛	65⅜	+⅛
124⅞	126⅜	150	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	125	125	125	125	...
80¾	80⅞	100	Wabash	80¾	80⅝	80¾	80⅝	−⅛
35	35½	200	Wabash pf.	35	35	35	35	...
158	160	120	Wells Fargo Express	158	158	158	158	+3
50⅜	50⅝	1,500	Western Maryland	50¾	51¼	50¾	50⅝	−⅜
75	75⅛	800	Western Union Tel.	75	75	74⅝	75	+⅜
67	68¼	510	Westinghouse E. & M.	67	67	66¾	68¼	−1⅛
44¼	44½	100	Wheel. & Lake Erie	44	44¼	44	44¼	+⅛
61¼	62	100	Wisconsin Central	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾	+⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, reg. 1930	100⅜	101¼
2s, c. 1930	100⅜	101¼
3s, reg. 1918	102¾	103
3s, c. 1918	102¾	103¾
4s, reg. 1925	115¼	116¼
4s, c. 1925	115¼	...
Pan. 2s, reg. 1936	100⅜	...
Pan. 2s, c. 1936	100⅜	...
Adams Exp.	230	240
Am. B. S. pf.	94	95
Am. S. & R. Fdy. pf.	51½	52¾
Am. S. & R. Fdy. pf.	130	135
Am. C. & F. pf.	115	117
Am. Coal	60	100
Am. L. Co.	10½	11
Am. L. Co. pf.	80½	81
Am. Locomotive	110	111
Am. Malt.	2¾	3
Am. M. pf.	93	97
Am. Snuff.	260	300
Am. Su. pf.	103	103
Am. St. F.	45⅞	46
Am. St. Ref.	110	116
A. T. & C.	92	94
A. Tob. pf.	94	96
Ann Arbor	35	39
Ann Arbor pf.	65	69
Asso. Oil	45	46
B. & O. pf.	90	91
Brunswick	10	11
B. R. & P. pf.	125	140
Butte Co.	29½	29¾
Canada So.	62	67
Cent. L. pf.	108	104
C. R. I. & P. pf.	39	250
C. & S. A. Tel.	110	...
Chi. & Alt.	23	34
C. B. & Q.	200	...
C. & E. Ill. pf.	104	...
C. L. & L.	90	80
Chi. St. P., M. & Om.	135	143
Chi. G. W. pf.	150	165
Chi. Un. Tr. ctfs. pfd.	5¾	6¾
Chi. Un. Tr. ctfs. pf.	5	7
C. C. C. & St. L.	82	85
C. C. C. & St. L. pf.	97½	100
Cleve. & P.	104	...
Cleve. & P. Special	94	...
Col. F. & I. pf.	104½	125
Col. & So.	76½	77½
Col. & So. 1st pf.	75	77
C. & H. C. & Elkhorn	3¾	4
C. & N. W.	173	...
Corn P. R.	14½	14⅝
Cru. Camp.	58	65
Cub.-Am. S.	33	37½
Del.-Am. S. pf.	86	90
D. M. & N. pf.	65	70
D. L. & W.	524	530
D. M. & Ft. D. pf.	6½	12
Det. Edison	107¼	...
Det. & M.	53½	90
Det. & M. pf.	96	100
Dul. S. S. & A. pf.	70	...
Erie 1st pf.	33½	34½
Erie 2d pf.	30½	34¾
Ev. & T. H.	60	63
Ev. & T. H. pf.	73	85
F. W. & R. G.	12¼	13
F. W. & R. G. pf.	55	85
Fed. Sugar	30	40
Fed. Sugar pf. ex d.	90	...
Gen. C. Co.	100	107½
Gen. C. Co. pf.	103	109
Granby Con.	30	60
Hav. E. R.	80¾	...
Hav. E. R. pf.	99½	99¾
Homestake	94	95½
Ill. Central	136½	136⅞
Ill. C. 1.	91¾	...
Inter.-Rand	95	...
Inter.-Rand pf.	94	...
Int. H. pf.	122⅜	122¾
Int. St. P.	39½	40
Int. & Chi.	18¾	...
Kan. & M.	74	77½
Kan. C. So.	66	67
K. & T.	24	25
K. & T. M. pf.	4	8
Lack. Steel	37	40
Lead. G. pf.	99	...
Lee. & R.	15	20
L. E. & W. pf.	87	45
Lake Shore	225	450
Long Island	61	65
Mackay Co.	90	93
Mackay Co. pf.	74½	75¾
Man. Beach	2¾	3¼
Man. Elev.	138	146
Man. Elev. pf.	94½	95½
Mich. Cent.	...	190
M. & St. L.	40	94
M. & St. L. pf.	147¼	149¼
M. St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	99⅜	99⅝
Mo. K. & T.	65½	66
N. C. & St. L.	127	145
Nat. Bis.	121¾	122
Nat. B. pf.	124¾	126
Nat. Enam.	17	18
Nat. Enam. pf.	94	96
Nat. Lead	56¾	59⅜
Nat. Lead pf.	108	108
Nat. Ry. of Mex. 1st pf.	12½	12¾
N. Y. Cent.	110	110
N. Y. O. & W.	27	28
N. Y. Dock	46	...
N. Y. Dock pf.	95	...
N. Y. & N. E.	41	...
West.	41½	43
North. P.	119¾	120
Nor. Con.	300	...
N. O. T. & Light	40	42¾
Ont. Mining	1¾	2
Pan. Coal	93	105
Pan. Co. 1st pf.	94	...
Peo. G. 2d	98	100
Pitts. C.	97	100
Pitts. C. pf.	97	100
Pitts. Ft. W.	165	...
Pitts. Ft. W. & C.	164½	...
Pitts. Ft. W. & C. pf.	160	...
Pittsburg Co.	161½	163
Quicksilver	2½	2¾
Quicksilver pf.	9¼	9
Rep. Ste.	35	...
Rep. Ste. pf.	96¾	98¾
Rep. Ste. pf. ext.	96¾	97¾
Rep. Ste. pf. 2d ext.	96¾	97¾
Rock. Gas.	37	38
Rock. Gas. pf.	102	110
St. J. & G. I.	13	15
St. J. & G. I. pf.	40	50
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	41¾	43
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf. A	30	40
St. L. S. W.	26½	28½
St. L. S. W. pf.	63	65
Sloss-Shef. S. & I. pf.	50	60
Southern Ry.	27⅜	28
Southern Ry. pf.	64½	65
Tenn. Coal & I.	35¼	35½
Texas & Pac.	27	27
Tol., St. L. & W.	22¾	23
Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	50	53
Twin City R. Transit.	108	109
Union Pacific	176⅛	176⅝
Union Pacific pf.	98⅜	98⅝
United Dry Goods	100½	102
U. S. Cast I. P.	6	8
U. S. Cast I. P. pf.	55	60
Un. Cig. M.	100	105
Un. Dry G. pf.	103¾	104½
U. S. C. I. Pipe	15	17
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	62	66
U. S. Realty	5	7
U. S. R. & I. Ref. pf.	14	20
U. S. R. & I. 1st	...	...
Vand. R. R.	...	100
Wabash	16¼	16⅝
West. Md.	29½	30
Westinghouse 1st pf.	119

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Banks Gain Upward of $7,000,000.

The net gain from the interior on the week's currency movements was estimated yesterday at something between $7,000,000 and $12,000,000. The cash received from the interior appears to have amounted to upward of $17,000,000, but was offset by shipments to the interior of $10,000,000 or more, including more than $7,000,000 of bank notes sent to Washington for redemption. In addition to the credit balance shown on the currency movements to and from the interior, the banks gained more than $1,500,000 from the receipt of new gold, but this was a little more than offset by the loss to the Sub-Treasury, the payments to which, on account of customs, internal revenue, and other accounts, exceeded the week's disbursements by the Government. Most of the receipts of currency from interior points which swelled the banks' cash receipts for the week came from the Middle West, but some large consignments of cash came also from points near New York City.

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Boston Holding Stock Sale.

The offering in the Boston market of stock of the Boston Holding Company, through which the New Haven holds control of the Boston & Maine, brought up yesterday the question of how the stock could be offered for less than par, in view of the fact that the charter granted to the company by the Massachusetts Legislature provided that none of the Boston Holding Company's preferred should be sold for less than its face value. The query aroused all the more interest because of the recent rearrangement of the terms of the New Haven's note issue, after attention had been drawn to the fact that the road was putting out the notes for a longer period than was permitted by law without application to the Railroad Commission. So far as the sale of the Boston Holding Company preferred stock is concerned, the explanation was sent from Boston yesterday that those who wondered at the offering of this stock below par failed to take account of the fact that the stock offered by bankers in that city had been purchased, not from the Boston Holding Company itself, but from the New Haven Road, which, as the owner of the stock after it had been issued by the holding company at not less than par, could sell it for any price that was satisfactory. According to Boston advices, the stock was being offered there at 98, which suggests that the New Haven made a concession of several points from the original subscription price in selling part of its holdings of this stock.

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Break in the Dullness.

Up to 2 o'clock yesterday, except for a brief spurt after the opening, the market promised to be duller even than Thursday's. By 2 o'clock many of the brokers had left the floor, and with trading too narrow to offer profits most of the traders found seats. This was the state of affairs when the publication of the indicated heavy cash gains by the banks, foreshadowing a favorable bank statement, came over the tickers. The traders seized the opportunity to stir things up, and prices went to the highest levels of the day, with acceleration of business which made the total transactions of the last hour 160,000 shares.

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Contrast With 1910.

Bank clearings continue to make unfavorable comparisons with the returns of this period in 1910, when business was at the height of the recovery from the after-panic depression, but real progress is shown by the gains recorded over 1909. Bank exchanges for the week at the principal centres of the United States, as reported by Dun's Review, aggregate $2,870,145,577. By contrast with the same week in January, 1910, when business was in full swing, the figures show a loss of 20.5 per cent. Compared with 1909, when business was good but not booming, there is a gain of 10.5 per cent. As is natural, the bulk of the loss is at this centre, where the week's clearings were 26.6 per cent. below those of the same week last year, but 9.2 above those of 1909. Outside of New York the loss is 3.6 by comparison with last year, but there is a gain of 12.3 compared with 1909.

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Brazilian Bank Coming.

The cable advices from Rio Janeiro yesterday telling of the coming trip of the President of the Bank of Brazil to establish branches in New York as well as in London and Paris was of interest to bankers here who have long been advocating the establishment of branches of National banks in South America. Within the last two years the agitation for American branch banks in the South-ern republics has apparently been about to result in action on more than one occasion, but if the Bank of Brazil is prompt in carrying out its plan it will have the first direct banking link between this country and the lower Continent. The banks in New York which have South American connections are themselves branches of foreign institutions.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.10	Julia	.11
Alpha Con.	.04	Justice	.03
Andes	.08	Kentucky Con.	.03
Belcher	.60	Lady Wash. Con.	.03
Best & Belcher	.22	Mexican	.64
Bullion	.03	Occidental Con.	.10
Caledonia	.27	Ophir	.74
Challenge Con.	.09	Overman	.24
Chollar	.12	Potosi	.20
Confidence	.80	Savage	.09
Con. Cal. & Va.	.90	Sierra Bolcher	.03
Con. Imperial	.02	Sierra Nevada	.24
Crown Point	.04	Union Con.	.23
Gould & Curry	.12	Utah Con.	.05
Hale & Norcross	.13	Yellow Jacket	.28

Silver Bars, 53¾; Mexican dollars, 47¾; drafts, sight, 9/16 per cent. premium; telegraph, 13/16@1 5/16 per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Crackerjack	.40
Belmont	5.85	Goldfield C. M.	6.40
Booth	.29	Good Hope	.01
McNamara	.17	Jumbo Extension	.10
Midway	.16	Lone Star	.02
Montana	.04	Red Hills	.02
North Star	.02	St. Ives	.10
Ohio	.02	Silver Pick	.03
Tonopah Extension	1.05	BULLFROG.	
West End	.30	Bullfrog Nat. B.	.01
GOLDFIELD.		Gold Bar	.01
Adams	.01	Homestake Mine	.01
Atlanta	.13	Montgomery Mtn.	.01
Blue Bell	.03	Tramps Cons.	.03
Combination Fract.	.13		

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $29,859,423; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $32,837,942.

The total balance in general fund was $62,697,365.

Ordinary receipts yesterday were $2,114,115, with ordinary disbursements of $1,365,500.

The deficit to date this fiscal year is $7,804,248, as against $26,654,794 at this time last year.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The $600,000 preferred stock of the Harmony Mills which was underwritten and offered by Spencer & Trask last week was sold.

The American Agricultural Chemical Company has sold $6,000,000 of its bonds to Lee, Higginson & Co. of Boston, completing the authorized first mortgage bond issue.

Ernest Sout & Co. have purchased $800,000 city of Portland, Ore., bridge 4 per cent. bonds, dated Jan. 1, 1911, due Jan. 1, 1941. These bonds are a legal investment for New York savings banks and trust funds.

PRESIDENT WINTER RETIRING FROM B. R. T.

Bids All Hands Good-Bye, Expressing Gladness That Road Is Not Now Unpopular.

DARK DAYS HE HAS SEEN

Expected to Stay Six Months, but Remained Eight Years for the Clearing —T. S. Williams to Succeed Him.

Edwin W. Winter, after eight years of service as President of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, withdrew as a Director of the company at the annual meeting of the stockholders yesterday and will soon retire from the Presidency. His successor will be named by the Executive Committee next week. In all probability Vice President T. S. Williams will be promoted to fill the vacancy.

President Winter explained yesterday that when he went to the Brooklyn Rapid Transit the understanding was that he should remain there until the work of reorganization was completed. His service with the company was extended from year to year, but now, he says, he feels justified in withdrawing his services. He made this statement:

"When I came into the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company in January, 1903, it was with the understanding that I should remain only long enough to put into effect some reorganizing work of which the system stood in need. This it was thought might take six months or a year at most, but in the eight years which have elapsed since then there has been no convenient getting off place until now.

"The company's outlook at the close of 1902 was not over encouraging with its showing of less than $20,000 surplus from the last fiscal year's operations, the property lacking, as it seemed, almost every needful thing, including credit, and staggering under a torrent of public condemnation—spoken, written, printed—such as I had never seen turned against a delinquent corporation before, and I was not new to corporate work. These expressions could be heard at all times, and everywhere in Brooklyn. They were communicated to the daily papers, embodied in resolutions at public gatherings, and interlarded official proclamations from Borough Hall.

"It wasn't pleasant, but the militant ugliness of the thing had a peculiar interest of its own, and in looking back I recall some joyous scraps I wouldn't like to have missed. Nevertheless it was a nerve-wearing struggle and it seemed a long time before the turn came, but gradually in one way and another we got on higher ground.

"Meantime public sentiment has visibly changed; mere abuse as such has lost popularity; the relations of the company to borough, city and State departments are amicable and businesslike; a word of condemnation may happen in print without detriment to circulation; abusive letters have given way to fair-minded and often helpful criticisms or suggestions; even the shareholders look pleasanter; and I, whose six months have run into eight fairly busy years of mixed experiences, am taking my hat off the peg and bidding all hands an official good-day. I made only one promise—to do my best—when I came in, and see no occasion for apology as I go out.

"I am proud of the individual loyalty and the team work of the men composing the organization and am content in knowing that the Brooklyn system is of good repute and in a thoroughly healthy condition."

Norman B. Ream, another Director, also resigned yesterday, leaving three vacancies on the Board including that caused by the death sometime ago of D. H. Valentine. These three places were filled by the stockholders by the election of Colgate Hoyt, George W. Davison, and N. F. Brady, son of A. N. Brady, Chairman of the Board of Directors and one of the principal stockholders of the company.

Concerning President Winter's retirement, Anthony N. Brady, Chairman of the Board of Directors, said:

"The Board of Directors regrets very much the decision of Mr. Winter to retire from the board and from the Presidency of the company. We had hoped to be able to persuade him to reconsider his determination, which was formed some time ago, but Mr. Winter felt that for personal reasons he ought not to continue the onerous duties and responsibilities of the position, which we all feel he has occupied so creditably.

"Mr. Winter became identified with the company when its conditions were not prosperous, when large sums of money were needed to be expended for new construction and reconstruction, and when the relations between the company and the public were, to say the least, somewhat strained.

"As a result of his able administration of and fidelity to the company's affairs, he leaves the company prosperous, in good physical condition, with splendid credit, with good feeling toward it on the part of the community which it serves, and with the highest regard and respect both of his fellow-Directors and of his subordinates in the company's management."

Mr. Winter's retirement is especially regretted by the employes who run the cars. His welfare work among them, such as the building of clubhouses and the establishment of lunchrooms for them, has been greatly appreciated by the men.

HOME TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Further information regarding the following home trade opportunities may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to.

105.—PANAMA CANAL SUPPLIES. Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received at the office of the General Purchasing Office of the Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, until March 30, for furnishing three pairs of emergency dams at the upper locks of Gatun, Pedro Miguel, and Miraflores, and for performing the work of delivering certain tools, equipment and spare repair parts. (Circular No. 616.)

100.—NAVAL SUPPLIES. Proposals will be received at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, until 10 o'clock Feb. 7, 1911, and publicly opened immediately thereafter for furnishing the following supplies (applications for proposals should designate the schedules desired by number). 1. At the Navy Yard, Boston, Schedule 3,282, crucible cast-steel wire; schedule 3,281, sounding tubes; schedule 3,283, yellow metal sheathing, steel shapes, sheathing copper; schedule 3,284, brass voice tubing; schedule 3,285, American hemp, white shelling; schedule 3,287, gasoline. 2. At Navy Yard, Brooklyn: Schedule 3,286, bronze tubing, steel tubing; schedule 3,287, thermometers and thermostat frames; schedule 3,289, pickles, salt; schedule 3,290, handkerchiefs, hair brushes. 3. At Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Schedule 3,292, a quantity of hardware and tools and sealing brush. 4. At Naval Academy, Annapolis, Schedule 3,291, a switchboard. 5. At the Navy Yard, Norfolk, Schedule 3,262, brass and copper wire; schedule 3,288, bar steel, galvanized sheet steel, sheet tin; schedule 3,285, brushes, mattress ticking; schedule 3,286, white and yellow pine, mahogany; schedule 3,287, naval brass. 6. Until 10 o'clock, Feb. 21, at the Navy Yard, Mare Island, Schedule 3,290, naval bronze, steel; schedule 3,282, hardware and tools; schedule 3,288, rod and sheet brass, sheet copper, brass pipe, inspection; schedule 3,284, poles, composition unions and pipe fittings. 7. Until 10 o'clock A. M., Feb. 21, at Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Schedule 3,276, gap grinder; schedule 3,287, white lead, white zinc, sugar pine, air hose; schedule 3,284, fire brick, mineral oil, steel bolts and nuts; schedule 3,285, fresh water laundry soap, tar.

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Jan. 27.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
El Paso	7¾	7¾	Old Gold	2	4½
Findley	5¾	6	Portland	160	162
Gold Dollar	12½	13½	Vindicator	28½	30
Isabella	17½	19	Work Horse	10½	11½

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Firm Undertone in London—Paris Prices Irregular—Berlin Active.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Money was in better supply and discount rates were easy to-day.

The satisfactory conclusion of the settlement and the execution of a number of buying orders in Consols, foreign bonds, and Canadian issues imparted a firm undertone to the stock market, but home rails declined on disappointing dividend announcements, and copper and rubber shares closed weak.

American securities opened steady and slightly above parity. Canadian Pacific was in demand and advanced 1¼ points, while the rest of the list made further gains during the early trading. Continental buying orders kept the market firm until the late trading, when Wall Street offerings caused a reaction and an easy closing.

Bar silver steady, 24 7-16 d per ounce.

Money, 3¾ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅝@3 15-16 per cent.; for three months' bills, 3⅝@3 13-16 per cent.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse to-day.

At closing, 3 per cent. rents, 97 francs 25 centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 20¼ centimes for checks.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—Trading was active and prices were firm on the Boerse to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	N. Y. Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	79 13-16	..	+3-16
Consols, account	79¾	..	+3-16
Anaconda	5	33⅜	39	— ⅛
Atchison	106⅞ ex	105¾	105	— ⅛
Canadian Pacific	215¾	209¾	208	+ ¼
St. Paul	132½	129½	128	+ ¼
Erie	29½	28⅝	28¼	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pf	48½	47¼	47	+ ⅛
Illinois Central	136 ex	135¾	136	— ⅛
Louis. & Nash	147½	143⅝	..	— ⅛
N. Y. Central	111½	111¼	111	+ ¼
Pennsylvania	65¾	127	127	+ ¼
Reading	99½	155½	155¾	— ⅛
Southern Pac.	122⅝	119	119	—
Union Pacific	180½	175⅝	175⅝	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel	90¾	78¾	78¾	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf	122⅜	119	119¾	+ ⅛

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	10	0	Esperanza	1	13	9
Tomboy	0	15	0	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	7	0	Stratton's Ind.	0	2	6

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON Jan. 27.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

6,178. AMERICAN GOODS FOR ARGENTINA.—The Bureau of Manufactures is in receipt of a communication from a business man in Argentina stating that he would like to secure the names of Important American exporters of kerosene, syrups, tobacco, tea, tin, and fresh apples in casks. He would also be glad to secure the agency for a first-class American manufacturer of tin foil in rolls.

6,179. CONDENSED MILK AND CEMENT.—An American import and export firm writes the Bureau of Manufactures that a reliable firm in Porto Rico wishes to make a contract with a condensed milk factory to sell its products on that island for a number of years. Payments will be made cash against shipping receipt in New York. Another firm in Porto Rico wants the sole export agency for cement and a firm in Panama also wants the sole agency for the same product. The first firm has given an open order for 500 barrels, and the second an order for 2,000 barrels, but prices must be such as to enable them to meet competition.

6,180. MINING MACHINERY.—An American Consular officer in the Far East reports that a number of local copper and gold mining enterprises require modern mining machinery. The undertakings have not advanced sufficiently for plans and specifications to be made. An American citizen and mining engineer, engaged in connection with these works, may be able to furnish particulars regarding the machinery required, and the report suggests that correspondence be addressed to him relative to same.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 27.—During the greater part of to-day trading in Boston coppers was dull, but in the later afternoon there was a little better demand. Changes for the day were only fractional. The cut in price of copper metal had a rather bad effect on Amalgamated early in the day, but it did not affect the balance of the list to any extent.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$25,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼
5,000	A., G. & W. I. S. 5s	71¾	71	71
2,000	Gen. Elec. cv. 6s	147½	147½	147½
1,000	N. Y., N. H. & H. 3½s	90½	90½	90½
2,000	United Fruit 4½s	96½	96	96
2,000	U. S. Steel 5s	104¾	104¼	104¼
1,000	West. Elec. cv. 5s	102	102	102
8,000	Western T. & T. 5s	97¾	97½	97¾

RAILROADS.

43	Atchison	107	106	107
22	Boston Elevated	129¾	129¾	129¾
138	Boston & Albany	224½	224½	224½
16	Boston & Maine	118	118	118
2	Boston & Providence	205	205	205
10	Boston & Wor. pf.	53½	53½	53½
43	C., C., St. L. & N. O. pf.	115	115	115
24	Fitchburg pf.	128¾	128	128¾
10	Mass. Electric	18	18	18
2	Mass. Elec. pf.	86	85½	85½
100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	140¾	140¾	140¾
16	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub., 50% paid	140¾	140¾	140¾
20	Union Pacific	176½	175¾	176½
1	West End	91	91	91

TELEPHONES.

668	American	144¼	143¾	144¼
78	Western pf.	93	90	92

MISCELLANEOUS.

280	Am. Agr. Chem.	48¾	48	48¾
45	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	101¾	101	101¾
10	A., G. & W. I. S.	10	10	10
260	A., G. & W. I. S. S. pf.	25¾	25	25
410	Am. Pneu. Svc.	5	5	5
283	Am. Pneu. Svc. 1st pf.	17¾	17	17¾
105	Am. Sugar Rfg.	116	115¾	116
23	Am. Sugar Rfg. pf.	116¾	116¾	116¾
101	Am. Woolen pf.	83½	83½	83½
200	East Boston Land.	1¾	1¾	1¾
100	Mexican E. S.	80¾	80¾	80¾
10	Edison	200	200	200
75	Georgia Ry. & Elec.	119½	119	119
168	Mass. Gas	93	92	93½
70	Mass. Gas pf.	93½	93½	93½
25	N. E. Cotton Yarn	114¼	114¼	114¼
80	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	111½	111½	111½
41	Pullman	162	161½	161½
40	Reece Buttonhole	12¾	12¾	12¾
200	Swift	100	100	100¼
816	Swift rights	4c	3c	3c
60	Torrington, Class A.	31	31	31
5	Torrington pf.	92	92	92
23	United Fruit	101	100¾	101
272	United Shoe Mach.	55¾	55¾	55¾
50	United Shoe M. pf.	49	49	49
4,773	U. S. Steel	79¾	78	78¾
215	U. S. Steel pf.	119½	119	119¾
50	Wolverine	81.00¼	80c	80c

MINING.

110	Adventure	5¼	5¼	5¼
165	Algomah	7	6¾	7
153	Allouez	35c	34c	35c
1,480	Amalgamated	69¾	62¾	63¾
110	Am. Zinc	23¾	23	23¾
100	Arizona Com'l	13¾	13¾	13¾
270	Atlantic	4	4	4
23	Batopilas	1¾	1¾	1¾
45	Butte Coalition	19	18	19
155	Butte Bakkalaki	5¼	5	5¼
315	Calumet & Arizona	69¾	69	69
21	Calumet & Hecla	505	501	505
23	Centennial	12	12	12
13	Copper Range	67	66¾	66¾
337	East Butte	12¾	12	12¾
417	Franklin	7¼	7	7¼
20	Giroux	6¾	6¾	6¾
284	Granby	32	31	31
50	Hancock	18¾	18	18
180	Hedley Gold	10	10	10
1,025	Helvetia	3	3	3
170	Indiana	11¾	11¼	11¾
10	Island Creek Coal	32¾	32¾	32¾
45	Island Creek C. pf.	88	88	88
75	Isle Royale	14	13¾	14
455	Kerr Lake	7¾	7¾	7¾
160	Keweenaw	2¾	2¾	2¾
85	Lake	35¾	35¼	35¼
185	La Salle	4¾	4¾	4¾
1,465	Mayflower	91	90c	90c
162	Miami	19	18¾	19
20	Michigan	2¾	2¾	2¾
110	Mohawk	44	43	44
110	Nevada	18¾	18¾	18¾
120	Nipissing	10¾	10¾	10¾
530	North Butte	27¾	26¾	27
30	Oilway	2¾	2¾	2¾
600	Old Colony	80	80	80
40	Old Dominion	29¾	29¾	29¾
21	Osceola	110	107	108
75	Quincy	66	65	66
117	Rav Con	17¾	16¾	16¾
150	Santa Fe	1¾	1¾	1¾
25	Shannon	13	11	11
1,000	Shattuck Arizona	23¾	23¾	23¾
110	Superior	37¾	37	37
585	Superior & Boston	4¾	4¼	4¼
970	Superior & Pittsburg	14¼	14	14
160	South Utah	85c	83c	83c
63	Tamarack	44	44	44
60	U. S. Smelting	54	49¾	50
31	U. S. Smelting pf.	47	46¾	47
50	Utah Apex	2¼	2¼	2¼
263	Utah Con	10¾	10	10¾
10	Utah Copper	45¾	45¾	45¾
15	Wolverine	116	116	116
1,097	Wyandotte	1¼	1¼	1¼

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Wheat closed at 1c decline at New York; 1⅛c decline at Chicago; 1⅛c decline at Minneapolis; 1½c decline at Duluth; 1½c decline at Kansas City and only ½c decline at Winnipeg. This represented the effect on American markets of the reciprocity recommendations and the relatively strengthening effect on Canadian markets. Wheat on the free list would be a great factor in Spring wheat markets which then would get all the hard Spring wheat they needed to grind, would not have to draw on Kansas for hard Winter wheat and the American wheat would be available for export. The decline in the markets uncovered a great many stop orders and general news was bearish. The Modern Miller crop report was in the main favorable, although still reporting light rains in the Southwest. Cash wheat was weak, with futures and demand poor. Western receipts are increasing and have gained 1,000,000 bushels in five days. Foreign markets were lower and no export business was reported. Argentine exports for the week were 3,360,000 bushels, nearly four times the total last year, and Argentine advices were free of movement of new wheat from the country. The Argentine visible increased notwithstanding the large exports. Australian exports were 2,105,000 bushels, against 2,000,000 last year. Indian exports were 1,232,000 bushels, against 864,000 bushels last year. The world's exports were estimated at 13,300,000 bushels, against 10,700,000 bushels last year. Bradstreet's exports were 2,183,000 bushels, against 2,100,000 bushels last year. Cash wheat was dull and lower, with no export business reported. No. 2 red was quoted at 99¾ f. o. b. Nos. 1 Northern Spring, 119¼; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, 107¾, and No. 2 hard winter, 107¾.

CORN.—The corn market was quiet and somewhat easier, influenced by the decline in wheat. As corn is already on the Canadian free list the proposed tariff recommendations were without importance. The receipts were large West and have gained 1,700,000 bushels this week, showing the country is a free seller. Bradstreet's exports were 1,831,000 bushels, compared with 2,281,000 bushels the previous week. Argentine exports were only 196,000 bushels, showing that the old contracts are about all filled. Foreign demand was of moderate proportions, shippers taking three loads at New York and 15 loads at outports. No. 2 Cuba was quoted at 51½ f. o. b.; No. 3, 50; steamer, 52½@52¾; and No. 4, 51½@51¾, all in the elevator, export rate.

OATS.—The market was quiet and slightly easier with other grain. There was a little selling on the trade recommendations, but the Canadian crop this year is 75,000,000 bushels less than last, so that the Canadian surplus is not particularly heavy. Cash oats were steady with standards, 36½; No. 2 white, 39; No. 3 white, 38.

PROVISIONS.—The provision market was firm early on some advance in hogs and small live hog receipts, but after midday developed quite active, liquidating pressure and prices declined to new low levels. January pork was advanced $1.50 a barrel at the close on covering of shorts. There are only 600 barrels of new pork at Chicago and the shorts are at the mercy of the holders of January.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	$1.02⅛	$1.01⅝	$1.01⅝	$1.02⅛
July	..	..	1.00⅝	1.01⅝
Corn—				
May	..	..	58¼	58⅝
Oats—				
January	..	..	36	35
May	..	..	40	40⅛
July	..	..	40	40⅛
Lard—			Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot			9.95@10.15	10.10
January			9.95@10.15	10.10
February			9.90@10.15	9.90
March			9.90@10.10	10.05
April			10.00@10.15	10.00
May			10.00@10.10	10.00

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	96¾	96⅜	96⅝	96⅛
July	95¾	95⅛	95⅜	94⅝
September	93⅝	93⅜	92¾	93⅛
Corn—				
May	59⅜	59	59	59⅛
July	51¾	50⅞	50⅝	51¼
September	52⅛	51⅝	51⅜	52⅛
Oats—				
May	34⅝	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜
July	34⅜	34¼	34¼	34⅜
September	33⅜	33¼	33¼	33⅝
Lard—				
January	9.02½	8.87½	8.87½	9.02½
May	9.85	9.75	9.75	9.77½
July	9.77½	9.67½	9.67½	9.70
September	..	..	9.70	9.75
Ribs—				
January	10.80	10.75	10.75	10.75½
May	9.87½	9.75	9.75	9.80
July	9.67½	9.60	9.62½	9.62½
September	..	..	9.67½	9.70
Pork—				
January	22.50	21.00	22.50	21.00
May	18.42½	18.15	18.22½	18.32½
July	17.95	17.70	17.75	17.80

COTTONSEED OIL.

The most surprising feature of the market at present are the insignificant price changes from day to day. Although talk is extremely bearish, the market has declined but slightly, and it is evident that the technical position is quite firm, as on the small dips offers are few and far between. The crude situation is unchanged and during the course of yesterday's session there were some sales against purchases in the South, with liquidation also observed, but professional trading dominant. The fact that cottonseed oil has been other products, in the free list in the supposed Canadian reciprocity agreement passed practically unnoticed.

	High.	Low.	Close. Bid.	Close. Ask.	Prev. Close. Bid.
Spot			7.20@7.40		7.25
January	7.28	7.28	7.20@7.26		7.25
February	7.25	7.25	7.20@7.25		7.22
March	7.22	7.21	7.21@7.22		7.22
April	7.20	7.20	7.20@7.25		7.20
May	7.25	7.25	7.23@7.26		7.25
June	7.27	7.27	7.26@7.28		7.27
July	7.30	7.30	7.30@7.31		7.30

COTTON.

As there has been no important change in conditions surrounding the market it would be unnatural for a decided change in the attitude on the part of those interested in daily proceedings. Aside from professional trading, which, of course, is in the nature of scalping, business is small.

Liverpool sent disappointing advices at the outset, and private cables were more mixed as the position of Manchester. The very fact, however, that these cables are not unanimously bullish as heretofore shows that sentiment has been altered, but as yet has not become bearish enough to warrant aggressiveness. The general run of traders seem favorable to the bear side, but not much progress is being made in forcing a lower level, as on the dips spot interests lend support.

There were scattered wires at hand reporting slight concessions at the South, but these were the minority. There has been attention called, however, to the fact that January in New York is selling at 14.65c, while at different Southern centres about 15c is asked, so that some interests are skeptical when reports of Eastern mills buying in the South come to hand. Wall-posted spot people, however, do not regard this as particularly significant inasmuch as it is obvious that mills undoubtedly are aware of the fact, and although it is unnatural to a certain extent they are of the opinion that it is caused possibly by mills purchasing of the South to acquire exactly what cotton they want. Then, again, it was pointed out that the South has been holding quite steady, with probably some speculative buying, whereas bulls control New York circles, which discourages speculation, and even a few grades other than middling could be delivered on contract. The fact remains, however, that the New York stocks are thought to be composed of a good grade of cotton, and is a matter of opinion whether the difference in favor of the South is not too great. New and the small difference in the cost warrants the apparent aspersion to New York spot cotton, or is cotton being disposed of at the South at lower prices than official quotations, or is the demand smaller than actually reported.

Week-end figures were about as expected. American visible supply of cotton decreased 70,000 bales, against 90,000 bales decrease last week, and 61,000 bales a year ago. Spinners' takings were 215,000 bales, against 253,000 bales last year. Into sight was 248,000 bales, against 273,000 bales last week, and 191,000 bales last year. Since Sept. 1 the total is 1,300,000 bales greater than a year ago. Southern spots were unchanged to 1-16c lower, with New York spot quiet, unchanged; middling uplands, 14.90c.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Bid. Asked.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	14.69	14.64	14.67@14.68	14.64	14.64
February	14.65	14.65	14.66@14.68	14.65	14.65
March	14.80	14.75	14.79@14.80	14.76	14.76
April	14.83	14.82	14.82@14.90	14.87	14.87
May	14.99	14.93	14.97@14.99	14.94	14.94
June	..	..	14.97@14.99	14.96	14.96
July	15.00	14.94	14.99@15.00	14.98	14.98
August	14.99	14.93	14.97@14.99	14.93	14.93
October	12.40	12.37	12.39@12.40	12.36	12.36
December	13.38	13.38	@		

The market closed steady at 1@4 points advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee was active under heavy selling, which carried prices down 35 to 51 points and established new low records for the recent decline, representing a total loss of 125 to 135 points from the high point of the season reached about two weeks ago. Liquidation by local coffee traders were on the floor of the Exchange, and around the opening sold openly. Havre closed at 1¼@1½f below the previous close, while Hamburg was 3@3½ pfennig lower. Rio was 50 reis higher, while Santos showed a decline of 100 reis from Wednesday. Rio exchange on London was unchanged at 13 2-16d. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were about 30 points lower, but found no buyers.

Contract coffee, Rio No. 7, 15c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January			10.45@10.50	10.60
February			10.45@10.50	10.55
March	10.50	10.35	10.35@10.50	11.00
April	10.50	10.35	10.35@10.50	10.95
May	10.60	10.40	10.40@10.60	11.00
June	..	..	10.40@10.60	11.00
July	10.55	10.50	10.50@10.60	11.00
August	..	..	10.50@10.70	10.70
September	10.70	10.45	10.45@10.65	10.90
October	10.65	10.45	10.50@10.65	10.75
November	..	..	10.50@10.70	10.60
December	10.57	10.50	10.54@10.55	10.65

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ANN ARBOR—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
3d week Jan.	$32,946	$40,022	*$7,076
July 1-Jan. 21.	1,302,497	1,146,920	55,536

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—

3d week Jan.	200,300	219,200	41,100
July 1-Jan. 21.	7,488,900	6,940,300	548,600

BUSINESS TROUBLES

JOSEPH BESSLER, grocery clerk, 365 Broome Street, has filed a petition; liabilities, $4,408, and no assets.

JACOB S. LEONARD.—Jacob Leonard of Newburg has filed a petition here, with liabilities of $1,096, and no assets.

HARRY BADIAN.—Schedules of Harry Badian, jeweler, 216 East Houston Street, show liabilities of $4,260 and nominal assets of $4,277.

J. E. HAHLO & CO.—Schedules of Julius H. Hahlo, trading as J. E. Hahlo & Co., millinery, of 146 West Forty-fifth Street, show liabilities of $13,247 and assets of $1,150.

ADOLPH H. SALOMON.—Judge Holt has appointed Dudley Dupignac receiver for Adolph H. Salomon, manufacturer of waists, 31 East Ninth Street; liabilities, $4,000, and assets, $2,500.

ARTHUR E. NETZBAND, formerly a grocer, 2,661 Third Avenue, has filed a petition; liabilities, $6,183, and assets, $3. A petition was filed against him on Nov. 27, 1907, which is still pending before the referee.

ADOLPH S. MILLER.—Judge Holt has appointed Hans F. Wagner receiver for Adolph S. Miller, Incorporated, manufacturer of furs, 189 West Twenty-third Street, and authorized him to continue business twenty days; liabilities are $6,400 and assets, $4,000.

LOUIS F. SHULER-SHUTZ.—Schedules of Louis F. Shuler-Shutz, women's neckwear and cotton goods, 749 Broadway, show liabilities of $10,871 and no assets. There are nine creditors, the largest being Wilmerding, Morris & Mitchell and Boesseck, Brossel & Co.

F. CASCONE & BROTHER.—Pietro and Salvatore Cascone, who composed the firm of F. Cascone & Brother, formerly dealers in groceries and liquors, 2,218 Third Avenue, have filed a petition with liabilities, $2,477, and nominal assets, $1,074, in outstanding accounts.

FRANK T. KEE.—A petition has been filed against Frank T. Kee, builder and contractor, 196 Adelphi Avenue, by Glin J. Stephens, Inc., coal dealer. Liabilities, $35,000, exclusive of mortgages on real estate, and the assets do not exceed $1,000. Mr. Kee built a number of apartment houses on Washington Heights.

FISHEL, ADLER & SCHWARTZ.—Schedules of Aaron A. Fishel, doing business as Fishel, Adler & Schwartz, art galleries, 15 East Thirty-fifth Street, show liabilities of $181,006 and nominal assets of $135,039. There are 200 creditors, including Samuel Schwartz, J. B. Greenhut, Lincoln National Bank, Alexander & Co., Paris; Commission Merchants' Association, Nagoma; Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co., estate of A. L. Adler, August Hoffman, George Goldson, and E. C. De Witt.

SIMON & CO.—A petition has been filed against Kassel Simon, doing business as Simon & Co., wholesale dealer in cotton goods at 62 Leonard Street by F. Victor & Achelis, Wellington Sears & Co., estate of A. L. Adler, &c. Judge Holt appointed T. Tileston Wells receiver, with bond of $20,000. Liabilities, $200,000; assets, $40,000. Mr. Simon placed his affairs before his creditors a week ago with a view to getting an extension while the business was in process of liquidation, but efforts to adjust his affairs without legal proceedings were unsuccessful. At that time it was stated that his liabilities were $160,000 and nominal assets $200,000 and that he expected to pay 100 cents on the dollar.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Alessi, Filippo, et al.—M. Cuttitta, $131.
Allen, Henry G.—M. Feinberg et al., $119.
Arrue, Miguel B.—M. Zutty, $451.
Aspergen, Adolf and John—Crandall Pettes Co., costs, $103.
Bennett, Wyckoff—Miller-Wright Paper Co., $126.
Briggs, James E.—Sterling Building and Operating Co., $187.
Briggs, John H.—Same, $100.
Bustolstone, Harris—C. H. Duell et al., $1,182.
Breithols, Harry, et al.—I. Schlamer, $1,287.
Battelle, Thomas P.—Schmitt Brothers, $134.
Cosentino, or Filippo Alest—M. Cuttitta, $131.
Clancy, Allen—J. Stahl, costs, $103.
Cohen, Samson—T. H. Dimon et al., $223.
Crawford, William F.—F. M. C. Wilcox $500.
Daniels, Bertie E., et al.—F. Spier et al., $614.
De Forest, Allgood, et al.—D. Scott, $421.
Downie, Walter A.—A. G. Lange, $625.
Dery, Desiderius G.—N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co., costs.
Da Clara, Frank—Albers Klosbin Co., $203.
Davis, Essie—Brooklyn Heights Railroad Co., $125.
Esserman, Simon, et al.—J. Feierstein, $234.
Forbes, John—H. Weisenberger, $268.
Fraad, Theresa—F. W. McCosthe, $18,675.
Gold, Sam, et al.—L. Oliner, $131.
Gordon, Nathan, et al.—H. Bauman et al., $571.
Goodman, Martin M.—S. Levy, $60,042.
Goldman, Harris, et al.—J. Feierstein, $234.
Glover, Bettie—M. Mosson Co., $134.
Gilbreth, Frank B.—Golding Manufacturing Co., $624.
Gillespie, Henry L.—E. E. Neel et al., $447.
Heitzerman, Sophie—Home Title Insurance Co. of New York, $418.
Hariam, Moses, et al.—M. Katz, $216.
Hariam, Edward M. and Lena, et al.—Same, $216.
Hart, Frederick A.—H. Viebrock $133.
Heisler, William, et al.—Glokner & Blue Co., $128.
Hagedorn, Richard and William—E. F. Nelson ..... $2,940.
Hall, Charles M.—C. F. Nagel $126.
Hirst, Charles D.—W. G. Press Co. $460.
Hitchcock, Frederick—Chesebro Brothers $709.
Joachimson, Hugo, et al.—M. Simon, $467.
Jones, Sebastian G.—W. N. Bayliss, $175.
Jaeckel, Joseph, et al.—H. Kaufman, $176.
Klein, Martin A., et al.—Glokner & Blue Co., $128.
Kolling, Jacob—Lang & Co., $143.
Kassel, Samuel—M. Friedman et al., $234.
Klion, Isidor, et al.—W. F. Osborn, $134.
Kuhns, Lucy W.—M. J. Dunn, $199.
Lesser, Walter A.—P. J. Dubois, $332.
Lacher, Siegban—B. Waldman, $1,046.
Meckel, Max and Arthur, et al.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $140.
Morris, Nelson R.—S. Scanlon et al., $705.
Nieman, Arthur—Aaron Buchsbaum Co., $451.
Oesling, Albert—McDermott Dairy Co., $195.
Oliva, Vincenzo, et al.—J. Resnik, $382.
Palumbo, Theodore—Tandy Elevator Co., $550.
Pittelli, Francesco—C. Smith, $178.
Paladino, Joseph—Contractors' Supply Co., $427.
Picone, Joseph, et al.—J. Resnik, $392.
Quentz, Emanuel—Audubon National Bank of the City of New York, $23,015.
Richter, Harry W., et al.—L. Oliner, $131.
Reardon, Maurice F.—J. & E. Homan Co., $196.
Rauganeschi, George B., et al.—Albert Kloebe, $131.
Reeps, Charles O.—George T. Vaughan, $118.
Rubin, Gustav—American Slicing Machine Co., $121.
Schwartz, Irving W., et al.—M. Simon, $467.
Stuart, John—Bayside Lumber Co., $2,140.
Schlesael, Leopold, et al.—H. Bauman et al., $671.
Stanford, A. Stanley—M. A. Levy, $291.
Spivak, Jacob—B. Mayer, $119.
Stein, Sam W.—Block, $103.
Scheinman, Benjamin, (not summoned,) et al.—W. E. Osborn, $134.
Sherwood, Samuel T.—McCrum-Howell Co., $117.
Steele, William, et al.—L. Schlagrer, $1,273.
Taylor, Nathaniel—J. B. Gere, $5,357.
Triebel, Frederick E.—North German Lloyd Steamship Co., $122.
Voesnack, Frederick E.—Thatcher Furnace Co., $321.
Wagner, John, and others—F. Spier and, others, $614.
Wizemann, Gotthelf, or Gotthlab—H. Wacker, $964.
State Realty Corp.—E. Davis, $365.
View Corset Co. and others—J. A. Seidman, $245.
Vien Land Co. and others—Same, $243.
James A. Sargent & Co.—Warburg & Schwartz, Inc., $787.
Central Park Taxicar Co.—J. L. Sudark and others, $277.
Bouncil Silver & Co.—G. H. Morgan, $1,066.
Law Car and General Inc. Corp., Ltd.—J. S. M. Armstrong, $6,800.
Hammond Packing Co., Action 2p—W. J. Howey, costs, $178.
Hammond Packing Co., Action 4—W. J. Howey, $178.
Same, Action 3—Same, $178.
West End Motor Car Co.—W. F. Larkin, $203.
Lincoln Safe Deposit Co.—J. E. McDonald, costs, $107.
Knickerbocker Syndicate—I. E. Burdick $3,875.
E. R. Taylor Co.—F. C. Lomas, $1,043.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Ansell, William C.—J. P. Nunn, Jan. 7, 1911; $172.
Bowles, Charles L.—Wilkinson, Gaddis & Co., Jan. 10, 1911, $166.
Bauer, Bruno—Stern & Stern, Jan. 14, 1911, $100.
Benson, Ellen A.—S. Stratus, April 30, 1908, $746.
Converse, Theodore R.—J. A. Stewart, June 19, 1906, $152.
Same—Same, Jan. 17, 1911, $149.
Same—Same, Aug. 29, 1908, $1,428.
Chase Trucking Co.—H. S. Hotaling, May 6, 1910, $115.
Cohen, Morris—Gordon, Wolf & Co., Jan. 12, 1911, $126.
Delamater, Arthur G.—C. H. Friedman, Oct. 19, 1909, $136.
Ernst, John F., and Henry C. Flamber—B. Raphael, April 19, 1910, $109.
East 30th St. Co.—A. W. Volk, Jan. 20, 1911.
Fanning, Thomas J., and Thomas J. Fanning, Inc.—L. Kantor et al., Oct. 18, 1910, $146.
Same—Same, Nov. 22, 1910, $226.
Litwak, Julius—Ajax Paper and Card Co., Jan. 6, 1911, $123.
Miller, Isaac M.—R. D. Douglas, Dec. 15, 1910, $174.
O'Brien, John H. and Mary—G. Eyger, April 1, 1909, $651.
Sherwood, Samuel T.—McCrum-Howell Co., June 20, 1906, $117.
Simpson, William—L. Solomon, Jan. 18, 1911, $205.
Thomas, Marie—J. G. Grill et al., June 15, 1910, $150.
Zar, Samuel—L. Kraus, Jan. 26, 1909, $262.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Friedman v. Newsteon-Goldcoin Realty Co.—Warren Leslie, Reichardt v. Kurzman—John F. O'Brien, Sanders v. Tietjen—Francis W. Pollock, West 250th New Era v. Stadtler—Same v. Same, Louisa v. Priest—Mark Goldberg, J.
SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J.—Truman v. Met Mercantile and Realty Co.—William H. Klein, Luff v. Piering—William M. Kirk, In re Fort Washington Ridge Road—Walter E. Dunham.
SUPREME COURT—McCall, J.—Napoleon Const Co v. Dodge—William [illegible]

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

FEDERAL COURTS.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Following were the Supreme Court of the United States proceedings to-day:

93—Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States. Dismissed.

247—Lewers & Cooke, Limited, appellants, vs. Mary H. Atcherly.—Assigned for Dec. 4.

300—The Bucks Stove and Range Company, appellant, vs. The American Federation of Labor and others;

304—The American Federation of Labor and others, appellants, vs. The Bucks Stove and Range Company, and

372—Samuel Gompers and others, petitioners, vs. The Bucks Stove and Range Company.—Motions denied with $10 costs. Orders filed.

People vs. Frederick C. Santasello.—Motion granted; case set down for Jan. 31.

Morris Salomon vs. North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.—Motion granted on payment of $10 costs. Settle order on notice.

Same vs. same. Motion granted without costs. Settle order on notice.

Tobias Schwartz vs. Samuel Klar.—Motion granted unless respondent stipulates to hear appeal on the papers as printed, in which case the appeal may be set down for Feb. 7. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of David R. Solotaroff.—Reference ordered to official referee. Settle order on notice.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Goff, J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers.—Cohalan, S.—Will for probate, Peter McPartland.

CITY COURT—Special Term.—Chambers—O'Dwyer, C. J.—Ex parte business.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Susan Van Frang v. Frank Mattucci—John H. Lascom. Josephine E. Carpenter v. Louis Manheim—Charles S. Campbell, Same v. Fergusan Bros. Eng. Co.—Charles S. Campbell.

CITY COURT—O'Dwyer, C. J.—Adolph H. Landeker v. Jacques Ries—Samuel M. Reiss.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.: J. Bernstein, linens, ribbons, and white goods; W. M. Snigg, notions, stationery, toilet goods, and silverware; P. Blauvelt, furnishing goods, hosiery, and knit underwear; J. Brosnan, housefurnishing goods, crockery, and glassware; 75 Spring Street.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. G. Burt, prints; 104 Worth Street.

Capwell, H. C., Company, Oakland, Cal.; Miss Sullivan, embroideries and trimmings; Mrs. Reed, millinery; Mrs. McKinnis, ladies' ready to wear; 16 East Eighteenth Street.

Lane, J. R., Dry Goods Company, Los Angeles, Cal.; J. R. Lane, dry goods; 100 Fifth Avenue.

Saul-Wolfson Dry Goods Company, San Antonio, Texas; Miss E. Leroux, millinery; 100 Fifth Avenue.

Lewis, A. T., & Son Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; J. H. Carry, laces, neckwear, veilings, and handkerchiefs; 16 East Eighteenth Street.

Decolitie, F. E., Company, Elmira, N. Y.; C. Coburn, domestics, linens, and white goods; 61 Union Square.

Blackstone, N. B., Company, Los Angeles, Cal.; Miss L. Chappell, millinery; N. B. Blackstone, dry goods, &c.; Miss E. Erdman, underwear, corsets, and infants' wear; H. W. Blackstone, cloaks, suits, and waists; 31 Union Square.

Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.—E. C. Burtingame, linens and white goods; 214 Church Street.

MacDougall & Southwick Company, Seattle, Wash.; J. Wilson, ladies' suits; 214 Church Street.

Kerfoot-Miller Dry Goods Company, Oklahoma City, Okla.; M. M. Kerfoot, dry goods; E. Arnold, notions, laces, and ribbons; Park Avenue Hotel.

Maher Brothers, Utica, N. Y.; M. Maher, clothing; Union Square Hotel.

Daniels & Fisher Stores Company, Denver, Col.; Mrs. H. E. Apperson, millinery; 56 Worth Street; Park Avenue Hotel.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Harrisburg, Penn.; W. W. Speakman, carpets; 9 Walker Street.

McCreery & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; Miss K. Luddin, millinery, 214 Church Street; Holland House.

Altman's, San Francisco, Cal.; Miss E. Mendecke, cloaks and suits, 653 Broadway; The Breslin.

Hurst, John E., Company, Baltimore, Md.; W. F. Traub, prints; The Breslin.

Mendel, S., Hot Springs, Ark.; cloaks, suits, and millinery; 42 West Twenty-seventh Street; Hotel Grand.

Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; B. J. Cutliffe, linens; 31 Union Square.

Klein, C., Company, Chicago, Ill.; A. Anderson, shoes; Hotel Marlborough.

Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss H. E. Goff, infants' wear; 452 Broadway; Hotel Seville.

Hahn Brothers Company, Cleveland, Ohio; R. Weatherstone, stationery; 31 Union Square; Hotel Latham.

Donaldson, L. S., & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; H. Fischer, cloaks and suits; 2 Walker Street.

McGee Brothers Company, Jackson, Mich.; H. S. Rauck, children's dresses; Hoffman House.

Fussell, A., Company, Los Angeles, Cal.; A. Milbach, laces and trimmings; R. E. Berry, silks, dress goods, cloaks, and suits; 487 Broadway.

SALESMAN WANTED TO HANDLE OUR LINE OF SILK WAISTS ON THE PACIFIC COAST; ONLY THOSE WHO ARE THOROUGHLY ACQUAINTED WITH THE TRADE NEED APPLY. BEERMAN & FRANK, 34-39 FIFTH AV.

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One line, 12 months, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.56.

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A. C. Bosselman & Co., 439 Broadway.
BATHING AND BEACH SUITS.
Andrew Ryan, 239 Fourth Av.
CHILDREN'S DRESSES & Ladies' Underwear
Bergoffen & Philip, 128 East 7th St.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 542, 544, and 546 Broadway.
CROCHETED LACES.
Emma Wood, respondent, vs Michael Scales, appellant.—Order modified as stated in order, and as modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Charles J. Ward et al., respondents, vs. Mary Mock, Ward et al., appellants.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Hattie H. Brownold, respondent, vs. Samuel Brownold, appellant.—Order modified as stated in order, and as modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion.
Sarah G. Thompson, respondent, vs. John M. Thompson, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Kalil's restaurant, appellant, vs. the Foundation Company et al., respondents.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Edith M. Gambier, respondent, vs. Edward V. Gambier, appellant.—Order modified as stated and as modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Phillip J. Saulson, respondent, vs. J. Ensign Fuller et al., appellants.—Order modified as stated in opinion, and as modified affirmed, without costs. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.
People ex rel. Daniel J. O'Connell, relator, vs. William F. Baker, as Commissioner, respondent.—Writ dismissed and proceedings affirmed, with $250 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., respondent, vs. Nora B. Norworth and another, appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Ingraham, P. J., dissenting on the ground that this is not a case in which the court should specifically enforce the contract by injunction.) Order filed.
People ex rel. William W. Aster, appellant, vs. William B. Stillings et al., respondents.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Albert J. Kingsley, respondent, vs. Jackson Brothers Realty Co., appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
James Belden, respondent, vs. Wallace H. Brown and another, appellants.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Ambrose B. Stannard, appellant, vs. Atlantic Terra Cotta Company, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
William B. Richardson, as executor, respondent, vs. William T. Washburn, individually, &c., appellant. Same vs. Louis B. Birdsall et al.—Orders affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to defendants to withdraw demurrers and to answer on payment of costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Joseph E. Ellery, respondent, vs. People's Bank of the City of New York, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Settle order on notice.
Sitta Fischer, appellant, vs. Adrian H. Joline and another, respondents. Julius S. Fischer vs. same.—Judgments and orders affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Orders filed.
Gussie Katz, appellant, vs. J. Applegate & Co., respondent.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Simon Katz, appellant, vs. J. Applegate & Co., respondent.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Bessie Jacobs, respondent, vs. Harry J. Jacobs, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Eva Spelter, an infant, respondent, vs. A. Lubin Company, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Frank Vernon, plaintiff, vs. John F. Butler et al., respondents; Benjamin F. Edgar et al., appellants. Thomas J. Williams vs. same.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
The City of New York, respondent, vs. Henry Corn, impleaded, &c., appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (McLaughlin, J., dissenting on the ground that the court erred in excluding the evidence offered by the appellant.) Order filed.
Clara Cohen, respondent, vs. Ransom H. Thomas, as president, respondent. Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Herbert H. Pepper, respondent, vs. Henry Siegel Company, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Paul R. G. Horst, respondent, vs. Widelity Warehouse Company, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.
Jane Wilson et al., respondents, vs. Thomas A. Nevins, appellant.—Judgment modified as directed in opinion, and as modified affirmed, without costs. Opinion per curiam. (Dissenting memorandum by Ingraham, P. J.) Settle order on notice.
People ex rel. Daniel J. O'Connell, relator, vs. William F. Baker, as Commissioner, respondent.—Writ dismissed and proceedings affirmed, with $250 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., respondent, vs. Nora B. Norworth and another, appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Ingraham, P. J., dissenting on the ground that this is not a case in which the court should specifically enforce the contract by injunction.) Order filed.
In the matter of Don R. Alley.—Order modified as stated in opinion, and, as modified affirmed, without costs. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.
Alexander Orzag and another, appellants, vs. Benjamin Berawowis, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
In the matter of Norman, appellant, vs. The Board of Education, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Alexandre Tropenas, appellant, vs. Thomas Powell and another, respondents.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
William B. McNeice, respondent, vs. Press Publishing Company, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Simon Katz, appellant, vs. J. Applegate & Co., respondent.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Bessie Jacobs, respondent, vs. Harry J. Jacobs, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Eva Spelter, an infant, respondent, vs. A. Lubin Company, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Frank Vernon, plaintiff, vs. John F. Butler et al., respondents; Benjamin F. Edgar et al., appellants. Thomas J. Williams vs. same.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
The City of New York, respondent, vs. Henry Corn, impleaded, &c., appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (McLaughlin, J., dissenting on the ground that the court erred in excluding the evidence offered by the appellant.) Order filed.
Clara Cohen, respondent, vs. Ransom H. Thomas, as president, respondent. Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Herbert H. Pepper, respondent, vs. Henry Siegel Company, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Paul R. G. Horst, respondent, vs. Widelity Warehouse Company, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.
Jane Wilson et al., respondents, vs. Thomas A. Nevins, appellant.—Judgment modified as directed in opinion, and as modified affirmed, without costs. Opinion per curiam. (Dissenting memorandum by Ingraham, P. J.) Settle order on notice.
People ex rel. Daniel J. O'Connell, relator, vs. William F. Baker, as Commissioner, respondent.—Writ dismissed and proceedings affirmed, with $250 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., respondent, vs. Nora B. Norworth and another, appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Ingraham, P. J., dissenting on the ground that this is not a case in which the court should specifically enforce the contract by injunction.) Order filed.
People ex rel. William W. Aster, appellant, vs. William B. Stillings et al., respondents.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Albert J. Kingsley, respondent, vs. Jackson Brothers Realty Co., appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
James Belden, respondent, vs. Wallace H. Brown and another, appellants.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Ambrose B. Stannard, appellant, vs. Atlantic Terra Cotta Company, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
William B. Richardson, as executor, respondent, vs. William T. Washburn, individually, &c., appellant. Same vs. Louis B. Birdsall et al.—Orders affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to defendants to withdraw demurrers and to answer on payment of costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Joseph E. Ellery, respondent, vs. People's Bank of the City of New York, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Settle order on notice.
Sitta Fischer, appellant, vs. Adrian H. Joline and another, respondents. Julius S. Fischer vs. same.—Judgments and orders affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Orders filed.
Gussie Katz, appellant, vs. J. Applegate & Co., respondent.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Simon Katz, appellant, vs. J. Applegate & Co., respondent.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Bessie Jacobs, respondent, vs. Harry J. Jacobs, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Eva Spelter, an infant, respondent, vs. A. Lubin Company, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
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The City of New York, respondent, vs. Henry Corn, impleaded, &c., appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (McLaughlin, J., dissenting on the ground that the court erred in excluding the evidence offered by the appellant.) Order filed.
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People ex rel. Daniel J. O'Connell, relator, vs. William F. Baker, as Commissioner, respondent.—Writ dismissed and proceedings affirmed, with $250 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.
Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., respondent, vs. Nora B. Norworth and another, appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Ingraham, P. J., dissenting on the ground that this is not a case in which the court should specifically enforce the contract by injunction.) Order filed.

LEGAL NOTICES.

AT A SPECIAL TERM, PART I., of the Supreme Court, held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House, in said City, on the 18 day of January, 1911. Present, Hon. Vernon M. Davis, Justice. In the matter of the application of George Ehret, Jr., and George F. Trommer as executors under the will of WILLIAM G. RINGLER, deceased, stockholders and owners of one-half of the capital stock of George Ringler & Company, a corporation, for voluntary dissolution thereof.

On the petition of George Ehret, Jr., and George F. Trommer as executors of the estate of William G. Ringler, deceased, and in such capacity owners of one-half of the capital stock of George Ringler & Company, a corporation created under the laws of this State, and having its principal office in the County of New York, and the said schedules thereto annexed, duly verified by the petitioners on the 9th day of November, 1910, and from which it appears that the petitioners are the owners of one-half of said capital stock, and from which petition it also appears that the case is one of those specified in Section 172 of the General Corporation Law, and it further appearing to the satisfaction of the Court from said petition that the said application should be entertained as beneficial to the interests of the stockholders that the corporation should be dissolved, and an order having been duly made upon the said petition requiring all persons interested in said corporation to show cause before William A. McQuaid, Esq., Referee, at his office, No. 154 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th day of December, 1910, why the said corporation should not be dissolved, and also ordering the publication of a copy of the order according to law, and the said order having been later amended so as to fix the return day thereof to the 16th day of February, 1911, before said William A. McQuaid, Esq., Referee, and the said George Ehret, Jr., and the said George F. Trommer, executors, as aforesaid, having presented their further petition to this Court verified the 14th day of January, 1911, showing that the said William A. McQuaid has received and accepted the appointment of Deputy Attorney General of the State of New York, and has resigned as said Referee, and is no longer able and eligible to act as such Referee herein; and on reading and filing the said last mentioned petition, and upon the proceedings had herein, and on proof of due and timely service of said petition and of this proposed order, and of notice of the application therefor, and said petition praying that he be appointed, and after hearing Bowers & Sands, Esquires, in support thereof, and

representing the Attorney General not opposing; and on motions of Bowers & Sands, Attorneys for the petitioners it is

Ordered that all persons interested in George Ringler & Company, a corporation, show cause before Franklin Leonard, Jr., Esq., who is hereby appointed Referee for that purpose, at his office, No. 25 Broad Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 10th day of February, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, why the said corporation should not be dissolved; and it is further

Ordered that a copy of this order be published at least once in each of the three weeks immediately preceding the said 10th day of February, 1911, in the New York Law Journal and The New York Times, a newspaper published in the County of New York.

Enter, V. M. D., J. S. C.

Church Services To-morrow

Baptist.

AMITY BAPTIST CHURCH, 326-332 West 54th St., Rev. LEIGHTON WILLIAMS, D. D., Pastor.—11 A. M., "The One Thing Needful." 8 P. M., "The South's Cry for Salvation."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 253 and Amsterdam Av., FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.—11, "Jesus Christ's Prisoner." 8, "Almost a Christian" Baptism.

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH OF THE COVENANT, West 23d St., between 8th and 9th Aves.—Dr. Oscar Haywood, Pastor, preaches morning, 10:45, "Geography and Christianity." Evening, 7:45, "The Sinner."

The Ordinance of Baptism will be administered at the close of the evening sermon.

Singing by men. All invited.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 5 West Forty-sixth Street.

THE REV. CHARLES F. AKED, D. D., will preach to-morrow morning and evening. Services at 11 and 8 o'clock.

BIBLE CLASSES FOR YOUNG MEN AND YOUNG WOMEN AT 9:30 A. M.

HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH, B'WAY, 164TH, Rev. E. R. Holloway, Pastor.—"The Cry of a Breaking Heart," Evening, "Can God Do More?"

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AV. CORNER, 31ST ST.

C. A. EATON, D. D., PASTOR.

will preach Sunday morning and evening, 11 A. M.—"The Churches and Social Reform." 8 P. M.—"A Strange Case of Supernatural Activity Which Has Not Yet Been Explained."

MEMORIAL BAPTIST, Washington Square.—EDWARD JUDSON, Pastor, preaches, 11; Mr. Simmons, 8.

MOUNT MORRIS CHURCH, Fifth Avenue, near 126th Street.

J. HERMAN RANDALL, PASTOR.

Morning, 11—"Conscious and Unconscious Influences." Evening, 8—Ralph Waldo Emerson.

MORNING CLASS IN APPLIED CHRISTIANITY, 10 o'clock. "The White Slave Traffic." Mr. James B. Reynolds.

SPANISH BAPTIST CHURCH, 123 West 57th St., Rev. SAMUEL F. DOMIANO, Pastor.—Bible class, 9 P. M.; preaching, 4. Students of Spanish welcome.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. Convent Av.—Rev. JOHN DERIN COCKS preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Everybody welcomed.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, Broadway and 56th St.

Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D.D. Pastor, Preaches 11 & 8; Wed., 8 P.M. Prayer Meeting.

MANHATTAN CONGREGATIONAL, Broadway, 76th St., Rev. H. A. STIMSON, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11.

Evening, 8, Superintendent Maxwell of the Public Schools will speak in series of addresses on "Child Welfare."

PILGRIM CHURCH, Madison Av. and 121st St.—Frederick Lynch, Pastor, preaches morning and evening. Evening subject in series, "Great Novels as Christian Forces." Hawthorne's "The Scarlet Letter"; The Picture of the Effects of Sin. (Other novels referred to: "Esther Waters," "Tess of the d'Urbervilles.")

THE BEDFORD PARK CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, East 201st St. and Bainbridge Av. At 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Rev. ALBERT TERRY EMERSON, Pastor.

Disciples of Christ (Christian.)

FIRST CHURCH, 142 West 81st St, WILLIAM L. FISHER, Minister. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Ethical Culture.

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE. FOUNDED 1876.

Meeting House, Central Park W. and 64th St. 11 A. M.

—DR. FELIX ADLER— will deliver an address on "THE SUBLIME OUTLOOK OF AN ETHICAL FAITH." At 8:15 P. M.

—MR. ALFRED W. MARTIN— will deliver the fourth in his series of Sunday Evening Lectures, speaking on "CONFLICT AND THE PROBLEM OF GOOD GOVERNMENT."

THE PUBLIC IS WELCOME.

Jewish.

TEMPLE BETH-EL, 5th Av. and 76th St.—Sunday morning, Rev. Dr. SAMUEL SCHULMAN will preach on "The Modern Life and the Home." Services begin at 11 o'clock. All are welcome.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, 5th Av. and 43d.—Sunday, 11:15 A.M., Dr. Silverman on "Emancipation for the Christians of Crete and Jews of Russia."

THE FREE SYNAGOGUE, CARNEGIE HALL. SUNDAY MORNING AT 11 DR. WISE WILL PREACH "SOME SIGNS OF MORAL BREAKDOWN." ALL ARE WELCOME.

Lutheran.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, Central Park West at 65th St., The Rev. Charles J. Stulb, Pastor.—Sunday School at 9:30 A.M. "Christ" Service at 11 o'clock. Vespers at 4 P. M.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, (St. James,) Madison Av. and 76th St., Dr. HENRY KNAUTH, Pastor.—Services 11 and 8. Sunday school, 9:45 A. M.

EVANG. LUTH. CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St., W. M. HORN, Pastor.—Services 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Sunday School, 9:30 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal.

BEDFORD ST. METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. ROBERT H. KELLEY, Pastor.—Services 10:45 and 7:45.

CALVARY METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, 129th Street and Seventh Avenue, Rev. CHARLES L. GOODELL, D. D., Pastor.

11 A. M.—"Strong Characters."
8 P. M.—"A Choice of Gods."
Revival service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.
Roll Call and Reception,

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Two Big Buildings Planned For Business District Costing About $4,000,000—Syndicate Purchases the Crawford Estate in the Bronx—Colored Church May Buy Mt. Morris Park Corner.

A detailed tabulation comparing the 1910 and 1911 tax assessments, showing increases and decreases in each district of the Borough of Brooklyn with an explanatory analysis by Lawson Purdy, President of the Tax Board, will be published in the Sunday edition of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Big Buildings Planned.

Amid a fair volume of sales the announcement of two large building operations in the lower part of the city, each of which will involve about $2,000,000, was the feature of the realty market yesterday. The Bronx furnished the largest sale of the day and one of the biggest that has been made in that borough for some time. The Crawford estate tract on White Plains Avenue and Gun Hill Road, consisting of about 250 lots, was purchased by a syndicate through David Stewart. The property has a frontage of 658 feet on White Plains Avenue, 2,410 feet on Gun Hill Road, and 843 feet on Tilden Street. It is about the largest unimproved tract in the Williamsbridge district, and while no plans have been announced by the new owners as to the disposition of the property, it will probably be cut up for home sites in the near future.

The two large building operations in the downtown section include the much talked of structure for the Continental Fire Insurance Company on the large plot recently acquired at 13 to 27 Cedar Street, extending through to 78 and 88 Liberty Street. Henry Evans, President of the company, stated that plans are being prepared by D. H. Burnham & Co. of Chicago. The building will be twenty stories high and possibly thirty. It will cover an area of about 20,000 square feet.

The New York Telephone Company is having plans prepared for what will be the largest telephone building in the world. It will have a frontage of 125 feet on Walker Street, running through to Lispenard Street, where the frontage will be 50 feet, between Church Street and West Broadway. The present intention is to make it fifteen stories, although it may be enlarged to twenty-five stories in the future, if required. These large projected operations, taken in connection with the new Woolworth Building, for which excavations are being made, and other improvements of the past year in the insurance section would indicate a decided revival of high-class building operations in the lower part of the city.

Colored Church for Mt. Morris Park.

Negotiations, it was learned yesterday, are pending for the purchase of the Pilgrim Church, on the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and 121st Street, by the Trustees of a downtown African Methodist Episcopal Church. The Pilgrim Church, a Congregational denomination of which the Rev. Frederick Lynch is pastor, has been in the market for some time. There is a large colored settlement in Harlem in the vicinity of 135th Street, but an African church headquarters in Madison Avenue would be a radical departure for the neighborhood. The Pilgrim Church faces Mount Morris Park, which is lined with fine homes. The pastor admitted that negotiations were pending, but no definite terms have yet been reached.

Tenements for Sullivan Street.

The estate of Samuel Weeks has sold through Collins & Rowe and E. H. Ludlow & Co. 150 and 156 Sullivan Street, near Houston Street, 50 by 100. The buyers will improve the plot with a tenement. The property has been in the possession of the sellers since 1884. The Jenkins estate has sold to Wolf & Adler for investment 27 Jefferson Street, a six-story tenement.

Deal on Eleventh Avenue.

Joseph P. Day has sold to an investor, for H. Handbach, 602 and 604 Eleventh Avenue, a plot, 35.6 by 100, covered with a three-story building.

Building Co. Buys West Side Lot.

The Akron Building Company has purchased from the estate of John J. Lagrave the lot, 25 by 100.5, on the south side of Sixty-ninth Street, 125 feet west of Central Park. The property has not changed ownership since 1866. George Ranger negotiated the sale.

Private Dwellings Sold.

The three-story dwelling 154 West Fifteenth Street, on lot 20 by 103.3, 145 feet east of Seventh Avenue, has been sold by John B. Quintin, who acquired the parcel on speculation about a year ago.

Caroline C. Rowe has sold 330 West Twentieth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 16.8 by 92. The property is about 40 feet east of St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church. Maurice Mandelbaum of Mandelbaum & Lewine is the buyer.

The Kerner estate has sold through the Douglas Robinson-Charles S. Brown Company 125 and 124 East Seventy-eighth Street, two three-story dwellings on a plot 36 by 102.2.

Upper Fifth Avenue Flats Sold.

Collins & Rowe and E. H. Ludlow & Co. have sold for Lowenfeld & Prager, to clients for investment, the two apartment houses with stores, known as the Everett and the Thomas, on the southwest corner of Fifth Avenue and 114th Street, covering a plot 100.11 feet on Fifth Avenue by 65.6. The houses were built for investment by Thomas McManus & Son.

Harlem Apartment in Trade.

The five-story apartment house 234 West 142d Street, on a plot 39.11 by 99.11, has been sold by Minn Tobias to Mary M. Brady, who gave in part payment one of the four-story King model houses at 219 West 139th Street, on plot 22.4 by 99.11.

Heidelberg Tower Leased and Mortgaged.

The lease of the Heidelberg Tower, the combined office and advertising structure recently constructed on the south side of Forty-second Street, between Broadway and Seventh Avenue, opposite the Times Building, was recorded yesterday from Joseph H. Flick of Chicago to the Lankershire Realty Company for twenty-one years from May 1, 1909, at $50,000 a year, in addition to the taxes. The lease carries renewal rights. The Lankershire Realty Company was incorporated during the week, to take all the interests of the original promoters, of which Joseph H. Flick was a member and is one of the Directors of the new company. At the same time a mortgage of $300,000 was recorded by the Lankershire Realty Company to the Knickerbocker Trust Company, due Feb. 1, 1926, bearing 6 per cent. interest.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Hudson
Mortgage Company
135 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
4½% Money on Bond and Mortgage
Also lends on undivided interests, buys and sells second mortgages, has money for building loans.
Organized Under Banking Laws

INVESTORS, ATTENTION.
1st interest on mortgage loans. Principal and interest guaranteed. Title insured by Westchester and Bronx Title and Mortgage Guarantee Co. Send for booklet. 702 Home Trust Bldg., 44 Nassau St. For particulars, Peare & Walker, 149 Fifth Ave., cor. E. 21st, City.

Bronx.

Simon Adler has sold to the Troing Construction Company five lots on the westerly side of Crotona Avenue, 90 feet north of 180th Street.

M. Smoleroff has purchased from the East 167th Street Realty Company, for $45,000, the five-story four-family flat 942 East 167th Street, on plot 37.6 by 100, between Southern Boulevard and Simpson Street. The sellers recently disposed of 946, adjoining, to Charles Baumohl.

Morris Steinheimer has purchased from the Freidmath Construction Company the five-story apartment house, 1,100 West Farms Road, on a plot 50.3 by 96 by irregular. In exchange Mr. Steinheimer gives the plot 55 by 100 on the west side of Broadway, 240 feet south of 125th Street.

Brooklyn.

The Kings and Westchester Land Company has sold to Robert H. Archbold, formerly of Rochester, N. Y., one of their Florentine group of Kinko-Duplex houses, 232 Brooklyn Avenue.

Edward Bull has sold for Bruce R. Duncan a plot 50 by 100 feet on the westerly side of East Nineteenth Street, 100 feet north of Avenue K, to a client for a home site, and for George Jantzer a plot 69 by 151.6, on the westerly side of Ocean Avenue, 200 feet south of Avenue O, to James E. Burke, for immediate improvement.

George E. Lovett & Co. have sold 545, 547, and 549 Carlton Avenue and 975 Dean Street, four four-story brick apartment properties, on a plot 100 by 100, and also 151 Congress Street, between Henry and Clinton Streets, a four-story and basement brownstone residence on lot 22.6 by 100, for the estate of N. A. H. Putnam to Elizabeth Waring for occupancy.

Suburban Sales.

The Lewis H. May Company has sold for Jennie S. Simon two cottages at 10 and 12 Jerome Avenue, Arverne, L. I., to Benjamin Blum of Rockville Centre, L. I. Negotiations are pending for the resale of No. 12.

Steven B. Ayres and P. S. Brower have sold Mrs. C. R. S. Schultz's country estate near Summit, N. J., to Ralph B. Peck of the firm of Greenhut & Co. The purchase price was about $50,000. The estate consists of a stone residence and twenty acres of land, located in the Murray Hill section. The purchaser intends to make numerous improvements and changes in both the house and grounds.

Mrs. Sarah S. Hyatt has sold to Thomas Healy 122 South Lexington Avenue, White Plains, having a frontage of 50 feet and a depth of 220 feet. Mr. Healy will erect a three-story brick building, with stores on the street floor and apartments above.

Recent Buyer.

Adeline Molyneaux is the buyer of the four-story dwelling 238 West Fifty-second Street, on a lot 20 by 100.

Restaurant for Times Square.

Another restaurant is to be established in the Times Square section by Bielit & Co., who have leased from Charles J. Follmer the four-story brownstone house 118 West Forty-third Street, adjoining the Elks' Club, for a term of ten years. J. Arthur Fischer and George D. Waring negotiated the lease.

New West Side Hotel.

Messrs. Rouse & Goldstone have filed plans for a new twelve-story hotel building, to be erected at 149 and 151 West Forty-fifth Street for the George Backer Construction Company. The façade is in the pure Italian Renaissance style, with heavily rusticated limestone for three stories and ornamental tapestry-face brick and terra cotta above.

The building is laid out with twelve bedrooms and twelve baths on each floor, with a large palm garden, grill, and lounging room on the first floor. The cost is estimated at $275,000.

Leases.

William H. Whiting & Co. have leased for a term of years for the Blum & Koch Realty Company the entire second floor of the building on the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street to the Tuttle & Bailey Manufacturing Company.

Martin & Martin, dealers in leather goods, have leased for a term of twenty-one years the five-story building at the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Thirty-third Street from Harrison Y. Dyer and Perle N. Knoss. Plans were filed for making alterations to the building to cost $18,000.

Harvey N. Bloomer has leased the double store at 215 West 125th Street for the Hamilton Building Realty Company to Rose & Leavy; also, 513 Fifth Avenue for the Astor estate to the Persia and American Rug Company, and a store at 632 Broadway to the Mexican Textile Company.

Pease & Elliman have rented for Dr. J. Herbert Claiborne his house on Oak Street, Woodmere, L. I., to Thomas S. Adams, for his all-the-year residence.

William Fanning was the broker in the long lease just closed on the property 45, 47, 49, and 51 Avenue B, between Third and Fourth Streets, old three-story buildings. This property is owned by Miss Annie Abey and others, and has been in the family since 1838. The lease is for twenty-one years, and with the understanding that the lessees make extensive alterations, which are to be commenced in the early Spring. The aggregate rental is about $120,000 net.

Notes.

Slawson & Hobbs were the brokers in the sale of 491 Columbus Avenue.

Daniel Moynahan, Collector of Assessments and Arrears, announces that the sale of the liens for the unpaid taxes, assessments, and water rents as to liens remaining unsold at the termination of sales on July 27, Aug. 3 and 24, Sept. 7 and 21, Oct. 5 and 19, Nov. 2, 16, and 30, Dec. 14 and 28, 1910, and on Jan. 11 and 25, has been continued to Feb. 8. When it will be held at 2 o'clock in the afternoon in Room 2 in the Borough Hall of Brooklyn.

Pease & Elliman have been appointed agents of the twelve-story fireproof store and loft building at the northeast corner of Thirty-first Street and Madison Avenue, erected by the Labaren Land Holding Company, fronting 74 feet on Madison Avenue and 52 feet on Thirty-first Street.

Alexander J. Roux & Co. have leased for the Robert Burns Realty Company about 12,000 feet of space in the building 148 to 156 West Twenty-third Street to Lazell, Dalley & Co., perfumers, and have also leased the store and basement on the southeast corner of Broome and Lafayette Streets for the Trenkmann estate to the C. B. Willert Paper Company, for a term of years.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

William St, 80 and 82, s e s, block front between Liberty St and Maiden Lane, 72.8x25.7x61.11x32.7, thirteen-story office and store building; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, A. B. Wolfe, $251,000.

By Daniel Greenwald.

Barry St, n w corner of Longwood Av, 65.2x20.2x53.11x20.2, two-story dwelling and store; Sheriff's sale of all right, &c, which M. A. Downey had on Nov. 11, 1910; adjourned to Feb. 10.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

65th St, s s, 125 ft e of 7th Av, for a twelve-story brick hotel, 56x103.2; George Backer Construction Co., 1,182 Broadway; owner W. L. Stoses and L. A. Goldstone, architects; cost, $275,000.

Delancey Place, s e, 213 ft s of Morris Park Av, for a one-story brick factory, 50x70; Mary Curti, 2,536 Cambreling Av, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, architect; cost, $8,000.

Villa Av, e s, 796.5 ft s of Van Cortlandt Av, for a one-story brick stable, 25x15; Filomena Buffano, 3,176 Villa Av, owner; Charles S. Clark, architect; cost, $350.

Southern Boulevard, s e, 115 ft n of 167th St, for a two-story brick garage, 50x98; James C. Gaffney, 1,143 Tiffany St, owner; Robert E. La Velle, architect; cost, $7,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, JAN. 27.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted, address party of the second part.

TIFFANY ST, w s, at s e s of 167th St, 94.5x69.1; William E. Greene to Jane Kitchen, 2,069 Bronxdale Av, (mtg $58,129,) Nov. 30.....$100

PARK ROW, 160 and 162, n w s, 22x120; Warren B. Sillcocks and others to Sillcocks Realty Co., 165 Broadway, (mtg $20,000,) Jan. 20.....$100

PINEHURST AV, w s, from 179th to 180th Sts, 200x812.10; Jacob Hirsch to Rountree Realty Construction Co., 600 5th Av., Brooklyn, (mtg $46,000,) Jan. 26; attorney, M. Stern, 64 Wall St.....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 250 ft s of Jennings St, 25x100; Southern Boulevard, w s, 222.4 ft n of Williams Place, 126x130; Norman Lederer to Lederer Construction Co., 1,800 Broadway, Jan. 25; attorney, I. E. Schlesinger, 150 Nassau St.....$100

8TH AV, 12, e s, 24.3x100; Francis S. Hoof to 12th Ward Bank, 147 East 125th St, (mtg $146,706,) Jan. 25; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....

SAME PROPERTY; 12th Ward Bank to Waverley Realty Co., 51 Chambers St, (mtg $125,000,) Jan. 26; same attorney.....$100

27TH ST, 212 and 214 West, s s, 51.6x98.9; Frederic C. Scofield to John A. Farrell, 301 West 28th St, Aug. 1; attorney, F. C. Scofield, 15 Wall St.....$1

11TH ST, n s, 130.10 ft w of Waverley Place, 20.4x irregular; Charles L. Hofman, referee, to Abram L. Cross, at Montclair, N. J., Jan. 23.....$7,700

BROADWAY, s w corner of 153st St, 153.2x218.5; Holyrood Church to Alexander Grant Construction Co., 701 West 178th St, Jan. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

40TH ST, 336 East, s e s, 25x98.9; Ricardo Realty Co. to Pauline Miller, 1,126 Union Av, (mtg $22,000,) Jan. 26; attorney, F. Cohn, 19 Avenue A.....$1

171st St, 405 East, s s, 16x100; Jacob Tannenbaum to Max Tenenbaum, 56 Orchard St, (mtg $5,275,) Jan. 24; attorney, M. R. Shutkin, 87 Nassau St.....$100

SIMPSON ST, 1,210, e s, 22x100; H. & H. Schmidt Construction Co. to Johanna Schmidt, 1,208 Simpson St, (mtg $30,000,) Jan. 26; attorney, Julius Miller, 42 Broadway.....$100

136TH ST, 442 and 444 East, s s, 50x100; Annie Schmidt to Johanna Schmidt, 1,208 Simpson St, ½ part, (mtg $20,000,) Jan. 26; attorney, Julius Miller, 42 Broadway.....$100

122D ST, 174 East, s s, 26x75.1; Marcus L. Oak and others to George W. Brettell, 29 Meadow Lane, New Rochelle, N. Y., June 29; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

167TH ST, 942 East, s s, 47.6x100; East 167th Street Realty Co to Mitchell Smoleroff, 141 East 114th St, (mtg $35,000,) Jan. 26; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

157TH ST, s s, 50 ft e of Hughes Av, 25x100; Russo-Barba Realty Co to Premiano Fiscella, 229 Mott St, (mtg $10,000,) Jan. 26; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

DRIVEWAY, e s of road from Westchester to Eastchester, 307.7x202.10; Drive e l, 397.7 ft e of road as above, 253.3x179; road from Eastchester to Westchester, s e s, 285 ft n of c l of Grove St, 350.6x363; Robert Davis to Orlando Mojame, ½ part; (mtg $316,000,) dated June 12, 1906; attorney, S. T. Steers, 41 Park Row.....$100

LEONARD ST, 149 to 153, n s, 66.5x irregular; Leonard St, 143 to 145, n e corner of Centre St, 75x76; Leonard St, 141, n e, 22.11x101; Hy. Seligsberg & Sergent & Co., 94 Centre St, Dec. 19; attorneys, Phillips & Avary, 41 Park Row.....$1

LOTS 76 to 78, map of Ryer homestead, Bronx; Lots 205 and 206, map of Union Hill, Powell farm; Henry W. Baker to Edward W. Baker, 1,410 McCulloh St, Baltimore, Md., and another, quitclaim, Jan. 21; attorney, R. M. Bruns, 20 Broad St.....$510

LOT 175, map of 370 lots McGraw estate, Van Nest; Cottage Grove Av, e s, 421.5 ft from Morrison Av, 25x110, being Lot 24, map John S. Mapes, Van Nest; Thomas A. Walls, heir, &c., Cath. Walls, to Teresa C. Sassidy, 209 Skillman St, Brooklyn, and Martha E., Annie D., Catherine F., Edward J., and Andrew A. Walls; all at 1,330 White Plains Road, heirs, &c., of Catherine Walls, C A G, Jan. 26; attorney, James A. Goggin, 280 Broadway.....$1

32D ST, 338 East, 16x98.9; Margaret T. Johnston to Hy. H. Jackson, 63 East 92d St, (mtg $7,500,) C A G, Jan. 17; attorney, Stephen H. Jackson, 106 Lexington Av.....$100

MOTT, or Stryker's Lane, bounded e by line 225 ft w of Broadway, n by c l of said lane, s by s s of lane, and w by e s of West End Av; Barn C. McDowell to George T. Jackson, 692 West End Av, quitclaim, Jan. 24; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$1

SOUTH, ½ of old lane, between 93d St and 94th St and 100 ft e of West End Av, —; James B. Lawsbn, et al, executors, &c., Jacob Lawson, to George T. Jackson, 692 West End Av, all title, July 5, 1910; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway.....$100

WEBSTER AV, 3,553, e s, 15.8x82.8x57.11x74.3; same to same, (mtg $6,000,) Jan. 26; attorney, same.....$100

147TH ST, 417 West, n s, 14.9x90.11; Alto Denecke, 47 West 147th St, to Caroline M. Denecke, (mtgs $10,000,) Jan. 24; attorney, J. Ward Follette, 27 William St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Caroline M. Denecke to Isaac Hoffman, 70 Fairacliff Manor, N. Y., (mtgs $10,000,) Jan. 24; attorney, same.$1

MORRIS AV, w s, 190.6 ft n of 164th St, 24.6x105; Emily Schaeffler, widow, to Abram Aaronson, 735 East 166th St, (mtg $3,500, Jan. 26; attorney, Henry A. Eberhardt, 20 Broad St.....$100

GRANT AV, w s, 256.6 ft n of 166th St, 156.9 to s s, McClellan St, x190; 101st Street Company to Central Realty Company, 103 Park Av, (mtg $17,000,) C A G, Jan. 17; attorneys, Weschler & Rothschild, 135 Broadway.....$1

108TH ST, n s, 360 ft e of 8d Av, 25x100.11; Max M. Brown to Bertha Pollach, 353 Rockaway Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $12,000,) Jan. 21.....$1

101ST ST, 188, s s, 220 ft e of Lexington Av, 25x100.11; 101st St, 190, s s, 245 ft e of Lexington Av, 25x100.11; 101st St, 192, s s, 270 ft e of Lexington Av, 25x100; Nora Sobrero, Jan. 18, 1911; Irving S. Dorf, referee, to Julius Levy, 1,108 1st Av, Jan. 26; attorneys, Cooper & Baer, 20 Vesey St.....$6,500

8TH AV, 2,075, w s, 23.2x100; Hiram Arahams and Nathaniel A. Brownell, 119 East 112th St, and Lillian C. Riedel, 24 West 93d St, (mtgs $37,000,) Jan. 26; attorney, Louis J. Hamel, 258 Broadway.....$100

MADISON AV, n w corner of 124th St, 100.11x 99; Myron L. Oppenheim to De Peyster Realty Co., 135 Front St, all liens, Jan. 26.....$1

JENNINGS ST, n s, 109 ft w of Stebbins Av, 16.7x100; John T. Nolan to Edward E. Janes, 577 West 149th St, Jan. 26; attorney, Robert H. Bergman, 3,219 3d Av.....$100

SIMPSON ST, 1,200 to 1,205, e s, corner of Home St, 97.11x46.11x92.2x80.8; H. & H. Schmidt Construction Co. to Annie Schmidt, 442 East 136th St, (mtg $45,000,) Jan. 26, attorney, George Ludwig, 131 3d Av.....$100

CAULDWELL AV, land lying between w s and centre line of said avenue and in front of land owned by party of second part; Frank B. Lown and others, executors, heirs, &c., of J. S. Shaw, to Mary A. Dietsch, 762 Bergen Av, Jan. 25.....$150

TRINITY AV, 706, e s, 25x82.9; David Bernstein, 706 Trinity Av, to Arthur Bernstein, same address, (mtg $6,000,) Jan. 26; attorney, Alfred J. Wolff, 115 Broadway.....$100

CAULDWELL AV, 691, w s, 16.5x115; Moilie Melnik to Darius V. Moses, 347 West 71st St, Jan. 25, (mtg $6,500;) attorney, A. M. Simon, 141 Broadway.....$1

136TH ST, 155 West, s s, 25.6x100.11; Foreclosure Dec. 2, 1910; Francis S. McAvoy, referee, to Mary Dux, 772 9th Av, all liens, (mtg $28,000;) attorneys, Sondheim & E., 51 Chambers St.....$7,000

3D AV, 2,167, e s, 174 ft n of Avenue C, 25x80; Unionport, (foreclosure, Jan. 3, 1911;) Henry N. Steinert, referee, to Henry S. Briggs, 2,138 Gleason Av, Jan. 2; attorney, Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St, (over and above a mtg of $480).....$2,600

BROOME ST, 597, e s, 21x88, with rights to alley, &c., (foreclosure, Dec. 28, 1910;) Adam Wiener, referee, to Max Keve, 827 Lafayette Av, Brooklyn.....$4,200

WEST BROADWAY, s e corner of 9d St, 20x 209.6x irregular, (foreclosure, Jan. 23, 1911;) Bertram L. Kraus, referee, to Louis A. London, 215 West 101st St, (mtg $150,000.) Jan. 26; attorney, Milton Mayer, 52 William St.....$6,000

ELLIOTT AV, Lot 7, and part of Lot 6, map of Schuylerville, 80x250.5x50x246; road from Westchester to Fort Schuyler, n s s, at land of P. Gibbon, being part of Lots 2 to 5, same map, 183.5x84.4x irregular; Elliott Av, e s, 180.5 ft n e of road from Westchester to Fort Schuyler, 213.5x84.4x irregular; Margaret J. Uebel to Bernard Zabrousky, 16 North 10th Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., (mtg $400, and all liens,) Alvah D. & S., Jan. 24; attorneys, Bernstein & Quinn, Mount Vernon, N. Y.....$2,500

TWO STONE WALLS, begin 150 ft from a s e of road from Henderson Coern to the New Dock-new road, 30x100x irregular, Throgg's Neck; Margaret J. Uebel to Joseph Billett, 25 South Railroad Av, Mount Vernon, all title B. & S., all liens; attorneys, same.....$500

CATHARINE, 31.2D, 17 to 25, s s, 99.2x41.6x99.2x49.11, Martin Carime to Minnie Carone, 16 Cherry St, ½ part, (mtg $36,500.) Nov. 4.....$1

20TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of 6th Av, 50x81.1; Helen E. Moulton to Arthur W. Sanders, Quitclaim, Aug. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

RAILROAD AV, (old,) w s, at s s of Lot 38, Map 141, William H. Morris at Melrose, &c., a strip 23.4x4.7; William Monks and others, heirs of Emily Monks, to Carrie R., Alice A., and Julia L. Stumpf, all of 3,108 Park Av, Jan. 25; attorney, same.....$200

WASHINGTON AV, 1,186 and 1,188, e s, 50x 137, except part for avenue; Nicola Cavallere and others to Venice Realty Co., 659 East 188th St, (mtg $7,000,) Jan. 24; attorney, same.....$22,000

116TH ST, 136 West, 23.8x100.11; Mary Dux to Sarah Goldberg, 167 Stockton St, Brooklyn, (mtg $28,000,) Jan. 27; attorney, George H. Hyde, 41 Park Row.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Sarah Goldberg to Jennie H. Morrison, 327 West 112th St, (mtg $25,000,) Jan. 27; attorney, Ira J. Ettinger, 51 Chambers St.....$1

118TH ST, 26 West, s s, 25x100.11; Julius Littwak to Herman Weiss, 186 Reid Av., Brooklyn, (mtgs $50,000,) and all liens, Jan. 27; attorney, Jasnb A. Wolf, 170 Broadway.$300

SAME PROPERTY; Herman Weiss to Rose Rothschild, 672 St. Nicholas Av, Jan. 27; (mtgs $30,000,) and all liens; attorney, same.....$100

WALKER ST, 87, s s, 24x93; Colonial Real Estate Association to Earl G. Pier, 723 24 Av, Jan. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co.$1

SAME PROPERTY; Earl G. Pier to Francis Speir, 276 Ridgewood Road, South Orange, N. J., (mtg $43,500,) Jan. 27; attorney, same.....$1

122D ST, 273, n s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 20x100.11; 122d St, 271, n s, 120 ft e of 8th Av, 20x100.11; 122d St, 269, n s, 140 ft e of 8th Av, 20x100.11; Aaron Coleman to Mary Reiser, 527 East 148th St, (mtgs $37,500,) Jan. 24; attorneys, Cooper & Baer, 20 Vesey St.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Mary Reiser to Aaron Coleman, 50 West 65th St, Jan. 24, (mtgs $55,000;) attorneys, same.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Aaron Coleman to George W. Eccles, 278 Bedford Av, Flushing, Borough of Queens, Jan. 24; attorney, Theodore T. Lane, 146 Broadway.....$100

CROTONA AV, n w s, Lot 110, map of Belmont Village, 150x112x181x138, except part on avenue; Simon Adler to Irving Construction Co., 535 Tremont Av, (mtgs $16,000,) Jan. 26; attorney, Frederick Eder, 150 Nassau St.....$100

ED. AV, e s, corner of 64th St, 100.8x150; Jane Sanders and others to John H. Bodine, 201 East 70th St, all liens, Jan. 6; attorneys, Arnstein, Levy & Pfeiffer, 128 Broadway.$100

31ST ST, 254 West, n s, 20x98.9; George W. Eccles to Aaron Coleman, 50 West 65th St, (mtg $30,000, Jan. 23; attorneys, Cooper & Baer, 20 Vesey St.....$100

MANIDA ST, w s, 325 ft s of Spofford Av, 25x100; Henry Sternkopf to Emelia Graever, 414 East 173d St, (mtg $5,700,) Jan. 27; attorneys, Sulzan, 96 Nassau St.....$100

HAMILTON PLACE, 54, n w s, 17.8x21.8x13.4x 68.7; Mary A. Mahon to N. U. Company, on premises, (mtg $10,000,) and all liens, Jan. 21; attorney, John C. Gulick, 132 Nassau St.....$100

MADISON AV, w s, 84.8 ft n of 93d St, 16x 87.9; Nellie Shulman to Samson Mayer, 115 East 80th St, (mtg $10,000,) B. & S., Jan. 23; attorney, W. E. Sammis, 1 Liberty St.....

Omitted

187TH ST, n s, 207.9 ft e of Morris Av, 37.6x 117x37.6x117.1; Marx Cohen to Myer Cohen, 25 St. Nicholas Av., all liens, Jan. 23; attorneys, Feltenstein & Rosenstein, 309 Broadway.$100

179TH ST, 640 to 662, e s, 137.6 ft w of Walworth Av, 37.6x100; Mary Cohen to Myer Cohen, all liens, Jan. 23; attorneys, same.....$100

53D ST, s s, 65.6 ft e of 6th Av, 20x100.5; Abram D. Gillette and others to Frank E. McGovern, 1,630 East 16th St, Brooklyn, quitclaim, Jan. 11; attorneys, Rasquin & Rasquin, 141 Broadway.....$1

40TH ST, s s, 337.6 ft w of 5th Av, 22.6x98.9; same to same, Jan. 11; attorneys, same.....$1

222D ST, 143 West, n s, 25x100.11; same to same, quitclaim, Jan. 11; attorneys, same.....$1

CANNON ST, 86, e s, 23x100; Barnet Fischer and Clara, his wife, to Clara Fischer, 222 Broome St, (mtg $35,000,) and all liens, Jan. 20.....$100

139TH ST, 153 West, s s, 18.9x99.11; John T. Aiwaise to James J. Wilson, 288 St. Nicholas Av, Jan. 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Aaron Coleman to George W. Eccles, 278 Bedford Av, Flushing, Borough of Queens, Jan. 24; attorney, Theodore T. Lane, 146 Broadway.....$100

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139TH ST, 153 West, s s, 18.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Great Neck, Long Island

I have just completed a handsome nine-room country house which circumstances prohibit my occupying; will sell at actual cost or rent, not including elegant electric light fixtures now installed. House located on large corner plot; finished in white stucco with Spanish tile roof; hardwood trim; tastefully planned with fine closet room. A good opportunity to obtain a gentleman's country residence at low price.

H. 690 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

I have large plot of ground, suitable small truck and chicken farm, in rising village of 2,069 inhabitants, only 30 minutes to city; need cash; will take $100 down, balance small instalments; title insured; contains 14 lots; fine investment; double your money; rise in value. Address Cash, Box 291 Times Downtown.

Choice building plot, 110x150 feet, Brightwaters, Bay Shore, new lake section, at sacrifice; must have ready cash. S 169 Times.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Would like to rent a private house on west side for own family which is vacant, for sale, or to let; willing to pay $50 monthly rent; take good care of it; will show at any time; will move at 90 days' notice; owned lot of real estate personally, but met with reverses; A1 reference; I am in my own business over twenty years. T 6 Times.

Wanted—Between Greenwich and New Rochelle, a furnished house (small family) for the season; about 8 to 12 rooms, 2 to 3 baths; not less than two acres of ground and more if possible; write full particulars and rental figures. Address Post Office Drawer R, Greenwich, Conn.

Plot, with building loan, law section, not over 50 feet. Builder, 1,418 5th Av.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY TO EXCHANGE

Builder will exchange two 4 story double flats, best section Brooklyn, adjoining 4th Av. Subway, all rented, for good building lots or residence. LEVY BROS., 5 Beekman, Manhattan.

What have you in lots and farms to exchange for one or two family brick houses, four-story double flats? Mail your offer A. Schmitt, 514 Hart St., Brooklyn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

LARGE, LIGHT LOFTS,
remodelled and renovated throughout; elevator service; steam heat and electric light.
25 PARK PLACE
through to 22 Murray St.
bet. Broadway and Church St.
OWNER, ROOM 1,616, 135 BROADWAY, or your broker.

ST. PAUL BUILDING,
BROADWAY & ANN ST.
A FEW OFFICES FOR RENT.
Most prominent and accessible office room on Broadway; best elevator service in the city; law library and board room free to tenants.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN, Agent,
on the premises, 2 Pine St., & 533 5th Ave., cor. 44th St.

31 WEST 34x90 LOFTS 31 St.
Ask Your Broker. 2 Elevators.

Loft Building Inducement
114-120 West 26th St.
Only two lofts left in new building; size 24x100; near 5th Av.; building occupied by good tenants; loft above store has large show windows; suitable for any business. Concessions to right party. Address CRITERION CONSTRUCTION CO., 429 Sixth Av., City.

STOP LOOK LISTEN
WE HAVE IT. ANY SIZE.
West Side Business Properties, from a Stable to a Warehouse, Stores, Lofts, or Entire Buildings, or will build to suit. Brokers protected.
JAMES N. WELLS' SONS,
(Near 72d St.) 192 9th Ave.

LARGE CORNER LOFT FOR RENT
ALSO STORE
9th Ave., south of 53d Street.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN,
9 Pine St. & 533 5th Ave., cor. 44th St.

LARGE STORE AND BASEMENT
ON LIBERTY ST. Near BROADWAY.
About 10,000 feet. Very low rent.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN,
9 Pine St. & 533 5th Ave., cor. 44th St.

FOR RENT—Desirable furnished or unfurnished offices at 17 West 42d St., including service of private branch telephone and of mailing and messenger clerk. Inquire Room 604, or by telephone, 160 Bryant.

LOFT TO LET,
100x100, light on four sides; elevator and steam heat; reasonable rent; at 615 West 26th.

Factory floor, basement; suitable restaurant, other business; fine location. 141 West 42d, near Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.
NEW BUILDING
READY FOR IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY
1 & 2 ROOMS
With Bath and Kitchenette
THE CAMBRIA
347-355 W. 55th St.
Between 8th and 9th Aves.
EIGHT-STORY HIGH-CLASS FIREPROOF BUILDING
EXTRA LARGE ROOMS
EXCEPTIONAL CLOSET SPACE
1-Room Apartments, $40.00
2-Room Apartments, $52.50 to $67.50
PER MONTH
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

THE AYLESMERE,
60 West 76th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators, night and day passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; $900 to $1,100. SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

WASHINGTON,
818-822 West 51st. Attractive apartment, 6 large, light rooms; all improvements. Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 430 5th Av.

Desirable apartment, 5 rooms, southern exposure; rental, $58. E. Richards, 13 West 8th St.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.
KEMP-JONES APARTMENTS
2-3-4-5-6 Rooms, $22-$46.
HIGH CLASS; EVERY IMPROVEMENT.
Plenty steam heat; private telephones; electric light. Near West Side "L." 155th St. Station. Office: Union Av., cor. 163d. Tel.: 397 Melrose.

515 & 523 W. 122nd St
Elevator apartments, 4, 5, 6 and 10 rooms and bath. All modern improvements.

126th St., 327-329 West, near Broadway, (Columbia College and Horace Mann School.)—Up-to-date apartments, 4 rooms, bath; steam, elevator, telephone; $30 to $32.

A few desirable suites of 3 and 4 rooms, with bath, furnished or unfurnished, in high-class apartment house. Schuyler Arms, 347 West 86th St.

East Side.
78TH ST., 346 EAST.
Bright flat, 7 large, light rooms and bath; hot water supply; $38.

103D ST., 174 EAST.—Five rooms and bath; hot water supply; rents $30 and $32.

Bronx.
LOOK AND CONVINCE YOURSELF.
4-5-6 elegantly finished rooms with conveniences of desired exact. Seldom offered. Recently improvements; excellent location; accessible to L. and Subway; three minutes' walk to Public and Morris High Schools.
Rents and over $300.00.
405-407-409 TINTON AVE.,
2 doors south of 156th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Fifth Avenue Apartment
4 Rooms and 2 Baths
Handsomely furnished. All improvements.
EDGAR & CURTIS, 31 Nassau St.

FURNISHED BACHELOR APARTMENT.
2 rooms and bath; situated on West 29th St., between Broadway and 6th Av.; elevator; rent reasonable. Lee, 804 Broadway.

Near Central Park and Columbus Circle—Suite three light front rooms, southern bow window exposure; comfortably furnished; bath adjoining; steam heat, hot water; $40 monthly. Homelike, 1,771 Broadway.

APARTMENT.—Six rooms, bath, elevator, telephone, electricity, complete; reasonable; references. Meyers, 504 West 122d St.

85D ST., 309 WEST.—Seven light, sunny rooms; improvements complete; fine furnishings; would sell.

Carlyle—Large, elegantly kept rooms; parlor, bedroom, bath; $30-$50 monthly. 22 West 30th St.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED

Wanted—A furnished, housekeeping apartment for three months ended May 1 or 15; references given and utmost care; price not to exceed $60 a month; in consideration of this low rent only being possible to pay I offer to pay in advance the rent in full. Address C. S. Lowell, 11 West Cedar St., Boston, Mass.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 MONTHS FOR $5.00
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REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—CATHARINE E. WEBER, Plaintiff, against ABRAHAM RUKOFSKY et al., Defendants.

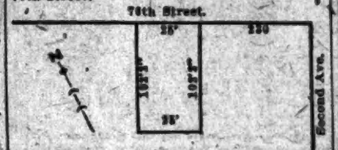
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 13th day of January, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of February, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Charles A. Berrian, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

"All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

"Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 76th Street, distant two hundred and fifty (250) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of 76th Street with the westerly side of Second Avenue; running thence southerly, parallel with Second Avenue, one hundred and two feet and two inches (102' 2"); thence westerly, parallel with 76th Street, twenty-five (25) feet; thence northerly parallel with Second Avenue, one hundred and two feet and two inches (102' 2") to the southerly side of 76th Street, and thence easterly along the southerly side of 76th Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being known by the street number 236 East 76th Street."

Dated New York, January 14, 1911.
JAMES KEARNEY, Referee.
FORSTER, HOTALING & KLENKE, Attorneys for Plaintiff. Office and P. O. Address 59 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 236 East 76th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is Fifteen thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine and 22-100 Dollars, with interest thereon from the 5th day of January, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to Four hundred and eighty-seven and 86-100 Dollars, with interest from January 12, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is Seven hundred and ninety-six and 86-100 Dollars and interest, and charge for water as shown by meter since July 29, 1910. The premises are sold subject to any state of facts an accurate survey may show.

Dated New York, January 14, 1911.
JAMES KEARNEY, Referee.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—CATHARINE E. WEBER, Plaintiff, against REUBEN MIRSKY et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 12th day of January, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of February, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Charles A. Berrian, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

"All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

"Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 76th Street, distant two hundred and fifty (250) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of 76th Street with the westerly side of Second Avenue; running thence southerly, parallel with Second Avenue, one hundred and two feet and two inches (102' 2"); thence westerly, parallel with 76th Street, twenty-five (25) feet; thence northerly parallel with Second Avenue, and part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred and two feet and two inches (102' 2") to the southerly side of 76th Street, and thence easterly along the southerly side of 76th Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being known by the street number 238 East 76th Street."

Dated New York, January 14, 1911.
JAMES KEARNEY, Referee.
FORSTER, HOTALING & KLENKE, Attorneys for Plaintiff. Office and P. O. Address 59 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 238 East 76th Street:

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is Fifteen thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine and 22-100 Dollars, with interest thereon from the 5th day of January, 1911, together with the costs and allowance, amounting to Five hundred and eight and 19-100 Dollars, with interest from the 11th day of January, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is Seven hundred and sixteen and 33-100 Dollars and interest. The premises are sold subject to any state of facts an accurate survey may show.

Dated New York, January 14, 1911.
JAMES KEARNEY, Referee.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
BANKING DEPARTMENT.
NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE NORTHERN BANK OF NEW YORK, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 49 of the Banking Law of the State of New York, being Chapter 2 of the consolidated laws as amended by Chapter 432 of the Laws of 1910, notice is hereby given to all persons who may have claims against the Northern Bank of New York, of New York, N. Y., to present the same to the undersigned, Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, and make legal proof thereof at the office of the Northern Bank of New York, No. 215 West 125th Street, New York, N. Y., on or before April 1st, 1911.

O. H. CHENEY,
Superintendent of Banks.
Dated December 28th, 1910.

WINTER RESORTS.
2 times per line, 5c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.00. 26 times, consecutively or every other day, $3.00

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

WINTER RESORTS.
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NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY
NEW JERSEY
There is a wealth of pleasure in this famous resort, with its delightful hotel entertainments, fine roads for automobiling, and the hospitable Country Club. Leading hotels always open.
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GALEN HALL — HADDON HALL

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Kirkwood
SouthCarolina's
Famous Resort
Long Leaf Pine Belt
T. Edmund Krumbhaar
Camden, S. C.

HOTEL HOLMHURST
Atlantic City, N. J.
Pennsylvania Ave., two minutes from Boardwalk and Steel Pier; unobstructed ocean view; private baths; hot and cold running water in bedrooms; elevator to street level; open all year; write for literature and special weekly rates for February.
HENRY DARNELL, Owner & Proprietor.

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On ocean front. Always open.
Hot and cold sea baths.
Bedrooms with running water.
Special Winter rates.
A. S. Rukeyser, Mgr. Joel Hillman, Pres.

HOTEL WESTMONT
Ocean and Rhode Island Avenue. Splendid table and service. Special rate for the Winter, $12.50, $15 per week, without bath; $15 to $25 per week, with bath. Sea water and other baths. Booklet. W. H. Moore, Manager.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Ave. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator; porches, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly. $2.50 up daily. Booklet.
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HOTEL MONTICELLO
A Hotel of Refinement and Homelike Comfort
Atlantic City, N. J. 225 rooms, 90 with bath. Every comfort. Excellent table. Splendid location. $3 up. Daily. Am. Plan. Spl. Weekly rates. Write for booklet.

SEASIDE HOUSE
DIRECTLY ON THE OCEAN FRONT
Sea Water Baths. Open all the year.
F. P. COOK'S SONS.

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DECEMBER AND JANUARY RATES IN FORCE.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

MANHEIM AND RYANHURST.
Housekeeping apartments, choice location, overlooking ocean; beautifully furnished; concession for Spring months. Apply No. 4 Arcade, Pennsylvania Terminal. Owner, John Ryan.

Ask Mr. Foster | Free Information, Flat-iron Building Arcade.

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THE HAMILTON
16th and K Sts., N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
A select family and transient hotel; conveniently located; thoroughly comfortable and homelike. Good table. American plan. Rates $2.50 up per day. Special rates for a prolonged stay. Send for booklet. IRVING O. BALL, Prop.

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Bermuda *means the* **Hamilton Hotel**

Avoid the snow and cold of this winter, and bask under the summer skies of Bermuda. Live at the Hamilton Hotel and enjoy all the outdoor activities of the island. Here, also, are held the military balls and assemblies.
HAMILTON HOTEL CO., Ltd.
W. A. BARRON, Mgr., also Crawford House, White Mts., N. H. N. Y. Office 389 5th Ave.

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Sunnyside, Leesburg, Fla., on Lake Harris, centre of Orange belt. Fishing and gunning; newly renovated. Running water in rooms; baths. Moderate. Booklet. J. W. HURLEY.

WINTER TIME IS JUNE TIME
ON THE EAST COAST OF FLORIDA

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THE FINEST HOTEL OF BERLIN
HOME OF DISTINGUISHED AMERICANS
CONRAD UHL'S
HOTEL BRISTOL BERLIN
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Illustrated Tariff Booklet free
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from Town & Country Bureau
589 Fifth Avenue, New York.
Magnificent Apartments
Famous Restaurant
Superb suites with Bathrooms
Cuisine of the highest Order
ALL LATEST COMFORTS

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

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Special Reduced Rate Tours. All Rail. Strictly first-class service. Independent travel arrangements. All expenses. From N. Y. Jan. 31, Feb. 7, 14, 21, 28. Attractive 15-day outings, visiting the famous East Coast Winter Resorts. $105.00 to $125.00. Special conducted tour Feb. 28 to Florida. $125.00, and to Cuba, $147.00. Send for details of all trips to MARSTERS TOURS, 31 W. 34th St., N. Y. City.

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January and February, $65.50 and up.
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TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
Bob-sledding, skiing, snowshoeing—more health-giving fun than you've had since you were a lad.
Suppose you spend a vacation in the White Mountains or at Poland Spring, Me.? Ask the Fall River Line ticket man about it.
Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5.00 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.
Fare to Boston..... $3
Telephone 6121 Cortlandt for information.
City Ticket Office—171 Broadway.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

JAMAICA
The Gem of the Tropics
A delightful short conducted tour amid glorious Tropical scenery in an ideal Winter climate. From New York, February 4, by Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.'s S. S. "CLYDE."
17-DAY TOUR WITH 7 DAYS IN JAMAICA, $148
Including tickets, stateroom berth and meals, hotels, local excursions and other expenses. Other Tours Feb. 16, 25; March 9, 16.
70 Tours to Europe.
Many visit London for Coronation.
THOS. COOK & SON
300 Broadway, 264 and 543 Fifth Ave., 949 Madison Ave., New York.
Cooks' Travellers' Cheques Are Good All Over the World.

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Leave New York any Thursday on one of our new 5,000-ton steamers and reach Jamaica the following Tuesday morning—a five-day trip on a perfectly appointed steamer, with the glamour of the Tropics at the journey's end. Write for handsome illustrated booklet.

To Jamaica and Back, $85.50

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Or Any Authorized Tourist Agency.

LOWEST RATES BEST SERVICE TO BERMUDA
MOST BEAUTIFUL SPOT IN THE WORLD
ONE DAY (TWO NIGHTS) NEW YORK
FROM
BY THE MAGNIFICENT FAST MAIL
Twin Screw S. S. "Oceana"
SAILING EVERY THURSDAY AT 3 P. M.
14,000 Tons Displacement; 5,000 Tons Register; 535 feet long; 65 feet wide; over 300 staterooms, many with brass bedsteads; Six Suite-de-Luxe with private baths. Orchestra, Gymnasium, Marconi Wireless, Ritz-Carlton Cuisine, Submarine Signals. LARGEST, FASTEST & FINEST STEAMER. FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP FARE, $20 up
Including Stateroom Berth and Meals
A 1,000 MILE SUMMER SEA TRIP.
FINEST CUISINE ON THE ATLANTIC.
Tours at Lowest Rates, including Best Hotel Accommodations, Shore Excursions, Drives, &c. Booklet & Tickets of BERMUDA-ATLANTIC LINE, 290 B'way, N. Y. Phone, Worth 710.

OLD DOMINION LINE.
DAILY SERVICE.
Pier 26d Fulton St. Freeport. Piers at Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Virginia Beach, Ft. Monroe, Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 32, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M.
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ROUND TRIP.
Inclusive Tours at Moderate Rates.
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25 State Street, N. Y.

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†S.S. KAISERIN AUG. VIC. (25,000 TONS) Leaving New York Feb. 11, 10 A.M.

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THE VOYAGE OF DELIGHT

LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
‡PRES. GRANT.....Jan. 28, 9 A. M.
‡PENNSYLVANIA.....Feb. 8, 1 P. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC..Feb. 11, 10 A. M.
‡PRES. LINCOLN.....Feb. 18, 1 P. M.
‖Hamburg direct. ‡Hamburg via Cherbourg. *Second cabin only. †Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Elec. Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.

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GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES, GENOA
¶By new 17,000-ton steamers, equipped with all modern safety appliances. Electric Baths, Gymnasium, Elevator, etc.
18. S. CLEVELAND..Jan. 28, 11 A. M.
18. S. CINCINNATI..Feb. 14, March 28
18. S. BATAVIA.....March 2
§Naples and Genoa only.
Tourist Department for Trips Everywhere.

OCEAN CRUISES TO THE WEST INDIES

21 DAY CRUISES LEAVING NEW YORK **FEB. 21 and MARCH 18**
BY THE WELL-KNOWN **S. S. HAMBURG** (10,500 TONS.) CALLING AT
BERMUDA, ST. THOMAS, SAN JUAN, (PORTO RICO,) COLON, (Panama Canal,) Kingston, (Jamaica,) Santiago, Havana, (Cuba.) **$125** AND UP

28 DAY CRUISE LEAVING NEW YORK **FEBRUARY 25**
BY THE CRUISING **S. S. MOLTKE** (12,500 TONS,) CALLING AT
Havana, San Juan, Kingston, Colon (Panama Canal), La Guayra, Puerto Cabello, Port of Spain, La Brea, Bridgetown, Fort de France, St. Pierre, St. Thomas & Bermuda, **$150** AND UP

16 DAY SPRING CRUISE LEAVING NEW YORK **MARCH 28**
BY THE CRUISING **S. S. MOLTKE** Calling at HAVANA, ST. THOMAS, SAN JUAN, AND BERMUDA..... **$85** AND UP

24 AND 25 DAY CRUISES
To Jamaica, Hayti, Colon, (Panama Canal,) Costa Rica, Columbia, EVERY WEEK by the Well-Known "Prinz" Steamers..... ATLAS SERVICE $135, $140 and up.

TO HAVANA

$45 AND UP
By the large, luxurious twin-screw S. S. HAMBURG, 10,500 tons, 16 knots speed. Largest steamer in Cuban trade. From NEW YORK FEB. 8—From HAVANA FEB. 15.
Also by the S. S. Alsi and Alleghany, carrying only ONE CLASS of cabin passengers, offering excellent accommodations at a very moderate rate. Splendid opportunity of reaching Cuba economically..... $25
10 DAY TOUR $102.
Including 3 days hotel accommodations. Short delightful Sea Trip. Ample time for sightseeing. First-class throughout.
ALSO TWO GRAND CRUISES AROUND THE WORLD.
Send for Illustrated Booklet of all cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 BROADWAY, New York.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
The World's Largest and Finest Steamer, New S. S. OLYMPIC, (45,000 TONS) Sails June 28.
NEARBY SAILINGS: ENGLAND, IRELAND, THE CONTINENT

Laurentic (new) Jan. 28, 11:00 A. M. **Oceanic** Feb. 4, 10:00 A. M.
Minnetonka Jan. 28, 9:00 A. M. **Finland** Feb. 8, 10:00 A. M.
Vaderland Feb. 1, 10:00 A. M. **St. Paul** Feb. 11, 10.00 A. M.

American Line Pier 49 N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
*Oceanic....Feb. 4, 10 AM|*Adriatic..Feb. 18
St. Paul....Feb. 11, 10 AM|St. Louis..Feb. 25
*White Star Line Steamer, Pier 61, N. R.

White Star Line Piers 59 & 61 N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Oceanic.....Feb. 4, 10 AM|Adriatic..Feb. 18
†St. Paul...Feb. 11, 10 AM|†St. Louis.Feb. 25
†American Line Steamer from Pier 62 N. R.

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct Pier 58 N. R.
Min'tonka....Jan. 28 9 AM|Min'apolis.Feb. 18
Min'w'ska.Feb. 11, 9:30 AM|Min'haha..Feb. 25

Red Star Line Pier 59 N. R.
New York—Dover—Antwerp.
Vaderland....Feb. 1, 10 AM|Kroon'd.Feb. 11
Finland.....Feb. 8, 10 AM|Lap'd (n'w)Feb. 25

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Laur'ntic(nw).Jan.28,11AM|Laurentic.Feb. 25
Baltic.....Feb. 11, 11 AM|Baltic.....Mar. 11

New York and Boston to RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
The Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria.
*CEDRIC (21,035 tons).....Feb. 22, 2 PM
*CELTIC (20,904 tons).....Mar. 8, noon
Largest Steamers to the Mediterranean.
Romanic....Feb. 4, 2:30 P. M.; Mar. 18, noon
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY. (TEL. 2100 RECTOR.) AND PIER 62 N. R., (WEST 32D ST.) N. Y.

Leaves Mar. 4 When the Frost King Rules . . . Returns in the Balmy Springtime
Second Cruise to the West Indies, Venezuela and the Panama Canal
AMERICAN LINE **S.S. "New York"** Twin-Screw 10,500 Tons **Unsurpassed Equipment**
31 Days—$150 and Up
Shore Excursions Across Isthmus, Across Cuba, and Others.
Send for Program **Pleasure Cruise Department,** 9 Broadway, New York.

SIXTEEN DAYS OF SUNSHINE
SIXTEEN days of sunshine and soft sea air—a staunch ship for your home and just enough shore-going to give zest to the trip—that is the story of our Porto Rico Cruise. You leave New York any Saturday and reach San Juan in 4½ days. Thereafter the trip is continued, touching at principal ports with the ship as your hotel, not only at sea but while in port as well. That is why the rate of $110 for the entire cruise is so attractive. Send for booklet.

AGWI ATLANTIC, GULF & WEST INDIES STEAMSHIP LINES.
Clyde Line—Mallory Line—Porto Rico Line—Ward Line.

Porto Rico Sailings from Pier 35, Brooklyn, near Hamilton Av. Ferry, at 12 noon every Saturday. Steamers Carolina, Coamo and San Juan. Wireless and all modern equipment. Opportunity of seeing San Juan, Ponce, Mayaguez and famous Military Road under most favorable auspices.
Cruise NEW YORK & PORTO RICO S. S. CO., General Office, 12 Broadway, N. Y.
Cuba Sailings for Havana each Thur. and Sat., connecting for Santiago and other Cuban points.
Mexico Sailings each Thursday for Progreso and Vera Cruz, Fridays for Tampico, connecting for interior points.
Bahamas Weekly sailings. First cabin, $25 up. Send for booklet.
NEW YORK & CUBA MAIL S. S. CO., General Office, Pier 14, East River, New York.
Write for AGWI NEWS, a magazine describing the American Mediterranean.
CITY TICKET OFFICE, AGWI LINES, 290 BROADWAY, N. Y.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
S. S. Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm
Sails January 31 for London, Paris, Bremen
S. S. Koenig Albert
Sails February 4 for Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa

LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
TUESDAYS 10 A. M. Express Sailings.
Prinz F. Wm..Jan. 31
K'pins Wm..Feb. 14
G.Wash'n.Sat.Feb.25
Prinz F. Wm..Mar. 7
THURSDAYS 10 A. M. Twin-Screw and Fast Mail Sailings.
*Bleda ..Tues. Feb. 7
Minneap..Tues. Feb. 21
*Roon.....Mar. 7
*Bleda.....Mar. 16
*Bremen Direct.
GIBRALTAR—ALGIERS—NAPLES—GENOA
SATURDAYS, 11 A. M.
K. Albert.....Feb. 4 Fried'h der Gr..Feb. 25
Berlin.....Feb. 18 †Irene.....Mar. 4
†Omits Gibraltar.
Connections made for all Mediterranean, Black Sea and Far Eastern Ports. Wireless and Submarine Signals. Travelers' Checks Good All Over the World. Independent Around the World Trips. GELSENIGHS & CO., General Agents, 5 B'way, N. Y.

BRAZIL
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
and All Argentine Ports.
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
16 DAYS TO RIO JANEIRO
20 DAYS TO BUENOS AYRES.
Pier 10, cor. foot of Beach St., or
RUSS & DANIELS, General Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Caledonia...Feb. 4, 11 AM|Cameronia...Feb. 18, Noon
Furnessia..Feb. 11, 9 AM|Columbia...Feb. 25, 9 PM
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND UPWARD.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $26 AND $28.50.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tues. 10 A. M.
*New Amsterdam....Jan. 31
*Rijndam .....Feb. 7
*Potsdam .....Feb. 21
*Noordam .....Mar. 7
*VIA BOULOGNE sur MER.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

CLARK'S "ARABIC" ORIENT CRUISE
FEB. 4, $400 up for 71 days. Shore trips ALL INCLUDED. Round World Tour Jan. 25; Riviera-Italy, Jan. & Feb.; 10 Tours to Europe. Specify programme desired.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

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Piers foot West 14th St., N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, opposite Battery.
Largest, Fastest, Finest Ships afloat. Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE.
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Fishguard and Liverpool
Mauretania..Feb. 1, 9 AM|Lusitania..Feb. 8
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool
Campania...Feb. 15, 10 AM|Caronia...Mar. 8
GIBRALTAR GENOA NAPLES
TRIESTE FIUME
Pannonia..Feb. 25, noon| *Saxonia ....Mar. 29
Ultonia..Mar. 22, noon| Pannonia.....April 12
*Calls at ALGIERS.
SPECIAL CRUISES
RIVIERA ITALY EGYPT
Gibraltar Algiers Villefranche Genoa Naples Alexandria.
Carpathia, 20,000 tons.....Feb. 18, noon
Pruthonia, 12,000 tons, new steamer...March 11, noon

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Savoie....Feb. 2|*Espagne.....Feb. 23
*La Touraine..Feb. 9|La Bretagne..March 2
*La Provence..Feb. 16|*La Lorraine..March 9
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING.
One class (II) Cabin Passengers only.
*Chicago.....Feb. 4
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:14|Sun sets..5:12|Moon rises..6:23

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:06	6:45	12:37	13:09
Governors Island	6:32	7:06	12:59	1:30
Hell Gate	8:22	8:55	2:19	3:00

Arrived—Friday, Jan. 27.

SS Kosnig Albert, Naples, Jan. 14.
SS Buffalo, Rotterdam, Jan. 16.
SS Volturno, Rotterdam, Jan. 12.
SS C. F. Tietgen, Christiansand, Jan. 24.
SS Mannheim, Rotterdam, Jan. 11.
SS Visigoth, Algiers, Jan. 2.
SS Citta di Palermo, Lisbon, Jan. 8.
SS Manzanillo, Santiago, Jan. 11.
SS Magda, Antilla, Jan. 20.
SS Horsley, Calbarien, Jan. 19.
SS Texas, Port Arthur, Jan. 17.
SS Winifred, Port Arthur, Jan. 14.
SS Iroquois, Jacksonville, Jan. 22.
SS Monroe, Norfolk, Jan. 26.
SS Oregonian, Puerto Mexico, Jan. 20.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, Jan. 26.
SS Algonquin, Brunswick, Jan. 24.
SS El Mar, Galveston, Jan. 21.

Outgoing Steamships.
SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close	Vessels Sail.
Lucania, Liverpool	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Martha Washington, Azores	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Cleveland, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Minnetonka, London	——	9:00 A.M.
President Grant, Hamburg	——	9:00 A.M.
Bernard, Barbados	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Carolina, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Trent, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
New York, St. Thomas	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Granada, Granada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Prinz Joachim, Kingston	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Panama, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Florida, Newfoundland	12:00 M.

Solving a Problem.

¶ Many a predicament may be averted, many a problem solved, by the use of the Help Wanted columns of The New York Times. Is it a skilled employe you seek for a position of trust and responsibility; is it a business specialist for a particular piece of work; is it business counsel or capital? All are obtainable through the Help Wanted columns of The Times.

¶ Few people realize the great scope covered by Want Advertisements. Put them to the test of providing what you need most.

¶ Telephone your Want advertisements to The New York Times—Bryant 1000.

LOST

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Jan. 13, 6 P. M., a large bundle of steamer RUGS, WRAPS, &c., from automobile; marked "Countess H. di Frankenstein, Room 2, Sant' Anna, Fabre Line;" twenty-five dollars reward for return of same to 12 West 32d St., New York City.

LOST—Gold breastpin, with large topaz, late Monday afternoon, in Mathews', on Livingston St., or at Court St.; reward. McKenzie, 216 Lincoln Road, Brooklyn.

LOST—Chi Psi Fraternity pin, set with diamonds; initials on back, "M. T. W.," with date. Suitable reward paid for its return to 167 West 76th St.

LOST—Lady's gold watch and pin, diamond chip, dragon design, on Grand St., between Bowery and Clinton Sts.; reward. Gruber, 356 Grand St.

LOST—Antique dinner ring of diamonds and pearls; greatly valued for its association; liberal reward. Mrs. E. Harriman, 627 West 113th St.

LOST—Jan. 23, in Brooklyn or downtown Manhattan, an unmounted diamond, about 1 kt.; liberal reward. J. Leroy Gibson, 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

LOST—At the Brooklyn Academy of Music, Wednesday, Jan. 25, a pair of silkmilium opera glasses in a silk bag. R 200 Times Downtown.

LOST—Dec. 27, diamond watch, with blue enamel background; name of "Cartier" on dial; reward $300. Draicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST—Pocketbook, going from 53d to 55th, on 7th Av.; cards in name. Return to D. L. Moore, Hotel Wellington, and receive reward.

LOST—At Metropolitan Opera House, Thursday evening, Jan. 26, white fox boa. Please send to C. L. Gallatin, 11 East 64th St.

LOST—Ladies' gold watch, between Roselle, N. J., and E. 53d St., New York, fob of gold and platinum. S 167 Times.

LOST—Lion-headed gold key ring, with keys; also nickel check stamp, Beech Club; reward. Folwell, 41 Union Square.

LOST—Jan. 24, small diamond circle pin between 110th and 116th Sts. and Broadway; suitable reward. Heerman, 64 5th Av.

LOST—Saturday, after matinee at Empire, pearl and diamond brooch; reward. Williams, 1,109 Madison Av.

LOST—A bracelet of diamonds and emeralds on Wednesday; liberal reward for its return, to 40 East 72d St.

LOST—Friday, 1:30 P. M., neighborhood Times Square, mink muff; reward. Brill, 521 West 159th St.

LOST—Leather case, containing lodge charter; suitable reward. Return to Box S 184 Times.

LOST—White enameled clover pin, with small diamond; reward. Box S 163 Times.

FOUND—Tuesday night, 5th, 66th St., Subway. C. Bustmann, 701 West 179th St.

$5 REWARD for return of package of gut strings left on Bay Ridge train at 36th St. Station, Brooklyn, Monday, P. M., Jan. 23. J. R. Flannery, 26 Broadway, New York.

REWARD, full value paid and no questions asked, for return of watches and chain taken with vest from 159 Nassau St. Arthur Murray, 159 Nassau St.

$5 REWARD for gold and black enamel umbrella handle, lost Thursday downtown Subway express or near 42d St. Subway. S 168 Times.

LOST AND FOUND. CATS. DOGS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Jan. 25, a Scotch collie, about 4 years old; reward for his return. 43 West 85th St.

LOST—Brindle bull; white head, slightless eye; reward. Mr. Olson, 611 West 112th St.

LOST—At 30th St., 6th Av., Irish Terrier; reward. Miss Cushman, 406 West 20th.

FOUND

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Jan. 28.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. Co., (Hudson Tubes.) Apply 127 Christopher St. Patterns, gloves, bankbook, book, plunger, shoes, lace, trousers, overalls, photographs, four umbrellas.

FOUND, Jan. 26—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City: Two pairs gloves, rubbers, two packages, laundry, picture, leather case, books, roll, eight umbrellas, papers, muff.

FOUND, Jan. 26—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Four umbrellas, two packages, gloves.

FOUND, Jan. 26—LONG ISLAND R. R. Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Suit case, muff, two books, four umbrellas.

FOUND, Jan. 26—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Ten umbrellas, five packages, two pair gloves.

FOUND—Jan. 26—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Envelope, three umbrellas, purse.

FOUND, Jan. 25—ERIE R. R. Information Bureau, Jersey City: Four umbrellas, two pairs gloves, suit, lodge book, ticket, coveralls, pocketbook, measuring stick.

FOUND, Jan. 26—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply 32d St. and 7th Av.: Shoes two cans, two umbrellas, two gloves, bible, prints, mail, pencil, eyeglasses, samples, three nightshirts, flowers, slippers, pipe, kodak, golf club, package.

FOR SALE.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Brass bed, gas, electric fixtures, and all kinds of fancy brass goods, refinished; also gold, silver, nickel plating, and polishing; we also buy and sell second-hand gas and electric fixtures. S. Plumacher & Sons, 343 East 80th.

High-grade office furniture, desks, tables, partitions, telephone booths; new and slightly used, &c.; immense stock to select from. Budd Co., 70 Spring St. Tel., Spring 6488.

Large and small office furniture, desks, chairs, partitions, telephone booths, time stamps, time clocks, mimeographs, multigraphs, cash registers. Nathan's, 4 White St.

Office partitions, telephone booths, tables, desks, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, office furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 42-46 Bleecker, 305 Broadway.

For sale—Two drawing boards, 64x30; two tee squares, 60 inches; two pairs trestles. Call 430 West 48th St.

For sale—Oak roll top desk, $18; typewriter, two chairs, $2. T. & D., 430 W. 45th.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

$90 beautiful upright piano; $35 Mason & Hamlin organ; $3 monthly until paid. Hale & Co., 31 Court St., Brooklyn.

YACHTS AND VESSELS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

For sale—32x6 Swampscott dory equipped with H. P. 2-cylinder Palmer engine, new. Address P. A. D., 33 Lord Av., Bayonne.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY for man of ability and business experience to become prominently connected with enterprise of incalculable future earning power; moderate purchase of the corporation's stock, combined with necessary caliber of applicant, will insure permanent relations and liberal salary; best of references required and given. Address "Life Work," 201 Times Downtown.

Active clean-cut business man having few thousand dollars to take place of one retiring from prosperous New York business; $100 weekly and profits; every investigation; no risk; security given; exceptional offer to right man; principals only. Write Chance, 107 West 27th St.

Experienced motorcyclist, with plenty of nerve, who is now taking up aviation, desires to arrange with capitalist or syndicate for purchase and exhibition of monoplane on percentage basis; references furnished. R. M. T., 38 Times Downtown.

Builder wants partner for Spring operations with $10,000; stock company; security and bank references. Address Bronx, R 210 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS NOTICES

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

High-class painting and decorating at reasonable prices; interior, exterior, every description; appt. for estimate. Roeder, 615 Columbus Av. Telephone 586—Riverside.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A BRIGHT, well-educated young man of good appearance, with a thorough knowledge of English and French for large railroad office; salary, $65 monthly. Apply, giving full particulars as to age and former employment, T 17 Times.

AMERICAN young men, good personal appearance, from 18 to 22 years, living home, to learn photographic business. Marceau, 258 5th Av.

DIE STAMPER WANTED
To operate Carver machines; must be a first-class man, capable of taking charge and producing high-grade work. Vose-Swain Engraving Company, Boston.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN WANTED.—One who calls on wholesale notion trade. Apply by mail or personally. Phoenix Hair Co., 50 West Houston St.

SALESMAN WANTED TO HANDLE OUR LINE OF SILK WAISTS ON THE PACIFIC COAST; ONLY THOSE WHO ARE THOROUGHLY ACQUAINTED WITH THE TRADE NEED APPLY. BEERMAN & FRANK, 34-36 FIFTH AV.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, experienced stock salesman by concern opening a large monumental trade field; proposition is one of unusual merit, and offers good opening to right man. Address Box 536 Salida, Col.

SALESMAN, first-class, wanted for Middle West, with well established cloak and suit house; suits ranging from $15 to $50; state experience and references. S 135 Times.

TEACHER OF SHORTHAND for commercial school, day and evening sessions. Answer by special delivery mail. H 293 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Pen-and-ink artist with good steady line who has experience in tracing embroidery designs. Apply to Mr. Rebeck, Art Department, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts.

WANTED.—A well-educated man, now unemployed, over 25, for special outside work in near-by States, requiring more than ordinary tact and ability, but pays accordingly. Room 906, 710 West 34th St.

WANTED—In a foreign banking house a first-class French correspondent. (French-Swiss preferred;) permanent position. Address references to Foreign, P. O. Box 822, N. Y. City.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 2 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT, STENOGRAPHER.—Young woman, experienced, ability, desires employment mornings, evenings; books written up; kept part time; secretarial work; references. S 84 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined New England woman; very competent; understands cooking, marketing; housekeeper. 1,364 Broadway.

MANICURIST.—Barber shop experience; good appearance; references. T 3 Times.

REFINED LADY wishes position manager, housekeeper or companion elderly person. E., 406 Columbus Av.

REFINED WOMAN, unquestionable social standing, desires situation as chaperon or full charge of children as nurse in family without mother; fond of and understands children thoroughly. T 1 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent speller; understands office work; good education; operates machine quickly and neatly; very best references furnished; salary desired to begin, $8. Miss Dorothy, 287 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Firm wishes piece stenographer, unusual ability and education; capable of holding high-class position; secretary; A1 credentials. Expert, 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; rapid, accurate, responsible operates standard machines; references from former employers; $15. Miss L., 286 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, educated, trained experience, operates any machine, furnish first-class references. Ross, 214 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; understands brokerage and commercial work; references. Capable, M 313 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; good education; excellent speller; best references. Ambitious, M 320 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Well grounded in English and stenography; ambitious, apt; moderate salary. Elizabeth, 215 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and correspondent, German, English, French. A1 references, desires position. M 315 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 2 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT, (EXPERT.)—Periodical audits, financial statements, investigations; books opened, closed, written up, balanced, and systematized; reliable work moderate compensation. Address Accountant, 212, 58 Wall St. Telephone 4327—Broad.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, examinations, statements prepared for agencies and banks; books written up, opened or closed; references; charges moderate. Accountant, Room 1,217, 320 Broadway. Phone Worth 1918.

HELP WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BEST & CO.,
FIFTH AV. AT 35TH ST.,
REQUIRE YOUNG WOMEN, 17 TO 20 YEARS, FOR CLERICAL WORK.

BOOKBINDERS.—Experienced pasters, gatherers, drop-roll feeders; sewing machine operators and general competent workers wanted at Trow Company, 213 East 32th St.; steady positions for union or non-union help; union wages paid.

FRENCH GOVERNESS wanted for boy 7 years old; personal reference required. Call between 4 and 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon, Jan. 28, at 265 West End Av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, also seamstress maid; Norwegian or French; wages, $20 each; fare paid. Shelter Island, Box T 16 Times.

SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a competent seamstress by the day or week for children's clothes in private family; references required. Address T 4 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady; must be correct in her work, accurate with figures, (able to make estimates,) with a good plain hand; experience not so important as ability to learn; a good, permanent position; an American and Protestant preferred; salary to start, $10 to $12; hours, 8:30 to 5:30-6; wholesale store, located near West Broadway and Warren. Write, with full particulars, P. O. Box 585.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED in the office of a large manufacturing company, located in Jersey City, convenient to P. R. R. station and Hudson Tunnel. Applicant must have good education and at least two years' experience. Address Madison, P. O. Box 645, N. Y. City.

STENOGRAPHER.—A well-educated stenographer, able to transcribe notes correctly and quickly and not afraid of work; salary, $50 monthly. Apply, stating age and former experience, T 18 Times.

WANTED—A woman for night attendant to rheumatic invalid. Apply until noon Saturday to Ward, 254 West 85th St.

SITUATIONS WANTED

Employment Bureaus.
25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3167 John

BOOKKEEPERS.

competent office assistants, Stenographers supplied without charge. Bookkeepers' Exchange, (Agency,) Flatiron Building. Gramercy 4023.

Domestic.

COOKS, housework, chambermaids, waitresses, day workers, references. Shepherd Agency, 107 West 125d. 6919 Morningside.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, firemen; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 125th St. Telephone 486—Morningside.

JAPANESE YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION Employment Agency furnishes reliable help. 720 Lexington Av. 6580—Plaza.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 2 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished back parlor bedroom; private bath; good board; other rooms.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Clean, bright rooms, comfortably furnished; running water; telephone; good table.

29TH ST., 31 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

44TH ST., 214 WEST.—Good rooms, with good board; telephone; references.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.
Large room; private bath; southern exposure; exclusive.

56TH ST., 52 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references.

58TH ST., 123 and 135 WEST.—Desirable large sunny rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; references.

63D ST., 123.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; all conveniences; bath, telephone; southern cooking; reasonable; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; dressing room; running water; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Choice rooms, large, well heated; single or en suite; all conveniences; superior bachelor accommodations; also parlor floor for physician; convenient to all car lines.

69TH ST., 139 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room; running water; also small room; private family; excellent; parlor dining; refined. Telephone 59 Columbus.

71ST ST., 122 WEST.—Very large rooms; private bath; second floor; also other rooms; superior table and service.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Large sunny, also half room; attractive house; parlor dining room; references.

74TH ST., 122 WEST.—Large sunny front room; suitable for two; excellent table board. Phone 1336—Columbus.

76TH ST., 240 WEST.—Desirable, sunny front room; parlor dining; table board; references.

76TH ST., 243 WEST.—Medium-size and single room; parlor dining room; references.

78TH ST., 262 WEST.—Charming and beautifully furnished rooms; bath on every floor; telephone; superior table and service.

80TH ST., 134 WEST.—Desirable rooms, high-class house; superior table; Subway, "L"; references; telephone.

82ND ST., 446 AND 448 WEST.—Large second floor room; special rate to business people; references.

86TH ST., 133 WEST.—Pleasant front room; hot and cold water; parlor dining room; telephone.

93D ST., 120 WEST.—Every room a bath; steam heat, parquet floors, electricity, excellent cooking.

92 ST., 34 WEST.—Table guests accommodated, select, parlor dining room; excellent cuisine.

96TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegant large, small rooms; private bath; excellent French cuisine; table guests.

97TH ST., 123 WEST.—One or two rooms, with private bath; excellent table; telephone.

98D ST., 161 WEST.—Sunny front room; running water; also single; best accommodations; French cuisine.

98TH ST., 126 WEST.—Large, sunny room; single room; excellent table; telephone; business people.

102D ST., 240 WEST, (near West End Av.)—Superior accommodations; aristocratic locality; boarding house atmosphere eliminated; large room, adjoining bath; southern exposure; excellent table; Subway express. Telephone 3263 Riverside.

105TH ST., 76 WEST.—Spacious front room; our table noted for quality; special terms; Southerners.

121ST ST., 264 WEST.—Large front room; all conveniences; small room; private American

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

142D ST., 512 WEST.—Cheerful large and small rooms; table guests; parlor dining room; telephone.

146TH ST., 540 to 546 WEST. (Broadway.)—Most beautiful and healthiest section New York. The Audubon." Bright rooms, bath adjoining; good home board, $14 to $20 weekly for two; two smaller rooms, $8 each; home comforts. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

156TH, WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.—Comfortable accommodations for gentlemen; American; private family; references. Phone 1495 Audubon.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Sunny room; hot and cold running water; excellent table; one block from Subway; private house. 'Phone 4078 Audubon.

ACROPOLIS HOTEL, (519 West 123d St.)—Single or en suite; good table board.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 250-260 West 44th St.—A Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service, baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Tel. 703 Bryant.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 105.—Elegantly furnished double and single rooms, with private bath; hotel service.

WEST END AV., 240 (near 72d St. subway express).—Large front; also smaller room; suitable for two; all conveniences; private house.

East Side.

15TH ST., 213 EAST.—Desirable steam-heated rooms, view Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; telephone.

56TH ST., 40 EAST.—Single and double rooms; elevator; private bath; excellent board; American.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Elegant parlor floor; newly furnished; suitable physician; excellent table board; telephone.

MADISON AV., 604-606.—Single and double rooms; parlor dining; excellent table; prices reasonable.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th St.)—Large second-floor room; board; breakfast in rooms; references.

MADISON AV., 404.—Large third-floor room, with board; references.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; comfortable, attractive, homelike; special Winter rates. Telephone Flushing 298.

Country.

Rockhurst, Spuyten-Duyvil-on-Hudson; seventh year; home cooking; adults; references. Lesley.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

8TH AV., 61.—Corner apartment; one flight; running water, steam, electricity, telephone; gentlemen. Campbell.

9TH ST., 19 WEST.—Medium-size room; hot and cold water; large closets; telephone.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Single front room; southern exposure; modern conveniences.

14TH ST., 202 WEST.—Large, small rooms; $2 upwards.

27TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large and small rooms; newly decorated; well heated; private bath; reasonable.

54TH ST., 138 WEST.—The Willems. Clean heated rooms; suitable two; $5-$5.

307TH ST., 93 WEST.—Large, small rooms; adjoining baths; clean, homelike; breakfast optional; references required.

38TH ST., 32 WEST.—Handsome, large room, second floor front; moderate; transients accommodated; excellent neighborhood.

42D ST., 261 WEST.—Large and small rooms, connecting or otherwise; southerly exposure; Subway, elevated.

44TH ST., 228 WEST, (The Newport.)—Rooms, single and suite; private baths; telephone; breakfasts.

44TH ST., 210 WEST.—Well-furnished large, small rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; references.

47TH ST., 111 WEST.—To exclusive, permanent party, most beautifully furnished, comfortable parlor and bedroom suite; every home feature; private.

48TH, 113 WEST.—Large room; private bath; hot and cold water; private.

49TH ST., 306 WEST, (Apartment 308.)—Select; new elevator apartment; Subway, "L"; gentlemen preferred.

54TH, 215 WEST.—Exceedingly desirable rooms, suites; phone. N. Lighthouse.

55TH ST., 107 WEST.—Beautifully furnished back parlor, alcove; running water; single room; excellent house; telephone.

56TH ST., 355 WEST.—Desirable single rooms, newly furnished; steam heat, bath; telephone; reasonable.

58TH ST., 354-356 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, single or en suite, with bath; block to "L" and Subway.

61ST ST., 34 WEST.—Handsomely furnished well heated rooms; every convenience; quiet private house; telephone.

62D ST., 155 WEST.—Large hall room for gentleman; board optional; reference; near Subway. Gray.

65TH ST., 59 WEST.—Large, front room; elevator apartment; steam heat; telephone; running water. Hart.

65TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 55 WEST.—Sunny room; private house; steam heat, electric light, hot water; 'phone.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Well-furnished and heated large alcove room; bath; gentleman; moderate.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room; bath; private house; telephone; exclusive neighborhood.

72D ST., 119 WEST.—Large and small comfortable rooms; congenial; convenient location.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Large, small, newly decorated, sunny rooms; every convenience; baths; Subway, "L."

73D ST., 137 WEST.—Unusually attractive front room, unexpectedly vacated; private family; references.

73D ST., 173 WEST.—Attractive rooms; also parlor for doctor.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, warm rooms; first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 37 WEST.—Newly furnished, desirable rooms; attractive residential neighborhood; all conveniences. 'Phone 8134 Schuyler.

80TH ST., 152 WEST.—Bachelor's superior accommodations; southern exposure; high-class private house; references exchanged.

83D ST., 309 WEST.—Large room in small private family; suitable two; references required. Kelly.

83D ST., 206 WEST.—Large front room for one or two gentlemen; steam heat, bath, all conveniences; telephone; reasonable. Gomez.

83D ST., 14 WEST, (THE GLANVILLE.)—Just opened; single, double, or connecting rooms; reasonable.

84TH ST., 120 WEST.—Large and small nicely furnished rooms; modern apartment; moderate terms. Grimm.

84TH ST., 313 WEST.—Large, well-furnished, bright room, adjoining bath; every convenience; $3.50. Anderson.

87TH ST., 176 WEST.—Homelike room, $5; private apartment; gentleman; near Subway, Bronx.

90TH ST., (370 West End Av.) in private house, handsomely furnished room, bath; terms moderate; telephone 7396 Riverside.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large, sunny room, select house; Subway, elevated; telephone.

91ST ST., 126 WEST.—Desirable room; private family; first-class apartment; running water, Beautiful Easton.

94TH ST., 127 WEST.—Two large front rooms; bath; exceptionally well furnished; quiet house; gentlemen. S 61 Times.

97TH ST., (west of Broadway.)—Absolutely select two rooms or suite; high-class, elevator apartment; every comfort and convenience; telephone, 9780 Riverside. Apartment 12.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

97TH ST., 150 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; bath adjoining; "L," Subway express; private family. Owner.

103D ST., 943 WEST.—Private house, near Riverside Drive; elegantly furnished room; heated; phone; reasonable.

103TH ST., 201 WEST, (Apartment 23.)—Beautiful suite of rooms; married couple or two gentlemen; every convenience; refined surroundings; reasonable.

111TH ST., 515 WEST.—Sunny room; medium sized; modern apartment; telephone; Subway. Apartment 23.

111TH ST., 311 WEST.—Warm, large rooms; independently situated. Telephone 6844—Morningside. Bushman.

114TH ST., 507 WEST.—Desirable front room, suitable two; elevator; telephone; small family. Ericsson.

112TH, 605 WEST.—Warm, well-furnished room, modern apartment; private family. Moody.

115TH ST., 424 WEST.—Wanted refined bachelors for sunny corner suite; three large rooms, home atmosphere, overlooking Columbia College; $10 for two, or $12 for three; Christian; Jewish; Subway express. Hendry.

118TH, 410 West.—Large room, nicely furnished; suitable one or two; elevator, telephone. Blauvelt.

115TH, 430 WEST.—Large, bright front room; also single room; elevator. Mrs. Douglass Robinson.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Attractively furnished, homelike rooms, southerly exposure; also kitchen; elevator. Mrs. Smith.

122D, 514 WEST, near Broadway.—High-class, single, double rooms; electricity, steam, elevator. Kenyon.

127TH ST., 250 WEST.—Large heated room with alcove; all conveniences; hall room, $2.50; references.

127TH ST., 249 WEST.—Sunny rooms; parlor; piano; telephone; every convenience; Subway; elevated; gentlemen preferred.

141ST ST., 605 WEST.—Southern family; attractive room; also suite to rent; elevator, telephone, electricity; well furnished; perfectly kept; breakfast; board optional; gentleman preferred; 137th Subway express. Inquire hall boy.

142D ST., 611 WEST.—Large, front room; beautifully furnished; southern exposure; every convenience; private family.

142D ST., 540 WEST.—Exceptionally well-furnished room for gentleman; all conveniences.

143D ST., 476 WEST.—Choice front room; conveniences; refined American family; references; evenings, Sunday. Evans.

144TH ST., 560 WEST.—Large furnished room for gentlemen; elevator apartment; phone. (Apartment 27.)

144TH ST., 562 WEST.—Front, single, double; lavatory adjoining; telephone; elevator; bath; electricity; gentlemen. Quarters.

146TH ST., 419 WEST.—Several nicely furnished rooms; private residence; convenient subway, elevated; gentlemen only; telephone.

152D, 543 WEST.—Lydia Court, Apartment 32; large furnished room; elevator and telephone service, electric light and use of bath; private family; suitable for couple.

CARLYLE.—Large, elegantly kept rooms; parlor, bedroom, bath, $30-$50 monthly. 22 West 60th.

FIFTH AV., 2,018, (Corner 125th.)—Large, well furnished front rooms; convenient; $2.50 up. Delsinger.

MANHATTAN AV., 821, corner West 109th St. —Homelike rooms in a private house.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 310, (157th,) apartment 30.—Comfortable, cheerful room; refined surroundings; telephone, elevator; reasonable; gentlemen.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 842, (Corner 127th.)—Handsomely furnished suites, four, five, six rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity; silver, linen; $12 weekly upward; beautifully furnished room, bath, kitchen, $3-$6.

UNIVERSITY PLACE, 3, (Opposite Washington Square.)—Large and small elegantly furnished rooms; private residence; gentlemen; reference.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.—Desirable room, private house; American family; convenient to Subway and crosstown cars; references. Owner, S 168 Times.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 102.—Newly furnished single and double rooms, with private bath connected.

East Side.

24TH ST., 25 East.—Large and small rooms; terms moderate; telephone 479 Mad.

40TH ST., 33 EAST.—Very desirable room for gentleman in private residence; rates moderate; references.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; tiled bathrooms; box spring beds; absolute cleanliness; corner building.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,044, (78th St.)—Handsomely furnished rooms, well heated, bath, telephone; gentlemen only.

LEXINGTON AV., 71.—Large, pleasant room; all conveniences; 'phone. Baxter.

Brooklyn.

A NEW ENGLAND WOMAN has fine, newly renovated rooms, overlooking water, for gentlemen, with, without private baths; convenient to Wall St., Subway, and Bridge; popular prices. 3 Montague Terrace, Heights.

149 CONGRESS ST.
Large rooms; southern exposure; private house; excellent table; telephone; owner.

CLINTON AV., 70.—Private family; alcove and rear rooms; well heated; running water; modern; bath, telephone; board optional.

HARRISON ST., 229.—Parlor floor; elegantly furnished; 3 rooms; bath, toilet; piano; moderate; telephone.

140 WILLOW ST.
Beautifully furnished rooms; excellent table; new management.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 2 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED—Three furnished rooms and bath by the month, table board or good restaurant in immediate vicinity, required by three adults. Address with terms, Yonkers, S 157 Times.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 2 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Wanted—Unfurnished floor with bath in private house; must be suitable for light housekeeping; large rooms; good location downtown preferred; give price and number of rooms; references given. E 209 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET
Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Washington, 318-322 West 51st.—Attractive apartment, 4 large, light rooms; all improvements. Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

124th St., 327-329 West (near Broadway (Columbia College and Horace Mann School.)—Up-to-date apartments, 4 rooms, bath; steam, elevator, telephone; $30 to $38.

A few desirable suites of 3 and 4 rooms, with bath, furnished or unfurnished, in high-class apartment house. Schuyler Arms, 307 West 93th St.

152D ST., 174 EAST.—Five rooms and bath; hot water supply; rents $20 and $21.

APARTMENTS TO LET
Furnished.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 15c. a line a day; 7 times 12c. a line a day.

47TH ST., 111 WEST.—To exclusive, permanent party, most beautifully furnished, comfortable parlor and bedroom suites; all improvements; everything brand new. A1 restaurant service optional; references; private.

Near Central Park and Columbus Circle—Suite three light front rooms, southern bow window exposure; comfortably furnished; bath adjoining; steam heat, hot water; $40 monthly. Homelike, 1,711 Broadway.

FURNISHED BACHELOR APARTMENT.
2 rooms and bath; situated on West 29th St., between Broadway and 6th Av.; elevator; rent reasonable. Lee, 606 Broadway.

APARTMENT.—Six rooms, bath, elevator, telephone, electricity, complete; reasonable; references. Myers, 604 West 122d St.

3RD ST., 360 WEST.—Seven light, sunny rooms; improvements complete; fine furnishings; would sell.

Desirable apartment, 3 rooms; southern exposure; rental $55. B. Richards, 12 West 34th St.

Carlyle—Large, elegantly kept rooms; parlor, bedroom, bath; $30-$35 monthly. 22 West 60th St.

SCHOOLS.

Eastman School
Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Civil Service and Academic Departments.
Day and Evening Sessions.
Call or write for Catalogue.
1234 St. & Lenox Ave.

LANGUAGES
The Berlitz School of Languages
Madison Square, (1122 Broadway).
Harlem Branch, 242 Lenox Av., nr. 117th St.
Brooklyn " 215-220 Livingston St.
All languages by superior native teachers.
Terms Reasonable. Trial Lessons Free.
Private residence and classes. School or Residence.

GERMAN,
FRENCH, ITALIAN, SPANISH, ENGLISH
taught by Native Graduated Teachers.
Our "LOGICAL METHOD" enables pupils to use only the new language from the first lesson, and to learn thoroughly its grammar.
Special Courses for School Teachers.
ITALIAN AND FRENCH LECTURES Thurs.
The ITALIAN SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES,
215 5TH AVE., CORNER 33D ST.

HARLEM PREPARATORY SCHOOL
N. E. COR. 7TH AVE. & 125TH ST.
Thorough Preparation for Columbia, Yale, Harvard, Cornell, and Engineering Schools.
Chemical and Physical Laboratory.
REGENTS' CERTIFICATES.
Day and Evening Sessions. Individual Attention.
J. WEIL, B. S., M. E.

THE BROWN SCHOOL OF TUTORING.
FIFTH YEAR.
One student at a time with each teacher accomplishes 2 or 3 years regular school work in one. Lessons at home or at the school. 163 West 72d St. Telephone, Columbus—8257.

PRATT'S Business and Shorthand.
Individual Instruction.
Day, Evening. 140 West 42d St.

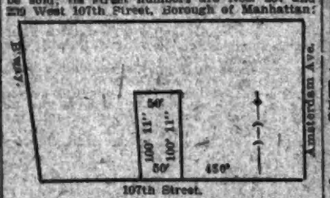
REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ELIZABETH A. COLTON, plaintiff, against MILTON A. MERRY et al., defendants.—In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 23d day of December, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 10th day of February, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain plot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of One Hundred and Seventh Street distant four hundred and fifty feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Amsterdam Avenue with the northerly side of One Hundred and Seventh Street; running thence northerly, parallel with Amsterdam Avenue, one hundred feet eleven inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly along the said centre line of the block fifty feet; thence southerly, parallel with Amsterdam Avenue, one hundred feet eleven inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Seventh Street, and thence easterly and along said northerly side of One Hundred and Seventh Street fifty feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, January 24th, 1911.
FRANK W. CHAMBERS, Referee.
GIFFORD, HOBBS & BEARD, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 5 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street numbers are Nos. 237 and 239 West 107th Street, Borough of Manhattan:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is Twenty-four thousand two hundred sixty-five dollars, ($24,265,) with interest thereon from the 15th day of December, 1910, together with costs and allowance amounting to Three hundred thirty-two and 75-100 dollars, with interest from December 25, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $1,746.38 and interest.

Dated New York, January 24th, 1911.
FRANK W. CHAMBERS, Referee.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED

Wanted—A furnished housekeeping apartment for three months ended May 1 or 15; references given and utmost care; price not to exceed $60 a month; in consideration of this low rent only being possible to pay I offer to pay in advance the rent in full. Address C. S. Lowell, 11 West Cedar St., Boston, Mass.

SCHOOLS.

FRENCH—GERMAN
SPANISH—ITALIAN

HETTY GREEN TO HAVE HER OWN TRUST CO.

Son Will Be Managing Director and Relieve Her of Many Cares of Her Vast Interests.

AT 75, SHE'S OVERWORKED

Col. Green to Retain Texas Properties, in Which He Made Fortune for Himself, but Will Live Here.

Mrs. Hetty Green, long known as the richest woman in America, and her son, Col. E. H. R. Green are preparing for the organization of a new trust company in this city which will handle many of Mrs. Green's vast interests. The mother and son had a conference that lasted all day yesterday at the Waldorf-Astoria, where Col. Green is stopping. At its conclusion Col. Green said that he would engage a lawyer experienced in such matters, and that the necessary formalities would be complied with and the new institution launched in the next few days. It would carry on all the usual business of a trust company, Col. Green said, except that it might be decided not to take deposits, as he and his mother could furnish all the ready funds necessary to the project.

The trust company plan is the outcome of Mrs. Green's desire to turn over to her son much of the detail of the management of her large property interests, ranging from real estate holdings in Chicago, St. Louis, San Francisco, Boston, and Toledo, to paper mills at Bellows Falls, Vt., cotton mills at New Bedford, Mass., gold mines in California, and interests in many railroads. Mrs. Green is now 75 years old, and she recently summoned Col. Green to New York with a view to relieving herself of some of the hard work of looking after her interests.

Col. Green arrived from Texas a few days ago with his secretary, W. H. Marshal, and the conference with his mother began. He has been a resident of Texas for eighteen years, making only occasional trips to New York, and at the outset raised the point that he had no office in this city from which he could conduct the business involved in the contemplated arrangement. He suggested to Mrs. Green that a trust company would offer the best channel through which to carry on these operations, and she readily assented.

Not to Bear Mrs. Green's Name.

Col. Green said yesterday that the new concern would not be named after his mother, as she was especially averse to the exploitation of her name, even in the newspapers. No name has been selected yet, he added, but that was a matter of detail that could easily be settled.

Since Col. Green has been in New York he and his mother have spent much time going over her securities, spending hours in the vaults under the National Park Bank. Many of her loans have been made through that institution, the Equitable Trust Company, and the Chemical National Bank.

"The establishment of this trust company," said Col. Green, "will have no effect upon our present connections with New York bankers, but will be the medium through which we will handle most of our own business outside of New York. The suggestion was made that we purchase control of one of the existing concerns, but I favored starting with a clean slate and without any taint from somebody else's past. The company will be organized under the laws of this State and will have substantial capital. I shall be the managing director of the institution, but my mother will continue to take an active part in the management of her affairs, leaving only some of the details to me.

"Incidentally, the trust company will be of service in connection with the management of Col. Green's individual enterprises, most of which are in Texas. He told yesterday how he came to settle there and something of what he had done in building up a fortune of his own.

How He Built Up Fortune of His Own

"My mother has always held," he said, "that the young men of this generation relied too much on their parents. Instead of giving me a fancy income and sending me to Europe, she shipped me off to Texas in 1893 to gain business experience on my own hook. As a stake she turned over to me the foreclosure of a $200,000 mortgage on a wretched railroad. From this start eighteen years ago I have to show $3,000,000 in properties, every one of which is a money maker. They furnish employment to 2,500 persons, and experience has taught me that the best use for inherited wealth is that which will create the greatest number of life jobs, rather than satisfying the hunger of a day.

"While I was reorganizing the railroad now the Texas Midland I got a lesson in self-reliance from my mother. I telegraphed her for advice as to the purchase of eight new locomotives. 'You are on the ground,' was her reply. When I saw her later in New York I protested that when I asked for advice I wanted to retain it. 'If anything happened to me where would you go for advice?' she replied. 'Go there now.' Well, I used my own judgment and bought the locomotives.

"I got into the florist business recently and it's a good deal of a hobby with me. I bought a $35,000 farm near Dallas four years ago and when the boll weevil scare was on I got the Government to make experiments there. In preparing for this I spent $10,000 in building greenhouses. Before the tests were finished the boll weevils had moved on and I had the greenhouses on my hands. I decided to utilize them in raising roses and carnations, and last year I cleared over $100,000 on them. In the meantime, of course, I have greatly increased my greenhouses.

"When I bought into the American Exchange National Bank of Dallas about twelve years ago its capital was $100,000 and there was no surplus. Now it is the largest bank in the Southwest, with $15,000,000 deposits. I joined all the Texas enterprises in which I am interested when they were struggling, and as they grew I have shared in their prosperity.

"Col. Green intends to make New York his home from now on, but will make trips to Texas three or four times a year. Col. Green, who is 42 and weighs in the vicinity of 200 pounds, has recently become entitled to the prefix awarded to him by courtesy. Gov. Colquitt, the only Democrat he ever voted for, appointed him a member of his staff, and at the inauguration last week Col. Green was on hand in a brand-new uniform with all the gold lace the law allows. Col. Green for years was Chairman of the Republican State Committee.

Not to Enter Politics Here.

When asked if he would take an active part in politics in New York, he said:

"No, I'm through with politics. If I were active here, though, I should not be a Roosevelt man. I am strong for Taft. He makes friends slowly, but the friends Roosevelt makes them quickly, but they desert him. Taft is very popular in Texas.

"Some time ago a story gained publicity that Col. Green had decided to marry, and for months he was flooded with letters from willing maidens. He said yesterday that he continued to receive such letters occasionally.

"I am not thinking of marrying," said Col. Green. "I haven't thought anything about it since I was 21."

Col. Green has been a member of the Union Club for a number of years, and also belongs to the Automobile Club of America, but has dropped out of all other clubs he ever belonged to here. He says he has been out of New York so much of the time that he knows hardly anybody here. That his acquaintance will be sought in some quarters, since he is presumed to settle down in New York, is shown by the fact that he has received between 200 and 300 letters since he has been here requesting contributions for all sorts of purposes.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 245 business failures in the United States during the week, against 302 for the previous week and 295, 224, 230, and 211 for the corresponding weeks of 1909 to 1906. The Middle States had 118, New England 23, Southern 69, Western 12, Northwestern 20, Far West 20, and Territories 6. Canada had 35, against 38 for the preceding week. About 80 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less and 5 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

FIVE WOMEN HURT IN AUTO.

Escape Serious Injury, Though Buried Under Machine After Trolley Crash.

A Third Avenue trolley car in charge of Motorman William H. Heinz bowled along Third Avenue, Brooklyn, last night, sliding on slippery rails, wet from the rain that had fallen all the evening. Near Seventy-eighth Street Heinz saw a limousine automobile coming down the street toward the trolley crossing, and immediately he began to apply his brakes.

Heinz realized in a moment that his car was not responding to his efforts. Evidently the chauffeur of the automobile was having trouble in stopping his car, too. His rear wheels were skidding and the machine was coming with undiminished speed.

Car and automobile reached the crossing at the same time. The automobile was half over the tracks when the car crashed into it. So great was the speed of the car that the automobile was lifted from the ground, flung over on its side and tossed to the sidewalk, twenty feet away, a mass of broken wood, twisted steel, and splintered glass. Above the din rose the cries of women.

Heinz had been flung against the door and the breath knocked out of him, but the brakes being set the car stopped.

From the automobile came the cries of women, and from the sidewalk a dozen feet ahead of the wrecked auto a man in chauffeur's dress was crawling to his feet. As his wits came back he cried to the crowd:

"Help me lift the car. There are five women buried there."

Heinz and a dozen men from the trolley car joined him and together they raised the wreckage. Some of the women were senseless. Two were screaming with pain.

Drs. Jackson, Carr, and Fisher came from the Norwegian Hospital, and the women were lifted into the trolley car. All of them were cut and bruised, and all were suffering from shock. Under the ministrations of the surgeons, however, they regained their composure.

They were Mrs. Rose Roehrsler of 228 Sixty-seventh Street, Mrs. Ida Stebbins of 382 Marlborough Road, Flatbush; Mrs. Louise Burnett of 58 Hooper Street, and Mrs. John Burnett and Miss Louise Burnett of 256 Seventy-eighth Street, all of Brooklyn. The chauffeur was William Pendel of Fifteenth Avenue and Eighty-third Street, where he is the proprietor of a garage.

Miss Burnett is Principal of Public School 127, at Seventy-ninth Street and Fort Hamilton Avenue, and last night graduation exercises were held there, to which she invited her sisters-in-law, as well as Mrs. Roehrsler and Mrs. Stebbins, old friends of her family. Mrs. Roehrsler is 60 years old and Mrs. Stebbins 75.

SHOOTS TWO WITH AIR RIFLE.

14-Year-Old Bronx Boy Arrested After Wounding His Playmates.

Edwin Anderson, a fourteen-year-old lad, who lives at 581 East 137th Street in the Bronx, who has been causing a lot of excitement in that part of the town recently with an air rifle, was arrested last night on a charge of juvenile delinquency.

The boy was standing in front of his home on Thursday afternoon watching a fight among several playmates, William Gannon, 13 years old, of 137th Street and St. Ann's Avenue, was acquitting himself rather better than the rest when, according to several of the youngsters, Edwin took aim with his rifle and fired a shot which struck Gannon's head inflicting a flesh wound.

A few minutes later, his playmates said, ten-year-old George Duffy passed with several loaves of bread under his arm, and as Edwin fired he fell unconscious, a shot having entered his forehead and imbedded itself in his skull.

Edwin ran into the house and George was taken to Lincoln Hospital. Last night George's father, John Duffy, went to the Alexander Avenue Police station and said he thought the Anderson boy should be punished.

When questioned by Lieut. Gilday Edwin denied he had an air rifle, but the boy's father said he was not telling the truth. Edwin will be arraigned in the Children's Court to-day.

AIR BRAKE PROFITS IMPROVED

Earnings 4.48 Per Cent. on Capital, Against 2.69 Last Year.

The New York Air Brake Company in its report for the year ended Dec. 31 shows sales and other income aggregating $2,600,198, which compares with $2,118,115 in the previous year. Expenses, including the cost of manufacturing and selling, increased from $1,680,244 to $2,090,337. Total deductions, including bond interest of $181,800, amounted to $2,242,137, leaving the profit for the year at $448,060, against $260,084 in the previous year. This is equal to 4.48 on the $10,000,000 capitalization, against 2.69 earned on the same capitalization in 1909.

Dividends totaling $299,772 were paid, where none was paid in the previous year, leaving a surplus for the year of $148,288. Commenting on the business situation and the outlook for the company in the new year President Starbuck says:

"It is only proper to call your attention to the general conditions of business during the past year, which were a complete reversal of the preceding year. That is, in the year 1909 the profits of the company were made during the last four months of that year, whereas in the year 1910 the profits were derived largely from the first six months of 1910.

"If orders had continued to come in as they did up to May the business for the year would have been most satisfactory, but as the results of this agitation on railroad rates and the continued deference of a decision of that matter the railroads were compelled to immediately adopt a policy of retrenchment, which resulted in the cancellation or suspension of orders already placed and withholding all contemplated orders."

BOND ISSUE MAY GO TO PARIS

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Negotiating for $50,000,000 for Southern Pacific.

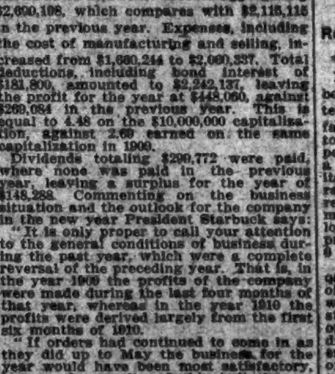
Negotiations are under way in Paris for the sale of an issue of Southern Pacific 4 per cent. bonds, the amount of which has not yet been definitely sized but which may be as much as $50,000,000. Interest is taken in the proposal to add this Southern Pacific issue to previous issues of American railroad bonds placed in Paris through the banking house of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

It is known that the actual requirements of the Southern Pacific could be met for much less than $50,000,000, but it is explained that with a system of 12,600 miles and important uncompleted construction projects $50,000,00 could be used were it offered on terms which would be an inducement.

Other large issues of American bonds which have been sold to French investors during the last few years include the Pennsylvania, St. Paul, and New Haven issues, which have helped to increase the familiarity of French investors with our securities, and thus have been of general advantage to this market, as well as to the particular corporations which placed the bonds.

New Chairman of Southern Iron.

Cecil A. Grenfell of London, a Director of the Southern Iron and Steel Company, has accepted the Chairmanship of the board. After an inspection trip over the company's properties he reports that conditions are improving and that orders for finished products are increasing daily.



"Salada" Tea is grown in Ceylon, the world's best tea garden. "Salada" sales are over 23,000,000 packages yearly, the largest in America.
Trial package 10c.

PICKED A POCKET WHILE ON PAROLE

Isidore Waxman, Whom Probation Law Saved from Prison, Faces a Double Sentence.

LETTERS FOOLED THE COURT

Judge Scores Business Men Whose Names Appeared on a False Recommendation for the Prisoner.

Flaws in the present probation system in this country were shown yesterday when Isidore Waxman, a pickpocket who had been convicted three times but never served a sentence, was again convicted before Judge Swann in General Sessions for picking a pocket while out on parole.

Waxman's last previous conviction came a few months ago. Receiving stolen goods was the offense charged. Judge Rosalsky paroled him in the custody of Miss Jossom, the probation officer. He was told to report each week. Waxman failed to do this. His mother, who lives at 186 Suffolk Street, told Miss Jossom that he had been employed as a traveling salesman and would report by letter. No letters came, and upon investigation it was found that Waxman was in the Tombs under the name of Harry Hart, on the charge of picking pockets.

Waxman was arraigned at once before Judge Rosalsky and sentenced to serve four years and six months in Sing Sing on the receiving stolen goods charge. Yesterday he was convicted for his latest offense, and he will be sentenced by Judge Swann as a second offender Monday.

Waxman confessed yesterday that letters purporting to be from five business men vouching for his good character and declaring that he had been in their employ for years, which caused Judge Rosalsky to parol him, could not be true as he had never worked for the persons named.

As a result of Waxmans' confession the Grand Jury will be called upon to investigate the methods of certain lawyers in obtaining suspended sentences for their clients.

Three of the men, Price Brothers, fish dealers at Fulton Market, and Solomon Levikowitz, proprietor of a cafe at 292 East Houston Street, were in court when Waxman asserted he had not worked for them. Levikowitz denied that he had written the letter which Judge Swann had received through the mail and which said Waxman had been employed by him for two years and was honest. Levkowitz admitted, however, that he had received the court's letter asking for information concerning the price brothers, who in an affidavit sworn to before a notary, had informed Judge Rosalsky that Waxman had been employed by them for more than three years and had always been an honest employe, refused to make any explanation when told that whatever they might say would be used against them.

On the last Thursday Miss Jossom, the probation officer, received a letter from Waxman's mother saying that her son was still on the road and in Chicago. Waxman at that time was in the Tombs.

Upon bringing in their verdict yesterday the foreman of the jury asked for clemency, to which Judge Swann replied:

"On account of your recommendation I want to tell you a few of the facts about this defendant. He is a consistent liar. Before his trial he pleaded guilty to the indictment and I sentenced him to Elmira. He then not only deceived the court but also his counsel. On his own statement I permitted him to withdraw his plea and stand trial.

"On his trial he swore that all the letters and recommendations that had been filed in his behalf in former cases and this case were knowingly false. The affidavit sent to Judge Rosalsky by the Price Brothers was not only false but the seal of the notary public was forged. What we are so opposed to in this court is men who call themselves reputable citizens and who poison the source of justice. They deserve to be branded and labeled so that the whole world may know them in their true colors."

STOCK DIVIDENDS RAISED.

Rochester & Pittsburg Railroad and General Chemical Pay More Now.

Holders of several stock and income bond issues received the good news yesterday of increase of dividends. The Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg, in addition to its regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent. on the preferred stock declared a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent. on its common stock, increasing the annual rate from 4 per cent. to 5 per cent. This restores half of the reduction which was made in the common stock dividend following the financial disturbances of 1907, prior to which time the road was paying 6 per cent. on its common stock.

Another of the day's increases was the quarterly dividend on the common stock of the General Chemical Company which was raised to 1½ per cent., placing the stock on a 6 per cent. basis, an increase of 1 per cent. The General Chemical's dividend is payable March 1 to stockholders of record on Feb. 18. The Directors of the Green Bay & Western announced yesterday a payment of one-half of 1 per cent. for the year on the debenture "B" bonds, compared with the payment of one-quarter made a year ago. The usual 5 per cent. payment was declared on the debentures "A" and on the stock.

Brokers Want Three-Day Vacation.

The Stock Exchange's Governing Committee has been petitioned to close the Exchange on the Saturday preceding Lincoln's Birthday so as to allow a three-day holiday. The anniversary, which falls on Sunday, will be celebrated legally on Monday. Brokers hope that because of the dullness of the market and the fact that Saturday is only a two-hour session at best the petition will be granted.

WE HAVE MADE GOOD WITH RED-MAN

The brand that because of care with cloth and needle outwears any 2 for 25 collar made.

EARL & WILSON.

Try them.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Men's Department Store.
Smaller profits and no middlemen

New Spring Styles
Low Crown Derbys with wide brim, $1.90
Color a rich black that stays black. Leather and trimming of the finest.
Wonderful Flexible Derby, $1.90
The lightest hat you ever saw.
English Cloth Hats, $1.90
Opera Hats, Silk Hats, Golf Caps

BLUMENFELD STOCK BACK.

Shelves Refilled After Indictment of Creditors Accused of Fraud.

Isidor Blumenfeld, the silk merchant, of 1,329 Fifth Avenue, whose story of an attempt to misuse his assets after forcing him into bankruptcy caused United States District Attorney Wise to obtain indictments against a lawyer and six wholesale clothing dealers, threw additional light yesterday on the methods employed in forcing him out of business.

Blumenfeld called at the District Attorney's office to explain that an order upon Samuel Harris, the receiver in bankruptcy, requiring him to admit Blumenfeld into his store on Thursday, had not been obeyed. Blumenfeld said he had gone to the store, as requested by the District Attorney, to make a private report upon the amount of stock found in it. As Harris would not let him in he could only look through the windows, observing that the shelves were as bare as when he complained that his stock had been spirited away last November.

Yesterday morning, on returning to the store, Blumenfeld said he found the shelves stocked up again, which he considered significant in view of the fact that indictments have been found based on charges that his stock had disappeared.

Five others of the indicted men followed the lead of Samuel Rosenberg, the lawyer, by giving themselves up yesterday. They were Samuel Harris, the receiver in bankruptcy; Abraham Altern, his partner in the Pacific Woolen Company; Isaac and Solomon Cadoba, doing business as Cadoba Brothers, and Joseph Timble, a lawyer's helper, who was charged with impersonating a United States Marshal for the purpose of terrifying Blumenfeld and causing him to consent to the concealment of his stock from all but a favored group of creditors.

Judge Hand, in the Circuit Court, held each of the men in $3,000 bail. The seventh man named in the indictment is expected to surrender himself to-day. Blumenfeld, while he has the satisfaction of reading in the indictment that he was forced into bankruptcy when he was perfectly solvent, was much downcast yesterday as his stock of goods was sold by auction and he was left without funds of employment.

District Attorney Wise said that "such experiences of perfectly solvent merchants being used up by shyster lawyers and conspiring tradesmen are matters of daily experience in the Bankruptcy Courts."

GROWTH OF AMERICAN TRADE.

Our Exports to South America Pass the $100,000,000 Mark.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Details of the trade of the United States with the various countries and grand divisions of the world for 1910 announced by the Department of Commerce and Labor to-day, show a slight increase in exports to Europe and Africa, a marked gain in those to North and South America, and an increased total to Asia and Oceanica in combination.

On the import side, the figures also indicate a gain for each of the grand divisions except South America. An interesting feature, however, of the trade with South America is the fact that for the first time the exports to that continent crossed the $100,000,000 line, being $100,308,616, as against $41,248,051 in 1900.

The exports to the United Kingdom of $353,826,406 led the list. Germany was second, with $236,307,490, and Canada third with $241,200,253. The United Kingdom likewise led in the import trade, with a total of $270,880,800, with Germany second and Cuba third. The imports from Europe as a whole during the last decade showed a conspicuous increase, the total in 1900 being $441,610,361, as against $790,134,894.

JOHN F. STEVENS TO QUIT?

Great Northern Office Knows Nothing of His Retirement from Hill Lines.

John F. Stevens who, after leaving the Vice Presidency of the New Haven over a year ago, became President of the new Hill lines in Washington and Oregon, was reported yesterday to be about to resign to devote his time to private interests. Officers of the Great Northern in this city said, however, that if such is Mr. Stevenson's plan, they have not been advised of the fact. Neither had they heard of the reported intention to name two additional Vice Presidents for the Great Northern.

W. P. Broughton, General Traffic Manager of the Great Northern, is to leave on March 1, but this is the only change of which the office of the road here has been informed.

DOG FANCIER ASKS $30,000 FOR SLANDER

Rosalie Stewart Declares That Toy Spaniel Club Members Falsely Accused Her.

ACTRESS INVOLVED IN ROW

Refusal to Make Adele Ritchie a Judge Said to Have Started the Trouble —Answer a General Denial.

Rosalie Stewart, a dealer in toy dogs and a writer for dog fanciers' magazines, filed suit yesterday in the Supreme Court against several prominent members of the Toy Spaniel Club of America. She asks $30,000 damages for the spreading of alleged false reports about her. The defendants are Jeanne C. Irwin-Martin, Phebe Etta Austey, Noah Loder, Jr., Martha Reynolds, Alice Bates Pell, Hattie G. Parlett, Mary Henderson, Emma M. Clark, and Ella J. Doig.

Miss Stewart states in her complaint that she has a reputation as an authority on the subject of toy spaniels, and edited the toy dog department of Field and Fancy. She was a member of the Toy Spaniel Club of America, a subsidiary club of the American Kennel Club, and which was incorporated in 1909. On Dec. 31, 1907, she declares that she resigned from the club voluntarily.

Notwithstanding this action, she says, the defendants caused the publication in The American Kennel Gazette of a letter to A. P. Vredenburg, Secretary of the American Kennel Club, which contained the allegation that she had been found guilty by the club on four charges and had been expelled.

The alleged charges were first that she had threatened to wreck the annual show of the club because its officers had refused her demand that Adele Ritchie, an actress, be named on the Bench Committee; second, that she had solicited advertising for the club's official programme of the show, from which it was accustomed to derive a large revenue, and when her request was refused had returned the moneys she had received from subscribers to them and had returned to the club her commissions, thereby causing the club great financial loss and much embarrassment; third, that she had ignored letters and telegrams from the officers of the club on this subject; fourth, that she had divulged to the press, without authority from the club's officers, information in her possession and had caused the publication of matter detrimental to the club.

The Stewart says these charges were false and malicious. The result of their publication, she said, was her suspension from the American Kennel Club, with the loss of registration for her valuable dogs, and her discharge from her editorial position on the staff of Field and Fancy. The defense is a general denial.

S. Klein Tries to Die in Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 27.—Samuel Klein of New York City was found dying today in his room with the gas jet open. Coroner Durham says Klein also is suffering from morphine poisoning, and it is believed he attempted suicide. Klein is about 60 years old. He carried a letter of credit from the Beach Fur Company of New York.

Broker Jacquelin Left $1,000,000.

HACKENSACK, Jan. 27.—The will of John H. Jacquelin of Hohokus was probated to-day by Surrogate Hester. Mr. Jacquelin was head of John H. Jacquelin & Co., Stock Exchange brokers. The family occupy the former residence of the late Joseph Jefferson. The estate is valued at $1,000,000, and is divided among the widow and children.

Moe Levy is Now the Sole Owner

Now that I have purchased the interest of my two partners, every dollar's worth of merchandise must be turned into cash to carry out my future plans. I've cut prices to be sure of this end. If you don't think you'll need any winter clothes during these next two bleak cold months, you surely should be interested in a light or medium weight suit or overcoat at about half price.

Remember, every bit of merchandise sold with the full service guarantee that you would have received at full price.

Men's Clothing

Entire Stock of Fall, Winter, Spring and Summer Suits, Overcoats, Cravenettes, etc.

Formerly Priced $10; now... $5.00
Formerly Priced $10 to $15; now... $8.00
Formerly Priced $15 to $20; now... $10.00
Formerly Priced $20 to $25; now... $12.00
Formerly Priced $25 to $30; now... $15.00
Formerly Priced $30 to $35; now... $19.00

Reductions equally as great on Men's Furnishings and Children's Clothing.

Moe Levy
119-125 WALKER ST., N. Y.
1439 BROADWAY, N. Y.

SPEAKS WELL FOR US

A customer said, I paid $18.00 for this suit at your sale four years ago. It wore satisfactorily. Why shouldn't it? It was made from one of the remnants that had been reduced from $25, $30, $40 and $50. 200 new styles added to-day.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

F. CHAUVENET'S
Red Cap
THE RED SPARKLING WINE OF FRANCE
H. F. Finlay & Co., Ltd., New York, Sole Agents for the United States.

Wallach Bros.
Third Ave. Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings.) 1195 Broadway Just below 29th St. 246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings.)
$10.00
That is a rather nice sized amount to save—and you will save exactly $10.00 on many of our $25.00 Hart, Schaffner & Marx Winter Suits and Overcoats, now reduced to $15.00.

THE NEW THEATRE Cent. Pk. W. 62d St. Phone 6800 Col.
To-day at 2. To-night at 8:15.
THE NEW THEATRE COMPANY in VANITY FAIR (Based on Thackeray's Novel) with MISS MARIE TEMPEST Guest Artist.
Next Week: Mon., Eve. (premier), also Tues., Wed., Thurs. & Sat. Eves. and Sat. Mat., The Piper. Wed. Mat. & Fri. Eve., Vanity Fair.

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.

HIPPODROME
Entire Block, 6th Ave. 43d to 44th Sts. Eve. 8. Daily Matinee at 2. Best Seats $1.00.
The International Cup | Ballet of Niagara | The Earthquake | 13 Circus Acts
DALY'S 63d St. and 7th Ave. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15. WM. FAVERSHAM in THE FAUN
Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. 34th St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15. GRACE VAN STUDDIFORD in "THE PARADISE OF MAHOMET."
William Collier's COMEDY Thurs. 41st. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:30. WILLIAM COLLIER in "I'll Be Hanged If I Do."
KLAW & ERLANGER'S 39TH ST. Thea. 39 st. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:30. BABY MINE
HACKETT 42d St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15. OVER NIGHT
Maxine Elliott's Thea. 39th East of B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-day, 2:30. THE GAMBLERS
CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:00. Matinee To-day, 2:15. MARRIAGE A LA CARTE
LYRIC 42d St. West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15. THE DEEP PURPLE
BROADWAY B'way & 41st. TUES. JAN. 31. Opening Matinee To-day. LEW FIELDS in THE HEN-PECKS
MAJESTIC Broadway & 59th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15. Prices 50c to $1.50. WAY DOWN EAST
CIRCLE B'way and 60th St. Evs. 8:15. Last Matinee To-day, 2:15. MRS. LESLIE CARTER in "TWO WOMEN."
WEST END 125th St. West of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY. Next Week—MAY IRWIN in Getting a Polish.
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
This Aft. at 1:30. Scenes of Artistic Merit. Farrar, Fornia, MM. Emmerich, Rothier, Gilly, Blanchart, Rossi, Jacoby, Cond., Toscanini.
To-night, Sun., Tues. at 7:30, Meistersinger. Mmes. Alten, Ober, Siems, Hinshaw, Mattfeld, Knupfer, MM. Soomer, Goritz, Reiss, Hinshaw, Mall, Conductor, Alwin Schroeder.
Sun. Eve., Pop. Prices, $1.00. Great Sunday Concert. Soloists: Mmes. Weidt, Fishaut, Wakefield; MM. Burrian, Sadovsky, Amato, Rappold. Entire Orchestra. Cond., Pietro Canonica.
Wed. Eve., Koenigskinder. Mmes. Farrar, Mason; MM. Whitehill, Mattfeld, Knupfer, Mme. Jomelli, Dufranne, Reiss, Hinshaw. Cond., Toscanini.
Thurs. Eve. at 7:45, Lecture-Premiere of the Philadelphia-Chicago Opera Company. Mmes. Garden, Breslau, Jomelli, Casazza, Giaconia, Scalfaro, Dimmelli; MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Warnery, Sattentino, Cehmann, Cond., General Musical Director, Cleofonte Campanini.
Wed. Eve. at 8. Semiramide. Mmes. Destinn, Gluck, Matfield, Hinshaw, Reiss; MM. Caruso, Amato, Diaz, Rossi, Hinshaw, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. Aft. at 1:30, first performance of Elektra, Mmes. Aldrich, Homer, Gluck, Alten, Sparkes, Wickham; MM. Burrian, Soomer, Goritz, Reiss, Witherspoon, Bayer, Hall. Cond., Toscanini.
Thurs. Eve. at 8, La Traviata. Mmes. Lipkowska, Mattfeld; MM. Sartorio, Amato, Rappold, Mannstedt, Audisio. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. Aft. at 1:30, Tristan and Isolde. Mmes. Fremstad, Homer; MM. Burrian, Soomer, Hinshaw, Reiss, Hinshaw, Hall. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. Aft. at 1, Girl of the Golden West. Mmes. Destinn, Jomelli; MM. Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Reiss, Didur. Cond., Rosa de Sapenta. Scenario, Hall. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. Eve. at 8, Special Performance Madame Butterfly. Mmes. Farrar, Fornia; MM. Martin, Scotti, Reiss, Bourgeois. Cond., Rodolfo Fornia.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Tues. Eve., Jan. 31, at 8:15. La Boheme. Mmes. Nielsen, Alten; MM. Bertram, Rappold, Dupuis, Pini-Corsi. Conductor, Rudolfo Ferrari.
WEBER PIANO USED.
THIS AFTERNOON AT CARNEGIE HALL. MISCHA ELMAN ONLY VIOLIN RECITAL. Tickets at Hall. Mgt. Quinlan Agency.
Belasco Theatre, 44th St. Sun. Jan. 29, 3:30. Third Sonata Recital. CLARA & DAVID MANNES
CARNEGIE HALL, SAT. AFT., FEB. 4. BUSONI
BACH—BEETHOVEN—CHOPIN—LISZT. Programme Each $2.50 to 75c. at Hall, Tyson's and Mgt. M. H. Hanson, 437 5th Av. Ordering Piano.
Hans Kronold 'Cello Recital. MENDELSSOHN HALL, February 9th, Wed. Eve.
SWEAT SHOP and HOME WORK in N. Y. City Illustrated by EXHIBIT and LANTERN SLIDES. Consumers' League of City of N. Y. Annual Meeting. Medical Dultary Meeting House, 2 W. 64th St. Tuesday, January 31, 3:30 P. M. Dr. Stephen S. Wise will Speak.
GARDEN THEATRE, Mad. Av. & 27th St. ERNST VON POSSART. To-day, 2:15, Peasant Mat. "Freund Fritz" & "Prinzessin Lieb." To-night, 8:15, Peasant & Baroness in Operetta of Fabelhaft. Last Week of Possart—Monday, "Master of Ventnitz"; Tues., His Farewell.
MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, W. 34th St. Mv. 2:30-$1. Daily Mat. 25c-50c. KITTY GORDON, Neil O'Brien & 10 others.
Hammerstein's Victoria, 42d St. Daily Mat. GERTRUDE HOFFMANN & Co. of 40, Season's Living Statues, 10 others.
IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Mats. Sun., 2:15. Comic Opera. (A Young Ladies' Boarding School) "THE FUNDSTREICHER," with VLASTA NOVOTNA.
Keith & Proctor's 5TH AVE. 28th St. & B'way. Daily Mat. 25c & 50c. VALESKA SURATT in "BOUFFON," "VARIETIES," and 6 others.
ACADEMY of Music. 10-20-30c. Mat. Daily. THE TWO ORPHANS. Mgt. WM. CRAUGHTY DICOTT "Sons of Sunshine."
ICE HOCKEY Yale vs. Princeton at 8:30. ST. NICHOLAS RINK, 66th St. & Col. Av.
COLUMBIA BURLESQUERS. To-day, 2:15. B'way & 47th. To-night, 8:15. Sec. to N. Broadway.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2:15. Ethel Barrymore in THE TEMPERAMENT OF THE "WELLS"
KNICKERBOCKER. B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2:15. MAUDE ADAMS in CHANTECLER
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Thurs. 2:20. MISS BILLIE BURKE in THE PHILOSOPHER IN THE APPLE ORCHARD
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. EDMUND BREESE in SCARECROW.
HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO presents BLANCHE BATES in NOBODY'S WIDOW.
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:30. OTIS SKINNER in THE SIRE.
BIJOU The N. Y. Times COMEDY "HENRY MILLER SUPERB IN REMARKABLE PLAY."
NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. Elsie Abeles in MADAME SHERRY
4 MATINEES MON., THURS., FRI., SAT. Jan. 30-31. RUTH ST. DENIS in her repertoire at Metropolitan Opera House. Prices $1, $1.50, $2, 75c., 50c. Mats. on Sale.
LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. "It's Charming." "It's Fascinating." "It's Irresistible." Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. Christie Macdonald in The Spring Maid
NEW YORK B'way and 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. RUS. EMMA TRENTINI in Naughty Marietta
St. Victor Herbert and His Famous Band. WITH DAVILLE HARRIS.
GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. COHAN'S GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD
JOE WEBER'S B'way, 29th St. Mats. To-day & Wed. ALMA WHERE DO YOU LIVE? with TRULY SHATTUCK and JOHN McCLOSKEY.
GRAND Opera H., 23d St. & 8th Av. Mat. To-day. THE FORTUNE HUNTER. 125 St. & 8th Av. With John Barrymore.
BURTON HOLMES PRAGUE & BOHEMIA. | SUN. EVE. at 8:30. CARNEGIE HALL. Also MON. & TUES. MATS. at 2:30. LYCEUM THEATRE.
Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way, 46 St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day & Wed. 2:15. ELSIE JANIS in The Slim Princess, with Geo. Cawthorn.
ASTOR B'way, 43d St. Evs. at 8:30. LENA ASHWELL Last Matinee To-day at 2:15. in JUDITH LORAINE. NEXT MON., Seats Now Selling. HULBROOK BLINN in "THE BOSS."
WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. THE COMEDY OF HAPPINESS POMANDER WALK
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Sol. S. Sprigin & Sir Nicholas Collossus. Alice Chandler, others.
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Addison Gamble & Co. Chas. Gerspach & Co. Williams & Walworth, others.
BRONX 149th St. Daily Mat. 25c. NAT. M. WILLS, Comedy Sketch by Self & Lessers. Others.
PLAZA 59th St. & Mad. Av. DAILY MAT. 25c. ALL STAR ACTS. CORSE PAYTON & CO. in "Lend Me Five Shillings." Tom Curtis & Co., Vesta & Assumptas, others.
AMERICAN 42d St. nr. 8th Av. Daily Mat. 25c. MLLE. OLLY & CO., Three Maidens of Selo, Gardner's Band, Geo. Primrose, Rapollo Trio, Dunbar, Alva York, Mahon & Chappelle, others.
BELASCO 44th St., nr. 8th Av. Mats. To-day & Thurs. THE NEW COMEDY "THE CONCERT"
REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wednesday, 2:15. REBECCA OF